



Crl.O.P.No.16790 of 2022

Crl.O.P.No.16790 of 2022

WEB COPY

G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN, J.

The petitioner who apprehends arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences under Sections 341, 323, 294(b), 392, 506(ii) of IPC, in Crime No.81 of 2022 seeks anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution is that, totally there are three accused and the petitioner is A3. It is alleged that the petitioner along with other accused waylaid the defacto complainant and robbed a sum of Rs.5,000/-. Hence, the complaint.

3. The learned counsel for the petitioner submits that the petitioner is an innocent person and he has not committed any such offence as alleged by the prosecution. Therefore, he prays to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

4. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor would submit that a sum of Rs.1,250/- has been recovered. However, he opposed to grant



Crl.O.P.No.16790 of 2022

anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

5. Considering the above fact and circumstances of the case, this Court is of the view that custodial interrogation of the petitioner is not required, since the petitioner was implicated based on the confession of A1, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner with certain conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the **District Munsif cum Judicial Magistrate, Court at Thiruvallur** on condition that the petitioner shall execute separate bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand only) with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:



Crl.O.P.No.16790 of 2022

WEB COPY

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioner shall report before the respondent police daily at 10.30 a.m., for a period of four weeks and thereafter as and when required for interrogation.

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioner in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

21.07.2022

Sma



WEB COPY



Crl.O.P.No.16790 of 2022

G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN, J.

Sma

Crl.O.P.No.16790 of 2022

21.07.2022