



BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED : 23.07.2021

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE K.KALYANASUNDARAM
and
THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE B.PUGALENDHI
H.C.P.(MD) No.241 of 2021

Subash ... Petitioner/Brother of the Detenu

vs.

1.The Additional Chief Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
State of Tamil Nadu,
Fort St. George,
Chennai-600 009.

2.The District Collector and District Magistrate,
O/o. The District Collector and District Magistrate,
Tirunelveli District,
Tirunelveli.

3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Palayamkottai Central Prison,
Tirunelveli District. ... Respondents

PRAYER : Petition is filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying for the issue of a Writ of Habeas Corpus, calling for the entire records connected with the detention order of the second respondent in M.H.S.Confdl.No.122 of 2020, dated 18.12.2020 and quash the same and direct the respondents to produce the detenu by name Madasamy @ Mahesh, son of Ganesan, aged about 25 years, now detained in Palayamkottai Central Prison, before this Court and set him at liberty forthwith.

For Petitioner : Mr.R.Vinoth Bharathi

For Respondents : Mr.T.Senthil Kumar
Standing counsel for Government

O R D E R

(Order of the Court was made by K.KALYANASUNDARAM, J.)

This habeas corpus petition has been filed by the brother of the detenu, namely, Madasamy @ Mahesh, son of Ganesan, aged about 25 years against the detention order passed by the second respondent, in M.H.S.Confdl.No.122 of 2020, dated 18.12.2020 branding him as



'Goonda' as contemplated under Section 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act, 14 of 1982.

2. Mr.R.Vinoth Bharathi, learned counsel appearing for the petitioner, would argue that even though the petitioner has raised several grounds, he has confined his arguments only to the delay in disposal of the petitioner's representation. It is submitted by the learned counsel for the petitioner that the procedural safeguards guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India have not been followed in this case and there is unexplained and inordinate delay in disposal of the petitioner's representation, which would vitiate the impugned order of detention.

3. Mr.T.Senthil Kumar, learned Standing counsel appearing for the respondents, on instructions, submitted that after satisfying with the materials placed by the Sponsoring Authority, the Detaining Authority has passed the detention order and there is no illegality or infirmity in the detention order. It is also stated that even if there is any delay in disposal of the representation, it has not caused any prejudice to the rights of the detenu and hence, prayed for dismissal of the habeas corpus petition.

4. Heard the learned counsel appearing on either side and perused the materials available on record.

5. In the instant case, the proforma furnished by the learned Standing counsel would indicate that as against the impugned detention order, the petitioner made a representation to the first respondent on 23.12.2020 and it was received on 01.02.2021. Remarks were called for on the same day i.e. 01.02.2021 and it was received on 17.02.2021. The Deputy Secretary dealt with the matter on 18.02.2021. The concerned Minister dealt with the matter on 25.02.2021 and the representation came to be rejected on 25.02.2021. It is seen that in between 01.02.2021 and 17.02.2021 and in between 18.02.2021 to 25.02.2021, there was a delay of 15 days, after excluding the Government Holidays of 6 days, in considering the petitioner's representation.

6. At this juncture, it is useful to refer the decision of the Honourable Apex Court in the case of **Rajammal vs. State of Tamil Nadu and another**, reported in **1999 (1) SCC 417**, wherein the Apex Court has observed and held that it is for the Authority concerned to explain the delay, if any, in disposal of the representation and if any delay was caused on account of nay indifference or lapse in considering the representation, such delay will adversely affect further detention of the prisoner.

7. In the case on hand, as stated supra, the delay of 15 days in considering the representation of the petitioner has not been properly explained by the respondents. Hence, in our considered



view, the detention order is liable to be set aside solely on the ground of delay by following the decision of the Honourable Apex Court referred supra.

8. In fine, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The detention order made in M.H.S.Confdl.No.122 of 2020, dated 18.12.2020, passed by the second respondent, is set aside. Consequently, the detenu, namely, Madasamy @ Mahesh, son of Ganesan, aged about 25 years, who is now detained at Central Prison, Palayamkottai, is directed to be released forthwith unless his presence or custody or detention is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar (CS I)

// True Copy //

/ /2021

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

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Note :

In view of the present lock down owing to COVID-19 pandemic, a web copy of the order may be utilized for official purposes, but, ensuring that the copy of the order that is presented is the correct copy, shall be the responsibility of the advocate / litigant concerned.

To

- 1.The Additional Chief Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
State of Tamil Nadu,
Fort St. George,
Chennai-600 009.
- 2.The District Collector and District Magistrate,
O/o. The District Collector and District Magistrate,
Tirunelveli District,
Tirunelveli.
- 3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Palayamkottai Central Prison,
Tirunelveli District.
- 4.The Joint Secretary to Government Public(Law & Order)
Fort St. George, Chennai-9.

<https://hcservices.ecourts.gov.in/hcservices/>



5.The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.

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MGJ(03.08.2021) 4P 6C

ORDER MADE IN
H.C.P. (MD) No.241 of 2021
23.07.2021