



H.C.P.No.1514 of 2021

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED: 13.07.2022

Coram

The Honourable Mr. Justice **S.VAIDYANATHAN**
and
The Honourable Mr. Justice **A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA**

H.C.P.No.1514 of 2021

Pushpavalli

.. Petitioner

Vs

- 1.State of Tamil Nadu represented by
The Secretary,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Fort St.George,
Chennai – 600 009.
- 2.The District Collector and District Magistrate,
O/o.the District Collector and District Magistrate,
Ariyalur District, Ariyalur.
- 3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Central Prison, Tiruchirappalli.
- 4.The Superintendent of Police,
Ariyalur District, Ariyalur.
- 5.The Inspector of Police,
All Women Police Station,
Jayankondam,
Ariyalur District.

.. Respondents



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Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India to issue a writ of Habeas Corpus to call for the records relating to the detention order *vide* Memo Cr.M.P.No.21/2021 dated 31.07.2021 passed by the second respondent and quash the same and direct the respondents herein to produce the petitioner's son viz., David @ Senthamizhselvan, S/o.Marudhakasi, aged 30 years, (who is presently undergoing detention in the Central Prison, Tiruchirappalli), before this Court and set him at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.M.N.Balakrishnan

For Respondents : Mr.M.Babu Muthumeeran
Addl. Public Prosecutor

ORDER

S.VAIDYANATHAN, J.

and

A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA, J.

The petitioner is the mother of the detenu David @ Senthamizhselvan, S/o.Marudhakasi, aged 30 years. The detenu has been detained by the second respondent by his order in Cr.M.P.No.21/2021 dated 31.07.2021, holding him to be a "Sexual Offender" as contemplated under Section 2(ggg) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982. The said order is under challenge in this Habeas Corpus Petition.



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2. We have heard the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents. We have also perused the records produced by the Detaining Authority.

3. Though several grounds have been raised in the Habeas Corpus Petition, the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would mainly focus on the ground that there is gross violation of procedural safeguards, which would vitiate the detention. The learned counsel, by placing authorities, submitted that the representation made on behalf of the detenu was not considered in time and there was an inordinate and unexplained delay. He would further submit that the petitioner has not been granted bail so far and charge sheet has also been filed.

4. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor strongly opposed the Habeas Corpus Petition by filing his counter. He would submit that though there was delay in considering the representation, on that score alone, the impugned detention order cannot be quashed. According to the learned Additional Public Prosecutor, no prejudice has been caused to the detenu and thus, there is no violation of the fundamental rights guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India.



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5. The Detention Order in question was passed on 31.07.2021. A representation was made on behalf of the detenu on 01.09.2021. Thereafter, remarks were called for by the Government from the Detaining Authority on 03.09.2021. The remarks were duly received on 18.10.2021. Thereafter, the Government considered the matter and passed the order rejecting the representation on 21.10.2021.

6. It is the contention of the petitioner that there was a delay of 45 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority, of which, 17 days were Government Holidays and hence there was an inordinate delay of 28 days in submitting the remarks. It is the further contention of the petitioner that the remarks were received on 18.10.2021 and there was a delay of 3 days in considering the representation by the Hon'ble Minister for Home, Prohibition and Excise Department after the Deputy Secretary dealt with it, of which, 1 day was Government Holiday, hence, there was an inordinate delay of 2 days in considering the representation.



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7. In **Rekha vs. State of Tamil Nadu (2011 (5) SCC 244)**,

the Honourable Supreme Court has held that the procedural safeguards are required to be zealously watched and enforced by the Courts of law and their rigour cannot be allowed to be diluted on the basis of the nature of the alleged activities undertaken by the detenu.

8. In **Sumaiya vs. The Secretary to Government (2007 (2) MWN (Cr.) 145)**, a Division Bench of this Court has held that the unexplained delay of three days in disposal of the representation made on behalf of the detenu would be sufficient to set aside the order of detention.

9. In **Tara Chand vs. State of Rajasthan and others**, reported in **1980 (2) SCC 321**, the Honourable Supreme Court has held that any inordinate and unexplained delay on the part of the Government in considering the representation renders the very detention illegal.

10. In the subject case, admittedly, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of 28 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority and unexplained delay of 2 days in considering the



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representation by the Hon'ble Minister for Home, Prohibition and Excise Department. The impugned detention order is, therefore, liable to be quashed.

In the result, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and the order of detention in Cr.M.P.No.21/2021 dated 31.07.2021 passed by the second respondent is set aside. The detenu, viz., David @ Senthamizhselvan, S/o.Marudhakasi, aged 30 years, is directed to be released forthwith unless his detention is required in connection with any other case.

(S.V.N., J.) (A.D.J.C., J.)
13.07.2022

Index: Yes/No
nsd



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To

- 1.The Secretary,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Fort St.George,
Chennai – 600 009.
- 2.The District Collector and District Magistrate,
O/o.the District Collector and District Magistrate,
Ariyalur District, Ariyalur.
- 3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Central Prison, Tiruchirappalli.
- 4.The Superintendent of Police,
Ariyalur District, Ariyalur.
- 5.The Inspector of Police,
All Women Police Station,
Jayankondam,
Ariyalur District.
- 6.The Joint Secretary to Government of Tamil Nadu,
Public, Law and Order Department,
Secretariat, Chennai – 9.
- 7.The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Madras.



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