



BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED :05.10.2021

CORAM:

**THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE V. BHARATHIDASAN**  
**and**  
**THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE R. PONGIAPPAN**

**H.C.P. (MD) No.244 of 2021**

Pandiarajan @ Othakkan Pandiarajan ... Petitioner/ detenu  
-Vs-

1. The Principal Secretary to Government,  
State of Tamil Nadu  
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,  
Fort St. George,  
Chennai-600 009.

2. The Commissioner of Police,  
Office of the Commissioner of Police,  
Madurai City,  
Madurai.

3. The Superintendent of Prison,  
Madurai Central Prison,  
Madurai.

...Respondents

**PRAYER** : Petition is filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying for the issue of a Writ of Habeas Corpus, calling for the entire records, connected with the detention order of the respondent No.2 in No.12/BCDFGISSSV/2021 dated 30.01.2021 and quash the same and direct the respondents to produce the body or person of the detenu by name Pandiarajan @ Othakkan Pandiarajan, S/o.Nagaraj, aged about 35 years, now detained as "Goonda" at Madurai Central Prison before this court and set him at liberty.

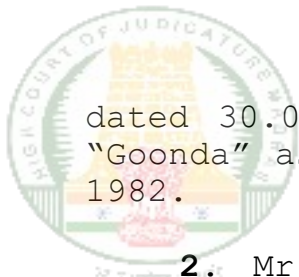
For Petitioner : Mr.R.Alagumani

For Respondents : Mr.S.Ravi  
Additional Public Prosecutor

**O R D E R**

**(Order of the Court was made by R.PONGIAPPAN, J.)**

This habeas corpus petition has been filed by the detenu, namely, Pandiarajan @ Othakkan Pandiarajan, S/o.Nagaraj, aged about 35 years, challenging the detention order in No.12/BCDFGISSSV/2021



dated 30.01.2021 passed by the second respondent, branding him as "Goonda" as contemplated under Section 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982.

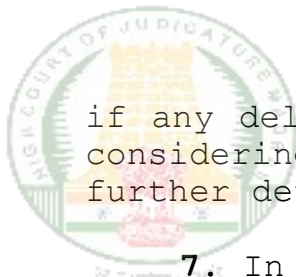
2. Mr.R.Alagumani, learned counsel for the petitioner, would argue that even though the petitioner has raised several grounds, he has confined his arguments only to the delay in disposal of the petitioner's representation. It is submitted by the learned counsel for the petitioner that the procedural safeguards guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India have not been followed in this case and there is unexplained and inordinate delay in disposal of the petitioner's representation, which would vitiate the impugned order of detention.

3. Mr.Ravi, learned Additional Public Prosecutor, while reiterating the counter affidavit filed by the second respondent, submitted that after satisfying with the materials placed by the Sponsoring Authority, the Detaining Authority has passed the detention order and there is no illegality or infirmity in the detention order. It is also stated that even if there is any delay in disposal of the representation, it has not caused any prejudice to the rights of the detenu and hence, prayed for dismissal of the habeas corpus petition.

4. Heard both sides and perused the materials available on record.

5. In the instant case, the proforma has been furnished by the learned Additional Public Prosecutor. The proforma would indicate that as against the impugned detention order, the petitioner has made a representation to the 1<sup>st</sup> respondent on 04.02.2021 which was received on 10.02.2021. Remarks on the said representation were called for on 10.02.2021 and it was received on 16.02.2021. The Deputy Secretary concerned has dealt with the representation on 17.02.2021 and the Hon'ble Minister concerned has dealt with the representation on 25.02.2021 and finally, the representation came to be rejected on 25.02.2021. It is seen that in between 10.02.2021 and 16.02.2021, there is a delay of 5 days. After excluding the government holidays of 2 days, there is a delay of 3 days in the I part and in between 17.02.2021 and 25.02.2021, there was a delay of 7 days, after excluding the Government Holidays of 2 days, there was a delay of 5 days in the II Part and totally there was a delay of 8 days in considering the petitioner's representation.

6. At this juncture, it is useful to refer the decision of the Honourable Apex Court in the case of **Rajammal vs. State of Tamil Nadu and another**, reported in **1999 (1) SCC 417**, wherein the Apex Court has observed and held that it is for the Authority concerned to explain the delay, if any, in disposal of the representation and



if any delay was caused on account of nay indifference or lapse in considering the representation, such delay will adversely affect further detention of the prisoner.

7. In the case on hand, as stated supra, the delay of 8 days in considering the representation of the petitioner has not been properly explained by the respondents. Hence, in our considered view, the detention order is liable to be set aside solely on the ground of delay by following the decision of the Honourable Apex Court referred supra.

8. In fine, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The detention order in No.12/BCDFGISSSV/2021 dated 30.01.2021 passed by the second respondent, is set aside. Consequently, the detenu, Pandiarajan @ Othakkan Pandiarajan, S/o. Nagaraj, aged about 35 years, who is now detained at Central Prison, Madurai, is directed to be released forthwith unless his presence or custody or detention is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar (AE)

// True Copy //

/ /2021

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

PM/JBR

**Note :**

In view of the present lock down owing to COVID-19 pandemic, a web copy of the order may be utilized for official purposes, but, ensuring that the copy of the order that is presented is the correct copy, shall be the responsibility of the advocate / litigant concerned.

To

1. The Principal Secretary to Government,  
State of Tamil Nadu  
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,  
Fort St.George, Chennai-600 009.
2. The Commissioner of Police,  
Office of the Commissioner of Police,  
Madurai City, Madurai.
3. The Superintendent of Prison,  
Madurai Central Prison,  
Madurai.



4. The Joint Secretary to Government,  
Public (Law & Order),  
Fort saint George, Chennai-600 009.

5. The Additional Public Prosecutor,  
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,  
Madurai.

H.C.P.(MD) No.244 of 2021

DATED : 05.10.2021

\_RD(18.10.2021) 4P 6C