

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED : 20.06.2022

CORAM :

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE PARESH UPADHYAY
AND
THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA

H.C.P.NO.1720 OF 2021

R.Mariya Dominic

...Petitioner

Vs

1.Government of Tamil Nadu represented by
The Additional Chief Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise (XVI) Department,
Fort St.George, Chennai - 600 009.

2.The Commissioner of Police,
Greater Chennai Commissioner Office,
(Goondas), Vepery,
Chennai - 600 007.

3.The Superintendent,
Special Prison for Women,
Puzhal, Chennai.

4.The Inspector of Police,
Team-28, CCB,
Greater Chennai Commissioner Office,
Vepery, Chennai - 600 007.

...Respondents

Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India to issue a writ of Habeas Corpus to call for the records relating to the impugned order of detention dated 11.09.2021 in No.260/BCDFGISSSV/2021 passed by 2nd respondent herein and quash the same and consequently direct the respondents to set forth the detainee Poulin Dominic @ Jayaseeli, aged about 47 years, W/o.Mariya Dominic, now confined in the Special Prison for Women, Puzhal, Chennai-66 and set her at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.K.Chandrakumar

For Respondents : Mr.M.Babu Muthumeeran
Addl. Public Prosecutor

ORDER

PARESH UPADHYAY, J.
and
A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA, J.

The petitioner is the husband of the detenue Poulin Dominic @ Jayaseeli, aged about 47 years, W/o.Mariya Dominic. The detenue has been detained by the second respondent by his order in No.260/BCDFGISSSV/2021 dated 11.09.2021, holding her to be a "Goonda", as contemplated under Section 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982. The said order is under challenge in this Habeas Corpus Petition.

2. We have heard the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents. We have also perused the records produced by the Detaining Authority.

3. Though several grounds have been raised in the Habeas Corpus Petition, the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would mainly focus on the ground that there is gross violation of procedural safeguards, which would vitiate the detention. The learned counsel, by placing authorities, submitted that the representation made on behalf of the petitioner was not considered in time and there was an inordinate and unexplained delay.

4. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor strongly opposed the Habeas Corpus Petition by filing his counter. He would submit that though there was delay in considering the representation, on that score alone, the impugned detention order cannot be quashed. According to the learned Additional Public Prosecutor, no prejudice has been caused to the detenue and thus, there is no violation of the fundamental rights guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India.

5. The Detention Order in question was passed on 11.09.2021. A representation was made on behalf of the petitioner on 15.09.2021. Thereafter, remarks were called for by the Government from the Detaining Authority on 07.10.2021. The remarks were duly received on 13.10.2021. Thereafter, the Government considered the matter and passed the order rejecting the representation on 29.10.2021.

6. It is the contention of the petitioner that there was a delay of 6 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority, of which, 2 days were Government Holidays and hence there was an inordinate delay of 4 days in submitting the

remarks. It is the further contention of the petitioner that the remarks were received on 13.10.2021 and there was a delay of 16 days in considering the representation by the Hon'ble Minister for Home, Prohibition and Excise Department after the Deputy Secretary dealt with it, of which, 7 days were Government Holidays, hence, there was an inordinate delay of 9 days in considering the representation.

7. In *Rekha vs. State of Tamil Nadu* (2011 (5) SCC 244), the Honourable Supreme Court has held that the procedural safeguards are required to be zealously watched and enforced by the Courts of law and their rigour cannot be allowed to be diluted on the basis of the nature of the alleged activities undertaken by the detainee.

8. In *Sumaiya vs. The Secretary to Government* (2007 (2) MWN (Cr.) 145), a Division Bench of this Court has held that the unexplained delay of three days in disposal of the representation made on behalf of the detainee would be sufficient to set aside the order of detention.

9. In *Tara Chand vs. State of Rajasthan and others*, reported in 1980 (2) SCC 321, the Honourable Supreme Court has held that any inordinate and unexplained delay on the part of the Government in considering the representation renders the very detention illegal.

10. In the subject case, admittedly, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of 4 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority and unexplained delay of 9 days in considering the representation by the Hon'ble Minister for Home, Prohibition and Excise Department. The impugned detention order is, therefore, liable to be quashed.

In the result, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and the order of detention in No.260/BCDFGISSSV/2021 dated 11.09.2021, passed by the second respondent is set aside. The detainee, viz., Poulin Dominic @ Jayaseeli, aged about 47 years, W/o.Mariya Dominic, is directed to be released forthwith unless her detention is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(CO)

// True Copy //

Sub Assistant Registrar

To

- 1.The Additional Chief Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise (XVI) Department,
Fort St.George,
Chennai - 600 009.
- 2.The Commissioner of Police,
Greater Chennai Commissioner Office,
(Goondas), Vepery,
Chennai - 600 007.
- 3.The Superintendent,
Special Prison for Women,
Puzhal, Chennai.
- 4.The Inspector of Police,
Team-28, CCB,
Greater Chennai Commissioner Office,
Vepery, Chennai - 600 007.
- 5.The Joint Secretary to Government of Tamil Nadu,
Public, Law and Order Department,
Secretariat, Chennai - 9.
- 6.The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Madras.

H.C.P.No.1720 of 2021

EV(CO)
RVM(24/06/2022)