



Crl.O.P.No.24081 of 2022

Crl.O.P.No.24081 of 2022

A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA, J.

The petitioners, who apprehend arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Sections 294(b) and 506(i) of IPC in Crime No.469 of 2020 on the file of the respondent police, seek anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution is that due to previous enmity the petitioners have abused the de-facto complainant with filthy language and threatened him. Hence, the complaint.

3. The learned counsel appearing for the petitioners would submit that the petitioners are innocent persons and they have been falsely implicated in this case. Hence, he prays to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioners.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl.Side) would submit that due to previous enmity the petitioners have abused the de-facto complainant with filthy language and threatened him. Hence, he



Crl.O.P.No.24081 of 2022

vehemently opposed to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

WEB COPY

5. Heard the learned counsel for both sides. Taking into consideration the facts and circumstances of the case, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioners with certain conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioners are ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on their appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the **learned Judicial Magistrate Court Sholingur, Vellore District** on condition that the each of the petitioners shall execute a separate bond for a sum of **Rs.25,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Thousand only)** with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioners and the sureties shall affix their photographs



CrI.O.P.No.24081 of 2022

and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioners shall report before the respondent police **every day at 10.30 am for four weeks and thereafter every Saturday at 10.30 am until further orders.**

[c] the petitioners shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioners shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioners in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioners released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.



WEB COPY



Crl.O.P.No.24081 of 2022

A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA, J.

gd

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered
under Section 229A IPC.

11.10.2022

gd/mpl

Crl.O.P.No.24081 of 2022