

**260 IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA AT
CHANDIGARH**

CRM-M-27974 of 2019

Date of Decision: 13.03.2020

Laptain Singh alias Manga and othersPetitioners
Versus
State of Haryana and anotherRespondents

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE HARNARESH SINGH GILL

Present: Mr. Upender Prashar, Advocate
for the petitioners.

Mr. Deepak Bhardwaj, DAG, Haryana.

Mr. Saurabh Garg, Advocate
for respondent No. 2.

HARNARESH SINGH GILL, J. (ORAL)

This petition has been filed under Section 482 Cr.P.C. for quashing of FIR No.114 dated 27.05.2019, registered under Sections 323, 452, 506, 34 IPC at P.S.Saha, District Ambala and all the subsequent proceedings arising therefrom, on the basis of compromise dated 31.05.2019 (Annexure P-2) arrived at between the parties.

Vide order dated 04.07.2019 passed by a Coordinate Bench of this Court, the parties were directed to appear before the concerned trial Court/Duty Magistrate for recording their statements with regard to the compromise and the Trial Court/Illaq Magistrate was directed to submit report with regard to the genuineness and authenticity of the compromise.

In compliance thereof, the learned Judicial Magistrate First Class, Ambala has submitted a report vide letter dated 27.09.2019 which indicates that the parties appeared before the Magistrate and got their respective statements recorded with regard to the validity of the compromise. As per the report, the compromise arrived at between the parties is genuine and without any pressure or coercion from any corner.

The Hon'ble Full Bench of this Court in case of ***Kulwinder Singh vs. State of Punjab and another, 2007(3) RCR (Criminal) 1052*** and Hon'ble Division Bench of this Court in case of ***Sube Singh and another vs. State of Haryana and another, 2013(4) RCR (Criminal) 102*** observed that compounding of offence can be allowed even after conviction, during proceedings of the appeal against conviction pending in Sessions Court and in case of involving non-compoundable offence.

The Hon'ble Apex Court in the case of Gian Singh Versus State of Punjab and another. 2012(4) RCR (Criminal) 543 has held as under:-

“57. The position that emerges from the above discussion can be summarised thus: the power of the High Court in quashing a criminal proceeding or FIR or complaint in exercise of its inherent jurisdiction is distinct and different from the power given to a criminal court for compounding the offences under Section 320 of the Code. Inherent power is of wide plenitude with no statutory limitation but it has to be exercised in accord with the guideline engrafted in such power viz; (i) to secure the ends of justice or (ii) to prevent abuse of the process of any Court. In what cases power to quash the criminal proceeding or complaint or F.I.R. may be exercised where the offender and victim have settled their dispute would depend on the facts and circumstances of each case and no category can be prescribed. However, before exercise of such power, the High Court must have due regard to the nature and gravity of the crime. Heinous and serious offences of mental depravity or offences like murder, rape, dacoity, etc. cannot be fittingly quashed even though the victim or victim's family and the offender have settled the dispute. Such offences are not private in nature and have serious impact on society. Similarly, any compromise between the victim and offender in relation to the offences under special statutes like Prevention of Corruption Act or the offences committed by public servants while working in that

capacity etc; cannot provide for any basis for quashing criminal proceedings involving such offences. But the criminal cases having overwhelmingly and predominatingly civil flavour stand on different footing for the purposes of quashing, particularly the offences arising from commercial, financial, mercantile, civil, partnership or such like transactions or the offences arising out of matrimony relating to dowry etc. or the family disputes where the wrong is basically private or personnel in nature and the parties have resolved their entire dispute. In this category of cases, High Court may quash criminal proceedings if in its view, because of the compromise between the offender and victim, the possibility of conviction is remote and bleak and continuation of criminal case would put accused to great oppression and prejudice and extreme injustice would be caused to him by not quashing the criminal case despite full and complete settlement and compromise with the victim. In other words, the High Court must consider whether it would be unfair or contrary to the interest of justice to continue with the criminal proceeding or continuation of the criminal proceeding would tantamount to abuse of process of law despite settlement and compromise between the victim and wrongdoer and whether to secure the ends of justice, it is appropriate that criminal case is put to an end and if the answer to the above question(s) is in affirmative, the High Court shall be well within its jurisdiction to quash the criminal proceeding.”

The same view has been reiterated by Hon'ble the Apex Court in case of ***Narinder Singh and others Vs. State of Punjab and another, 2014 (2) RCR (Criminal) 482.***

Since the parties have arrived at a compromise and have decided to live in peace, no useful purpose would be served in allowing the criminal proceedings to continue.

Accordingly, the present petition is allowed. FIR No.114 dated 27.05.2019, registered under Sections 323, 452, 506, 34 IPC at P.S.Saha, District Ambala and all the subsequent proceedings arising therefrom, are quashed qua the petitioners on the basis of compromise dated 31.05.2019 (Annexure P-2), subject to depositing the costs of Rs. 10,000/- by the petitioners with Shri Guru Granth Sahib Sewa Society (Regd.), opposite New Public School, Sector-18, Chandigarh.

Needless to say that the parties shall remain bound by the terms of compromise and their statements made in the Court below.

(HARNARESH SINGH GILL)
JUDGE

13.03.2020
Maninder

Whether speaking/reasoned	:	Yes/No
Whether reportable	:	Yes/No