



Crl.O.P.No. 24382 of 2022

SATHI KUMAR SUKUMARA KURUP., J.

The Petitioners, who apprehend arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Sections 294(b), 323, and 506(i) of . of IPC, in Crime No.370 of 2022, seek anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution is that there was family dispute between the petitioners family and the defacto complainant's family. Due to which the petitioners attacked the defacto complainant and his family members and caused injuries to them. Hence the complaint.

3. The learned counsel for the Petitioners submitted that the Petitioners are innocent persons and that they did not commit any offence as alleged by the prosecution. Hence, he prays for grant of anticipatory bail to the Petitioners.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl side) submitted that the petitioners abused the de-facto complainant and his family members in filthy language and assaulted them and caused simple injuries and the injured persons discharged from the hospital. There is also a case in counter. He would further submit that there is no previous case against the petitioners.

However, he oppose to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioners.



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5. Considering the facts and circumstances of the case and also the fact that there is no previous case pending against the Petitioners and the injured persons discharged from the hospital, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the Petitioners subject to the following conditions.

6. Accordingly, the Petitioners are ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest by the Respondent Police or the Police Officer, who intends to arrest or on the Petitioners surrender before the ***learned District Munsif cum Judicial Magistrate, Ranipet***, within a period of fifteen days from the date of receipt of a copy of this order, on executing a bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand only) each with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the ***learned District Munsif cum Judicial Magistrate, Ranipet***. Further, one of the sureties shall be a blood relative.

(a) the sureties shall affix their photographs and left thumb impression in the surety bond. The Police Officer who intends to arrest or the learned Judicial Magistrate before whom the Petitioners surrender and the sureties execute bond shall obtain a copy of their Identity Card, Aadhar Card or Voter Identity Card or Driving Licence or PAN Card or Bank Passbook with Photo affixed and attested by the Bank Manager as proof of Identity.



(b) the Petitioners shall report before the Respondent Police daily at 10.00 a.m., until further orders.

(c) the Petitioners shall not influence, threaten or coerce the witness either during investigation or trial;

(d) the Petitioners shall not abscond either during investigation or trial;

(e) on breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the Investigation Officer shall exercise the discretion to cancel the bail by approaching the Court of the learned Judicial Magistrate/Trial Court.

(f) the learned Judicial Magistrate/Trial Court shall on application for cancellation of bail bond by the Investigation Officer shall pass appropriate orders as though bail granted by the learned Judicial Magistrate/Trial Judge himself/herself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in ***P.K.Shaji Vs. State of Kerala [(2005) AIR SCW 5560]***; and;

(g) if the Accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229-A IPC.

06.10.2022

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