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H.C.P.(MD) No.585 of 2021

BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED : 26.10.2021

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE V. BHARATHIDASAN

and

THE HONOURABLE MRS.JUSTICE S.ANANTHI

H.C.P. (MD) No.585 of 2021

Ramjan Begum

... Petitioner/Mother of the Detenu

-Vs-

1.State of Tamil Nadu,
rep. by the Additional Chief Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Secretariat,
Chennai-600009.

2.The District Collector and District Magistrate,
Tenkasi District,
Tenkasi.

3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Central Prison,
Palayamkottai,
Tirunelveli.

... Respondents

PRAYER: Petition is filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying for the issue of a Writ of Habeas Corpus, calling for the entire records connected with the detention order passed in M.H.S.Confdl.No.22/2021 dated 01.04.2021 on the file of the second respondent herein and quash the same and direct the respondents to produce the detenu or body of the detenu namely, Ajmalali @ Kasap, S/o.Liyakathali, aged about 21 years, now detained at the Central Prison, Palayamkottai, before this Court and set him at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.N.Pragalathan

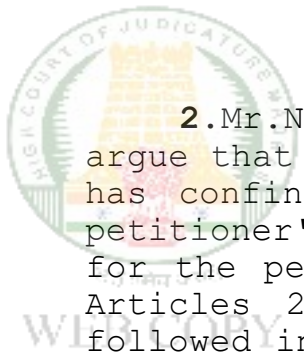
For Respondents : Mr.S.Ravi

Additional Public Prosecutor

O R D E R

(Order of the Court was made by S.ANANTHI, J.)

This habeas corpus petition has been filed by the mother of the detenu, namely, Ajmalali @ Kasap, S/o.Liyakathali, aged about 21 years, challenging the detention order in M.H.S.Confdl.No.22/2021 dated 01.04.2021 passed by the second respondent, branding him as "Goonda" as contemplated under Section 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982.



2.Mr.N.Pragalathan, learned counsel for the petitioner, would argue that even though the petitioner has raised several grounds, he has confined his arguments only to the delay in disposal of the petitioner's representation. It is submitted by the learned counsel for the petitioner that the procedural safeguards guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India have not been followed in this case and there is unexplained and inordinate delay in disposal of the petitioner's representation, which would vitiate the impugned order of detention.

3.Mr.S.Ravi, learned Additional Public Prosecutor, while reiterating the counter affidavit filed by the second respondent, submitted that after satisfying with the materials placed by the Sponsoring Authority, the Detaining Authority has passed the detention order and there is no illegality or infirmity in the detention order. It is also stated that even if there is any delay in disposal of the representation, it has not caused any prejudice to the rights of the detenu and hence, prayed for dismissal of the habeas corpus petition.

4.Heard both sides and perused the materials available on record.

5.In the instant case, the proforma has been furnished by the learned Additional Public Prosecutor. The proforma would indicate that as against the impugned detention order, the petitioner has made a representation to the 1st respondent on 15.04.2021 which was received on 19.04.2021. Remarks on the said representation were called for on 19.04.2021 and it was received on 03.06.2021. The Deputy Secretary concerned has dealt with the representation on 03.06.2021 and the Hon'ble Minister concerned has dealt with the representation on 05.06.2021 and finally, the representation came to be rejected on 26.07.2021. It is seen that in between 19.04.2021 and 03.06.2021, there was a delay of 44 days. After excluding the government holidays of 13 days, there was a delay of 31 days in considering the petitioner's representation.

6.At this juncture, it is useful to refer the decision of the Honourable Apex Court in the case of **Rajammal vs. State of Tamil Nadu and another**, reported in **1999 (1) SCC 417**, wherein the Apex Court has observed and held that it is for the Authority concerned to explain the delay, if any, in disposal of the representation and if any delay was caused on account of nay indifference or lapse in considering the representation, such delay will adversely affect further detention of the prisoner.

7.In the case on hand, as stated supra, the delay of 31 days in considering the representation of the petitioner has not been properly explained by the respondents. Hence, in our considered view, the detention order is liable to be set aside solely on the



ground of delay by following the decision of the Honourable Apex Court referred supra.

8.In fine, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The detention order in M.H.S.Confdl.No.22/2021 dated 01.04.2021 passed by the second respondent, is set aside. Consequently, the detenu, Ajmalali @ Kasap, S/o.Liyakathali, aged about 21 years, who is now detained at Central Prison, Palayamkottai, is directed to be released forthwith unless his presence or custody or detention is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar (CS III)

// True Copy //

/ /2021

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

cm/csm

Note:In view of the present lock down owing to COVID-19 pandemic, a web copy of the order may be utilized for official purposes, but, ensuring that the copy of the order that is presented is the correct copy, shall be the responsibility of the advocate / litigant concerned.

To

- 1.The Additional Chief Secretary to Government,
State of Tamil Nadu,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Secretariat,
Chennai-600009.
- 2.The Joint Secretary to Government,
State of Tamil Nadu,
Public (Law & Order),
Fort St.George,
Chennai.
- 3.The District Collector and District Magistrate,
Tenkasi District,
Tenkasi.
- 4.The Superintendent of Prison,
Central Prison,
Palayamkottai,
Tirunelveli.



5.The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.

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ORDER MADE IN
H.C.P.(MD) No.585 of 2021
DATED : 26.10.2021

SRK(CO)
RS/UV (08.11.2021) 4P 6C