



WEB COPY

BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED : 16.07.2021

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE K.KALYANASUNDARAM

and

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE B.PUGALENDHI

H.C.P. (MD) No.598 of 2021

T.Joseph Mersalin ... Petitioner/Father of the Detenue

-vs-

1.State of Tamil Nadu, rep. by
The Principal Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Secretariat,
Chennai - 600 009.

2.The District Magistrate and District Collector,
O/o the District Magistrate and District Collector,
Pudukkottai District,
Pudukkottai.

3.The Superintendent,
Central Prison,
Tiruchirappalli. ... Respondents

PRAYER: Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India, to issue a writ of habeas corpus calling for the entire records in detention order passed in P.D.O.No.03/2021 dated 04.02.2021 on the file of the 2nd respondent herein and set aside the same as illegal and direct the respondents to produce the body or person of the petitioner's son namely, Francis Prithiviraj, S/o Joseph Mersalin, male, aged 25 years, who is detained in Central Prison, Tiruchirappalli before this Court and set him at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.KAS.Prabhu

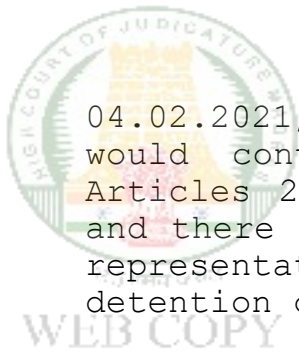
For Respondents : Mr.S.Ravi
Standing Counsel for Tamil Nadu Government

O R D E R

[Order of the Court was made by K.KALYANASUNDARAM, J.]

The Habeas Corpus Petition has been filed by the father of the detenu, namely, Francis Prithiviraj, male, aged about 25 years, son of Joseph Mersalin, who has been branded as "Goonda" by the second respondent in P.D.O.No.03/2021 dated 04.02.2021 as contemplated under Section 2(f) of the Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982.

2.Though several grounds have been raised challenging the impugned order of detention passed by the second respondent, dated
<https://hcservices.ecourts.gov.in/hcservices/>



04.02.2021, Mr.K.A.S.Prabhu, learned counsel for the petitioner would contend that the procedural safeguards guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India has been violated and there is an inordinate and unexplained delay in considering the representation of the petitioner and on this sole ground, the detention order is liable to be set aside.

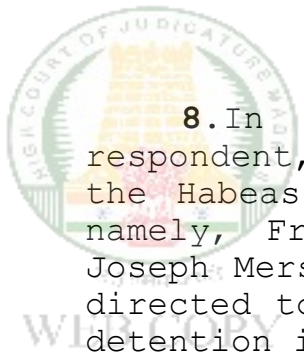
3.Per contra, Mr.S.Ravi, learned Standing Counsel appearing for the State would argue that the detaining authority, namely, the second respondent herein, after being satisfied with the materials produced by the sponsoring authority, has passed the detention order only to prevent the detenu from indulging in similar offence in future, which would prejudice to the maintenance of the public order. He would further state that the delay, if any, in considering the representation would not cause any prejudice to the detenu and there is no infirmity or irregularity in the order of detention passed by the second respondent. Hence, he prayed for dismissal of the Habeas Corpus Petition.

4.We have heard the rival submissions and perused the materials available on records.

5.In the instant case, it is not in dispute that the detenu was detained by the order of the second respondent dated 04.02.2021. Aggrieved over the same, a representation dated 12.04.2021 has been sent to the first respondent and the same was received on 15.04.2021 and on the same day, remarks were called for and the same was received on 28.04.2021. The Deputy Secretary dealt with the matter on 28.04.2021. The concerned Minister dealt with the matter on 30.04.2021 and thereafter, the detenu's representation was rejected on 06.05.2021. It is seen that there was delay of 12 days between 15.04.2021 and 28.04.2021 and 3 days between 30.04.2021 and 04.05.2021. It is also seen that there are 7 Government holidays and after excluding the same, there is a delay of 8 days in considering the representation of the detenu.

6.In the case of **Rajammal vs. State of Tamil Nadu and another (1999 (1) SCC 417)** the Honourable Apex Court observed and held that it is for the authority concerned to explain the delay, if any, in disposal of the representation and if any delay was caused on account of any indifference or lapse in considering the representation, such delay will adversely affect further detention of the prisoner.

7. In the case on hand, there is absolutely no explanation for the delay of 8 days in considering the representation of the detenu. Hence, in our considered view, the detention order is liable to be set aside solely on the ground of delay by following the decision of the Honourable Apex Court referred supra.



8.In fine, the order of detention passed by the second respondent, in P.D.O.No.03/2021 dated 04.02.2021 is set aside and the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. Consequently, the detenu, namely, Francis Prithiviraj, male, aged about 25 years, son of Joseph Mersalin, now detained at Central Prison, Tiruchirappalli is directed to be released forthwith unless his presence or custody or detention is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar (AE)

// True Copy //

/ /2021

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

skn

Note :

In view of the present lock down owing to COVID-19 pandemic, a web copy of the order may be utilized for official purposes, but, ensuring that the copy of the order that is presented is the correct copy, shall be the responsibility of the advocate / litigant concerned.

To

- 1.The Principal Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Secretariat, Chennai - 600 009.
- 2.The District Magistrate and District Collector,
O/o the District Magistrate and District Collector,
Pudukkottai District, Pudukkottai.
- 3.The Superintendent,
Central Prison, Tiruchirappalli.
- 4.The Joint Secretary to Government,
Public (Law & Order),
Fort St.George,
Chennai 600 009.
- 5.The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.

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