



Crl.OP.No.25369 of 2022

A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA, J.

WEB COPY

The petitioner who apprehends arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Section 498A, 294(b) 323, 324, 406, 420. 506(ii) of I.P.C and 75 of JJ Act in Crime No.15 of 2022, seeks anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution as per the defacto complainant is that the petitioner who is the sister-in-law along with her husband had harassed her and demanded dowry from her. Hence, the complaint.

3. The learned counsel for the petitioner would submit that the petitioner is the sister-in-law of the defacto complainant. He would further submit that the first accused has been arrested and enlarged on bail. Hence, he prays to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl. Side) would submit that the petitioner who is the sister-in-law along with her husband had harassed her and demanded dowry from her. Hence, he vehemently opposed to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.



WEB COPY



CrI.OP.No.25369 of 2022

5. Taking into consideration the facts and the submissions made by the counsel, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail with certain conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on her appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the ***learned District Munsif Magistrate, Madhavaram, Chennai*** on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of **Rs.25,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Thousand only)** with two sureties, each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioner shall report before the respondent police on every day at 10.30 a.m for a period of two weeks and thereafter as and when required for interrogation.



Crl.OP.No.25369 of 2022

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

WEB COPY

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioner in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

19.10.2022

Vv



WEB COPY



Crl.OP.No.25369 of 2022

A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA, J.

Vv

Crl.OP.No.25369 of 2022

19.10.2022