

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT PATNA
Criminal Writ Jurisdiction Case No.740 of 2022

Arising Out of PS. Case No.-418 Year-2020 Thana- BIDUPUR District- Vaishali

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RAM NARESH RAY SON OF LATE ISHWAR DAYAL RAY Resident of
Village- Basantpur Kakrahta, P.S.- Bidupur, District- Vaishali.

... .. Petitioner

Versus

1. The State of Bihar through the Principal Secretary, Home (Police) Department, Govt. of Bihar
2. The Principal Secretary, Home Department, Govt. of Bihar, Old Secretariat, Patna
3. The Director General of Police, Bihar, Patel Bhawan, Patna
4. The Inspector General of Police, Tirhut Range, Muzaffarpur
5. The Deputy Inspector General of Police, Tirhut Range, Muzaffarpur
6. The District Magistrate, Vaishali at Hajipur
7. The Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Sadar, Vaishali.
8. The Circle Officer, Sadar, Vaishali bihar
9. The Superintendent of Police, Vaishali at Hajipur
10. The Deputy Superintendent of Police, Vaishali at Hajipur
11. The S.H.O., Bidupur P.S, District- Vaishali
12. The Investigating officer of Bidupur P.S. Case No. 418/20, District- Vaishali

... .. Respondents

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Appearance :

For the Petitioner/s : Mr.

For the Respondent/s : Mr.Deepak Kumar, A.C. to G.P.4

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CORAM: HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE RAJEEV RANJAN PRASAD
ORAL ORDER

2 20-10-2022 Learned counsel for the petitioner shall remove all the defects as pointed out by the Stamp Reporter within three weeks from today.

No one appears for the petitioner.

In the present case the petitioner is praying for a direction particularly respondent nos. 11 and 12 to conduct a fair and impartial investigation of Bidupur P.S. Case No. 418 of



2020 registered under Section 147, 148, 149, 323, 324, 307, 302 of the Indian Penal Code and Section 27 of the Arms Act.

Learned counsel for the State submits that in this case altogether 10 persons have been made accused out of whom three persons have been chargesheeted vide chargesheet no. 687 of 2020. The Investigating Officer has not found the complicity of the accused (1) Birendra Prasad Singh (2) Chandra Deo Singh (3) Ajay Kumar (4) Kaushal Kishore Singh. Investigation as regards complicity of Kaushal Kishore Singh and Jitendra Singh is being examined by the expert on the basis of tower location and C.D.R. of their mobile phones. It is, thus, his submission that the petitioner is not correct in pleading that the investigation is not proceeding in impartial manner.

As regards the Bidupur P.S. Case No. 340 of 2021, it is submitted that three persons named in the F.I.R. have been arrested and against them chargesheet has been submitted vide chargesheet no. 288/2022. The complicity of the wife of Sanjeev Kumar, wife of Putul Singh, sister of Anuj Kumar, wife of Anuj Kumar, Mausam Kumar and Ritesh Kumar has not been found and as such they have not been sent up for trial. As regards them final form has been submitted.

Having regard to the averments made in the counter



affidavit and the submission of learned counsel for the State, this Court is of the considered opinion that no prima-facie material has been brought to the notice of this Court to demonstrate that the investigation is not proceeding in impartial manner. This Court, however, would direct the competent authority and the I.O. of this case to conclude the investigation as regards the complicity of the persons in whose respect the investigation is still pending in Bidupur P.S. Case No. 418 of 2020. For this purpose the competent authority as well as the competent court shall act in terms of the order dated 09.09.2022 passed in Cr.W.J.C. No. 153/2017 and other analogous matters. For a ready reference the directions contained in the order dated 09.09.2022 passed in Cr.W.J.C. No. 153/2017 are being reproduced hereunder:-

“(I) In the cases where the investigation of the case is still pending, the concerned writ petitioner/an aggrieved person (hereinafter referred to as the ‘writ petitioner’ or ‘an aggrieved person’) may file an appropriate application before the Senior Superintendent of Police/Superintendent of Police of the concerned district drawing his attention towards the pending investigation. The aggrieved person shall submit his stand by way of an application with all supporting materials in the office of Senior Superintendent of Police/Superintendent of Police or send the same through registered post/speed post/email, as the case may be. A copy of the same shall also be sent to the investigating officer of the case.

(II) On receipt of such application from the



aggrieved person, the Senior Superintendent of Police/ Superintendent of Police shall himself supervise the said case within a period of two weeks, wherever necessary he shall give a chance of hearing to the aggrieved person and all endeavours be made to consider the submissions as well as the materials produced before him.

