

Form No. J(2)

IN THE HIGH COURT AT CALCUTTA
Criminal Revisional Jurisdiction
Appellate Side

Present:

The Hon'ble Justice Jay Sengupta

CRR 995 of 2021

Lakshmi Paul

Vs.

State of W.B. & another

For the Petitioner : Mr. Kallol Mondal
: Mr. Krishan Ray
: Mr. Souvik Das

Heard on: 30th March, 2022

Judgment on : 30th March, 2022

The Court:

Although this is an application seeking an expeditious disposal of several execution cases filed under Section 125(3) of the Code, learned Counsel appearing on behalf of the wife/petitioner submits that the petitioner would not like to press for the same in respect of the other Misc. Execution Cases, except Misc. Execution Case No. 12 of 2019. She would

file separate revisional applications in respect of the other execution cases.

On such prayer, the application is disposed of as not pressed in respect of the other execution cases. However, the petitioner shall be at liberty to file separate revisional applications seeking expeditious disposal of the said execution cases.

Learned counsel for the petitioner further submits as follows. The original final order of maintenance allowance was passed by the learned trial Court in 2008. A revisional application was preferred by the petitioner challenging the insufficiency of the maintenance allowance granted. By an order dated 24.06.2010 passed in CRR 1780 of 2008, this Court directed the husband/opposite party to pay to the petitioner maintenance allowance at the rate of Rs. 6000/- for the wife and Rs. 3000/- for the minor daughter. It was challenged by the husband by way of Special Leave Petition before the Hon'ble Apex Court. By an order dated 20.09.2012 passed in Special Leave to Appeal (Crl) No. 7450 of 2010, the Hon'ble Supreme Court was pleased to dismiss the said application. Thereafter, the husband prayed for modification of the order and filed an application under Section 127 of the Code for alteration of the amount granted. The said application

is still pending. The wife filed another application for enhancement of maintenance under Section 127 of the Code in 2012. In 2018, the same was disposed of by the learned Trial Court awarding amounts of Rs. 6000/- for the wife and Rs. 5000/- for the minor daughter. The husband challenged the said order before the learned Sessions Judge. The said proceeding was stayed by this Court at the behest of the wife/petitioner. In the meantime, a lot of arrears had accrued in respect of the maintenance allowance payable to the wife and the child. The petitioner was constrained to file several execution cases in this regard. The present execution case has remained pending since 2018.

I have heard the submissions of the learned counsel appearing on behalf of the petitioner and have perused the revision petition.

No prejudice will be caused to anyone, if a direction is passed to expedite the proceeding.

It appears that some delay was caused in disposing of the execution case being Misc. Execution Case No. 12 of 2019.

In view of the above and in the interest of justice, I request the learned executing Court to dispose of the application as expeditiously as possible without granting any unnecessary

adjournment to any of the parties, preferably within a period of four months from the next date of hearing.

With these observations, the revisional application is disposed of.

Urgent photostat certified copies of this order may be delivered to the learned Advocates for the parties, if applied for, upon compliance of all formalities.

(Jay Sengupta,J.)