



Crl.O.P.No.26743 of 2022

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A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA.J.

The petitioners, who apprehend arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Sections 341, 294(b), 324 and 506(ii) of IPC in Crime No.187 of 2022, seek anticipatory bail.

2.The case of the prosecution is that on account of refusing to sell the land of the defacto complainant, the petitioners have abused and intimidated him. Hence the complaint.

3.The learned counsel for the petitioners would submit that the petitioners are innocent persons and due to previous enmity, a false complaint has been given against them. Hence, he prays for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioners.

4. The learned Government Advocate (crl.side) appearing for the respondent would submit that when the petitioners have approached the defacto complainant to purchase his land, he refused to sell the same, due



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to which, the petitioners have abused and intimidated him. However, he vehemently opposed to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioners.

5. Taking note of the facts and circumstances and also of the submissions made by the learned counsel, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioners with certain conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioners are ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on their appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the **learned Judicial Magistrate, Paramathi** on condition that each of the petitioners shall execute separate bond for a sum of **Rs.25,000/- (Rupees twenty five thousand only) with two sureties** each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that :



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[a]the petitioners and the sureties shall affix their photographs and left thumb impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity;

[b] the first petitioner shall report before the respondent police every day at 10.30 a.m., for a period of four weeks and thereafter, every Saturday at 10.30 a.m., until further orders; the second petitioner shall report before the respondent police every day at 10.30 a.m., for a period of two weeks and thereafter, every Saturday at 10.30 a.m., until further orders.

[e] the petitioners shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial;

[f] the petitioners shall not abscond either during investigation or trial;

[g] on breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/ Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioners in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioners released on bail by the learned



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Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in *P.K.Shaji Vs. State of Kerala [(2005) AIR SCW 5560]*; and;

[h] if the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229-A IPC.

03.11.2022

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