

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED: 21.06.2021

Coram

The Honourable Mr. Justice P.N.PRAKASH
and
The Honourable Mr. Justice R.PONGIAPPAN

H.C.P.No.2349 of 2020

Saravanan

.. Petitioner

Vs.

1.State of Tamil Nadu represented by
The Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Secretariat, Chennai - 600 009.

2.The District Collector and District Magistrate,
Tirupathur District, Tirupathur.

3.The Superintendent of Police,
Tirupathur District, Tirupathur.

4.The Inspector of Police,
Taluk Police Station,
Vaniyampadi, Tirupathur District.

5.The Superintendent of Prison,
Special Prison for Women,
Vellore.

.. Respondents

Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India to issue a writ of Habeas Corpus to call for the entire records relating to the petitioner's mother detention under Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982 vide detention order dated 16.11.2020 on the file of the second respondent herein made in proceedings C3/D.O.No.52/2020 and quash the same as illegal and consequently direct the respondents herein to produce the petitioner's mother viz., Rani, wife of Sivalingam, aged about 55 years, before this Court and set her at liberty forthwith from Special Prison for Women, Vellore.

For Petitioner : Mr.C.C.Chellappan

For Respondents : Mr.R.Muniyapparaj
Govt. Advocate (Crl.Side)

ORDER

[Order of the Court was made by P.N.PRAKASH, J.]

The petitioner is the son of the detenue viz., Rani, wife of Sivalingam, aged about 55 years. The detenue has been detained by the second respondent in C3/D.O.No.52/2020 dated 16.11.2020, holding her to be a "Drug Offender", as contemplated under Section 2(e) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982. The said order is under challenge in this Habeas Corpus Petition.

2. We have heard the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner and the learned Government Advocate (Crl.Side) appearing for the respondents. We have also perused the records produced by the Detaining Authority.

3. Though several grounds have been raised in the Habeas Corpus Petition, the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would mainly focus his argument on the ground that there is gross violation of procedural safeguards, which would vitiate the detention. The learned counsel, by placing authorities, submitted that the representation made by the petitioner was not considered on time and there was an inordinate and unexplained delay.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl.Side) opposed the Habeas Corpus Petition. He would submit that though there was delay in considering the representation, on that score alone, the impugned detention order cannot be quashed. According to the learned Government Advocate (Crl.Side), no prejudice has been caused to the detenue and thus, there is no violation of the fundamental rights guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India.

5. The Detention Order in question was passed on 16.11.2020. The petitioner made a representation 27.11.2020. Thereafter, remarks were called for by the Government from the Detaining Authority on 01.12.2020. The remarks were duly received on 17.12.2020. Thereafter, the Government considered the matter and passed the order rejecting the petitioner's representation on 11.01.2021.

6. It is the contention of the petitioner that there was a delay of 16 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority, of which 4 days were Government Holidays and hence there was an inordinate delay of 12 days in submitting the remarks. It is the further contention of the petitioner that the remarks were received on 17.12.2020 and there was a delay of 23 days in considering the representation by the Hon'ble Minister for Electricity, Prohibition and Excise Department after the Deputy Secretary dealt with it, of which 9 days were Government

Holidays, hence, there was inordinate delay of 14 days in considering the representation.

7. In *Rekha vs. State of Tamil Nadu* (2011 (5) SCC 244), the Honourable Supreme Court has held that the procedural safeguards are required to be zealously watched and enforced by the Courts of law and their rigour cannot be allowed to be diluted on the basis of the nature of the alleged activities undertaken by the detainee.

8. In *Sumaiya vs. The Secretary to Government* (2007 (2) MWN (Cr.) 145), a Division Bench of this Court has held that the unexplained delay of three days in disposal of the representation made on behalf of the detainee would be sufficient to set aside the order of detention.

9. In *Tara Chand vs. State of Rajasthan and others*, reported in 1980 (2) SCC 321, the Honourable Supreme Court has held that any inordinate and unexplained delay on the part of the Government in considering the representation renders the very detention illegal.

10. In the subject case, admittedly, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of 12 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority and unexplained delay of 14 days in considering the representation by the Hon'ble Minister for Electricity, Prohibition and Excise Department. The impugned detention order is, therefore, liable to be quashed.

In the result, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and the order of detention in C3/D.O.No.52/2020 dated 16.11.2020, passed by the second respondent is set aside. The detainee, viz., Rani, wife of Sivalingam, aged about 55 years, is directed to be released forthwith unless his detention is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar

//True Copy//

Sub Assistant Registrar

nsd

To

1.The Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Secretariat, Chennai - 600 009.

2.The District Collector and District Magistrate,
Tirupathur District, Tirupathur.

3.The Superintendent of Police,
Tirupathur District, Tirupathur.

4.The Superintendent of Prison,
Special Prison for Women,
Vellore.

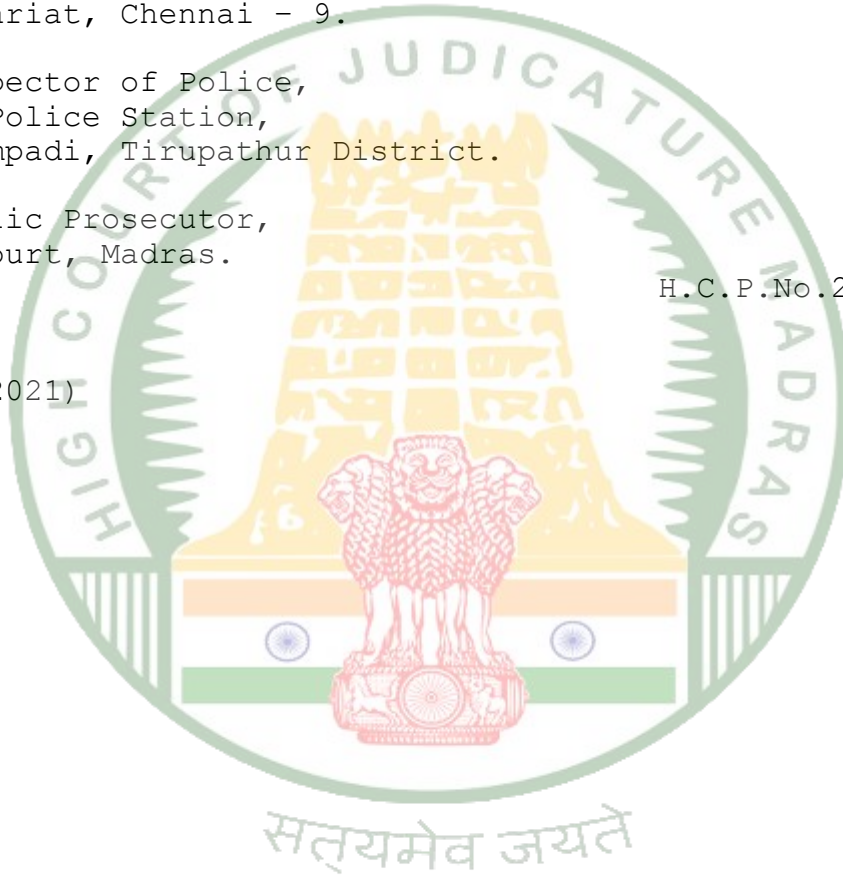
5.The Joint Secretary to Government of Tamil Nadu,
Public, Law and Order Department,
Secretariat, Chennai - 9.

6.The Inspector of Police,
Taluk Police Station,
Vaniyampadi, Tirupathur District.

7.The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Madras.

H.C.P.No.2349 of 2020

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