



Crl.OP.No.25028 of 2022

A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA, J.

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The petitioner who apprehends arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Sections 294(b) and 324 of I.P.C, in Crime No.624 of 2022, seek anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution as per the defacto complainant is that the petitioners are neighbors. During quarrel, the petitioners have abused and assaulted with stones and caused injuries to him. Hence, the complaint registered against the petitioner.

3. The learned counsel for the petitioner would submit that the petitioner is an innocent and he has been falsely implicated in this case. Hence, he prays to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl. Side) would submit that during quarrel, the petitioners have abused and assaulted with stones and caused injuries to him. He would further submit that the injured has been discharged from the hospital. However, he vehemently opposed to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

5. Taking into consideration the facts and the submissions made the counsel and also the fact that the injured has been discharged from the



hospital, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail with certain conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the **learned Judicial Magistrate, Ambattur** on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of **Rs.25,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Thousand only)** with two sureties, each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioner shall report before the respondent police on every day at 10.30 a.m until further orders.

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned



CrI.OP.No.25028 of 2022

Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioner in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

17.10.2022

Vv

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Crl.OP.No.25028 of 2---

Vv

Crl.OP.No.25028 of 2022

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