



IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED 13.08.2021

CORAM

THE HONOURABLE Mr.JUSTICE P.N.PRAKASH
AND
THE HONOURABLE Ms.JUSTICE R.N.MANJULA

H.C.P.No.491 of 2021

Subaitha Begum .. Petitioner /Wife of the detenue
Vs.

1.The State
Rep. by its Secretary to Government
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department
Fort St. George, Chennai-9

2.The District Magistrate and District Collector
Thirupur District
Thirupur

3.The Superintendent of Police
Thirupur District

4.The Superintendent of Prison
Coimbatore Central Prison
Coimbatore

5.The Inspector of Police
Udumalaipettai Police Station
Thirupur District

.. Respondents

Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India, praying to issue a WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS calling for the records leading to the detention of the petitioner's husband viz., Ameer Amja, aged about 38 years, S/o.Late Abdul Majeeth, under Act14/1982 vide detention order dated 29.01.2021 on the file of the 2nd respondent made in proceedings in Cr.M.P.No.03/Goonda/2021, quash the same, consequently direct the respondents herein to produce the body and person of Ameer Amja, aged about 38 years, S/o.Late Abdul Majeeth, who is lodged at Central Prison, Coimbatore, before this Hon'ble Court and set him at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.C.D.Sugumar

For Respondents : Mr.R.Muniyapparaj

Government Advocate (Crl. Side)



O R D E R

[Order of the Court was made by R.N.MANJULA, J.]

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The petitioner is the wife of the detenu viz., Ameer Amja, aged about 38 years, S/o.Late Abdul Majeeth. The detenu has been detained by the 2nd respondent by his order dated 29.01.2021 in Cr.M.P.No. 03/Goonda/2021, holding him to be a "GOONDA", as contemplated under Section 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982. The said order is under challenge in this Habeas Corpus Petition.

2. We have heard the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner and the learned Government Advocate (Crl. Side) appearing for the respondents. We have also perused the records produced by the Detaining Authority.

3. Though several grounds have been raised in the Habeas Corpus Petition, the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would mainly focus his argument on the ground that there is gross violation of procedural safeguards, which would vitiate the detention. The learned counsel, by placing authorities, submitted that the representation made by the petitioner was not considered on time and there was an inordinate and unexplained delay.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl. Side) strongly opposed the Habeas Corpus Petition. He would submit that though there was delay in considering the representation, on that score alone, the impugned detention order cannot be quashed. According to the learned Government Advocate (Crl. Side), no prejudice has been caused to the detenu and thus, there is no violation of the fundamental rights guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India.

5. The Detention Order in question was passed on 29.01.2021. The petitioner made a representation on 03.03.2021. Thereafter, remarks were called for by the Government from the Detaining Authority on 05.03.2021. The remarks were duly received on 17.03.2021. Thereafter, the Government considered the matter and passed the order rejecting the petitioner's representation on 15.04.2021.

6. It is the contention of the petitioner that there was a delay of 12 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority, of which 4 days were Government Holidays and hence, there was an inordinate delay of 8 days in submitting the remarks. It is the further contention of the petitioner that the remarks were received on 17.03.2021 and there was a delay of 26 days in considering the representation by the Hon'ble



Minister for Electricity, Prohibition and Excise Department after the Deputy Secretary dealt with it, of which 9 days were Government Holidays, hence, there was inordinate delay of 17 days in considering the representation.

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7. In *Rekha Vs. State of Tamil Nadu* [2011 (5) SCC 244], the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that the procedural safeguards are required to be zealously watched and enforced by the Courts of law and their rigour cannot be allowed to be diluted on the basis of the nature of the alleged activities undertaken by the detenu.

8. In *Sumaiya Vs. The Secretary to Government* [2007 (2) MWN (Cr.) 145], a Division Bench of this Court has held that the unexplained delay of three days in disposal of the representation made on behalf of the detenu would be sufficient to set aside the order of detention.

9. In *Tara Chand Vs. State of Rajasthan and others*, reported in [1980 (2) SCC 321], the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that any inordinate and unexplained delay on the part of the Government in considering the representation renders the very detention illegal.

10. In the subject case, admittedly, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of 8 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority and unexplained delay of 17 days in considering the representation by the Hon'ble Minister for Electricity, Prohibition and Excise Department. The impugned detention order is, therefore, liable to be quashed.

In the result, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and the order of detention in Cr.M.P.No.03/Goonda/2021 dated 29.01.2021, passed by the 2nd respondent is set aside. The detenu viz., Ameer Amja, aged about 38 years, S/o.Late Abdul Majeeth, is directed to be released forthwith unless his detention is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(CCC)

//True Copy//

Sub Assistant Registrar

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To

1.The Secretary to Government
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department
Fort St. George, Chennai-9



2.The Joint Secretary to Government
Public, Law and Order Department
Secretariat, Chennai-9

3.The District Magistrate and District Collector
Thirupur District
Thirupur

4.The Superintendent of Police
Thirupur District

5.The Superintendent of Prison
Coimbatore Central Prison
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6.The Inspector of Police
Udumalaipettai Police Station
Thirupur District

7.The Public Prosecutor
High Court, Madras

H.C.P.No.491 of 2021

SJ(CO)
BVC(17.08.2021)