



WEB COPY

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED: 28.01.2022

CORAM:

THE HON'BLE MRS.JUSTICE T.V.THAMILSELVI

Cr1.O.P.No.1300 of 2022

T.Indira

... Petitioner

Vs.

State by,
The Inspector of Police,
CCB-II, EDF-III, Team - 20-A,
Vepery, Chennai- 07.
(Crime No.197 of 2019)

...Respondent

PRAYER: Criminal Original Petition has been filed under Section 438 of Cr.P.C prayed to enlarge the petitioner on bail, in the event of his arrest by the respondent police in the case pending investigation in Crime No.197 of 2019, on the file of the respondent police.

For Petitioner : Mr.R.Ganesh Kumar

For Respondent : Mr.A.Gokulakrishnan
Additional Public Prosecutor

ORDER

The petitioner, who apprehends arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the alleged offences under Sections 406, 420, 468, 471 and 120(b), in Crime No.197 of 2019, on the file of the respondent police, seeks anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution is that, the petitioner along with other accused persons had obtained a loan by mortgaged property belonging to the defacto complainant. Further, the petitioner along with other accused persons had cheated and threatened the defacto complainant. Hence, the defacto complainant lodged a complaint against the petitioner.

3.The learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would submit that the petitioner has not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution and she has been falsely implicated in this case. The learned counsel, on instructions, would further submit that the petitioner, without prejudice to his rights, is ready to deposit the



amount of Rs.20,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty Lakhs Only) to the credit of the crime number. Hence, he prays for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

4.The learned Additional Public Prosecutor vehemently opposed for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioner stating that that the petitioner along with other accused had cheated the defacto complainant to the tune of Rs.1 Crore.

5.Considering the facts and circumstances of the case, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

6. Accordingly, the petitioner is directed to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, within a period of fifteen (15) days after lifting of lockdown or the commencement of the Court's normal functioning whichever is earlier, before the learned Judicial Magistrate No.1, Alandur on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand Only), with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned and on further condition that:

(a) the petitioner shall deposit a sum of Rs.10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Lakhs Only) to the credit of Crime No.197 of 2019 within a period of fifteen (15) days after lifting of lockdown or the commencement of the Court's normal functioning whichever is earlier before the Judicial Magistrate No.1, Alandur On such deposit being made, the learned Magistrate, shall obtain an affidavit of undertaking from the defacto complainant stating that in the event of the petitioner succeeding the case, the amount of Rs.10,00,000/- deposited by the petitioner to the credit of Crime No.197 of 2019 will be returned to the petitioner and after obtaining such affidavit of undertaking from the defacto complainant, shall disburse the said amount to the defacto complainant within a period of four weeks failing which, the anticipatory bail petition shall stands dismissed.

(b)the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and left thumb impression in the surety bond and the Court concerned may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity;

(c)the petitioner shall report before the respondent police as and when required for interrogation.

(d)the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial;

(e)the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial;



(f) on breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/ Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioner in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in P.K.Shaji Vs. State of Kerala [(2005) AIR SCW 5560]; and;

(g) if the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229-A IPC.

7. Post the matter for reporting compliance on 25.02.2022.

-sd/-

28/01/2022

This order, on being produced, be punctually observed and carried into execution by all concerned

TRUE COPY

Sub-Assistant Registrar (Statistics/C.S.)
High Court, Madras - 600 104.

TO

1 THE JUDICIAL MAGISTRATE,
NO.I, ALANDUR.

2 THE CHIEF JUDICIAL MAGISTRATE
CHENGALPATTU. [FOR INFORMATION]

3 THE INSPECTOR OF POLICE,
CCB-II, EDF-III, TEAM-20-A,
VEPERY, CHENNAI -07.

4 THE PUBLIC PROSECUTOR
HIGH COURT, MADRAS.

+1 CC to M/S R.GANESH KUMAR Advocate on payment of necessary charges SR.NO.1379

CRL OP.1300/2022

Date :28/01/2022

RW 03/02/2022