(III) The Senior Superintendent of Police/ Superintendent of Police shall issue necessary instructions to any other supervising authority such as Dy.S.P. and also to the I.Os. of the case to complete the investigation from all angles within a reasonable period. What will be the reasonable period will depend upon the nature of the case and the kind of materials which are required to be dealt with. It is to be kept in mind that only because the Criminal Procedure Code does not provide for maximum limit within which an investigation is to be completed, it does not mean that the investigation is to be kept pending for decades. There are many judicial pronouncements of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in which the prosecution has been quashed because the investigating agency failed to complete the investigation of the case despite lapse of several years. Undue delay in completion of investigation erodes public faith and confidence in the investigating agency.

(IV) Upon receipt of a request/application /representation from a person connected with the case and aggrieved by and dissatisfied with the investigation alleging improper investigation, complaints of threat to him or his family or the witnesses by his opponents, accused or his associates, it is the Sr. Superintendent of Police/Superintendent of Police of the concerned district and the Station House Officer of the concerned police station as well as the I.O. of the case who would be duty bound to enter or caused to be entered the information in the station diary of the police station and examine or caused to be examined the threat perception of the informant and/or his family members/witnesses and take appropriate steps at the earliest, in the cases where threat



perceptions are found to be genuine, they would take immediate measures to protect the life of the person(s) under threat. Delay in examining the request/representation leading to any serious consequences shall in itself be a matter of enquiry and action against the erring police officials.

(V) As regards the grievance that accused persons are not being arrested in cases involving serious and heinous offences the Senior Superintendent of Police/Superintendent of Police/Investigating Officer shall take appropriate steps keeping in view the law and judgments of the Hon'ble Apex Court on the subject. In the matter of absconding accused the I.O. must take immediate steps to arrest him and exhaust all other procedures in accordance with law with utmost expedition.

(VI) This Court has already reproduced the extracts from judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of **Sakiri Vasu** (supra). In the light of the said judgment, this Court directs that in all these cases the learned Magistrate(s) in whose court the case is pending, shall, without seeking any application from the informant monitor the investigation. They are fully competent to take a view as to whether a proper investigation is taking place or not. Learned Magistrates are expected to exercise their powers under Section 156(3) Cr.P.C. to ensure that investigation of the case pending before the learned Magistrate is duly investigated. If it is found that the Investigating Officer is not proceeding with the investigation expeditiously and is keeping the same pending without rhyme or reason and in the opinion of the learned Magistrate it is found to be a case of inaction on the part of the Investigating Officer, the learned Magistrate would be well within his powers to direct the Senior Superintendent of Police/Superintendent of Police to change the Investigating Officer, to supervise the case himself by the Senior Superintendent of Police/Superintendent of Police and to take appropriate measures in accordance with law. While exercising his



power under Section 156(3) Cr.P.C., the learned Magistrate shall definitely monitor the investigation, though he cannot investigate the case himself and will not act as supervisory authority but it is certainly within his domain to ensure that the investigation is done properly and for this purpose without interfering with the power of the Investigating Officer or the Supervising Authority to conduct an investigation, the learned Magistrate may issue appropriate directions which in his opinion is required for conduct of proper investigation. What would be the nature of such direction(s) in a given case cannot be put in a straight jacket formula and it is for the learned Magistrate to look into this aspect of the matter on case to case basis. An application filed by an aggrieved person with prior service of copy upon the learned Public Prosecutor/A.P.P. seeking directions for proper investigation must be heard expeditiously and the same be disposed of within a period of 30 days from the date on which such application is moved before the learned Magistrate on the first date. If the learned Magistrate fails to exercise his power under Section 156(3) Cr.P.C. either on his own or on filing of the application by the aggrieved person, an appropriate application may be brought before this Court for an order/direction and monitoring as the case may be.

(VII) If any of the directions issued by the learned Magistrate in accordance with the order of this Court as stated above to the Senior Superintendent of Police/Superintendent of Police/investigating officer, unless otherwise interfered with by a competent court of law, is not given effect to by the concerned authorities, it will be taken to be a case of contempt of this Court and the learned Magistrate may inform this Court as regards the willful disobedience or disregard shown to the order/orders, direction/directions issued by him in terms of this judgment. In such circumstance an aggrieved person may also file an application seeking initiation of contempt.

(VIII) All the stake-holders in the present writ applications shall act accordingly. A copy of this order be



sent to the Director General of Police, Bihar to enable him
to issue necessary instructions at the earliest.”

This application stands disposed of accordingly.

Certified copy of this order shall be made available
only after removal of the defects.

(Rajeev Ranjan Prasad, J)

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Note: The ordersheet duly signed has been attached with the record. However, in view of the present arrangements, during Pandemic period all concerned shall act on the basis of the copy of the order uploaded on the High Court website under the heading 'Judicial Orders Passed During The Pandemic Period'.

