



WEB COPY



CrI.O.P.No.16100 of 2022

CrI.O.P.No.16100 of 2022

G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN, J.

The petitioner who apprehends arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Sections 498(A), 506(i) of IPC in Crime No.10 of 2022, seeks anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution is that on 31.08.2018, the marriage was solemnised between the petitioner's younger son and the defacto complainant. Thereafter, the defacto complainant suspect the petitioner's younger son's character and started harassment. Hence, this complaint.

3. The learned counsel for the petitioner would submit that without conducting proper enquiry, the respondent police registered the case. He further submitted that in order to wreck vengeance against the petitioner and her family, the defacto complainant lodged complaint. Therefore, he prays to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.



CrI.O.P.No.16100 of 2022

WEB COPY

4. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor submitted that the petitioner's son having illegal relationship with another one which was questioned by the defacto complainant, for which they assaulted her and abused with filthy language. Therefore, he vehemently opposed to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

5. Considering the above facts and circumstances of this case, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner with certain conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the learned Judicial Magistrate Court, Thiruchengode, Namakkal District, on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand only) with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing



CrI.O.P.No.16100 of 2022

which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioner shall appear before the respondent police as and when required for interrogation.

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioner in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.



CrI.O.P.No.16100 of 2022

WEB COPY

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

13.07.2022

ata



Crl.O.P.No.16100 of 2022

G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN, J.
ata

Crl.O.P.No.16100 of 2022

13.07.2022