



Crl.O.P.No.19688 of 2022

Crl.O.P.No.19688 of 2022

WEB COPY

G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN, J.

The petitioner who apprehends arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Sections 465, 468 r/w 471, 420 and 511 of IPC, in Crime No.203 of 2014, seeks anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution is that due to land dispute, the petitioner cheated the defacto complainants by creating forged documents. Hence the complaint.

3. The learned counsel for the petitioner would submit that already the petitioner was granted anticipatory bail by this Court on 24.06.2022. However, the petitioner was unable to execute the sureties within the time stipulated by this Court. Therefore, the petitioner has again filed the present petition seeking for anticipatory bail.



Crl.O.P.No.19688 of 2022

WEB COPY

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl.Side) admitted that the petitioner was earlier granted anticipatory bail by this Court. However, the petitioner has not executed the sureties as directed by Court.

5. Considering the above fact and circumstances of the case, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner with certain conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the Judicial Magistrate Court, Thiruvallur Town, on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees ten thousand only) with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:



Crl.O.P.No.19688 of 2022

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioner shall report before the respondent Police daily at 10.30 a.m for a period of two weeks and thereafter as and when required for interrogation;

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioners in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioners released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

[f] If the accused thereafter abscond, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

22.08.2022

mn



WEB COPY



Crl.O.P.No.19688 of 2022

G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN, J.

mn

Crl.O.P.No.19688 of 2022

22.08.2022