



WEB COPY

BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED: 11.05.2020

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE P.N.PRAKASH
AND
THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE B.PUGALENDHI

H.C.P. (MD) No.844 of 2019

Ganesan

..Petitioner

Vs.

1.State of Tamil Nadu,
rep. by the Additional Chief Secretary to the Government
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department
Fort St. George, Chennai-9.

2.The District Collector and District Magistrate
Tirunelveli District,
Tirunelveli.

3.The Superintendent of Prison
Central Prison,
Palayamkottai,
Tirunelveli.

..Respondents

PRAYER: Petition is filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying for the issue of a Writ of Habeas Corpus, to call for the entire records connected with the detention order passed in M.H.S.Confdl. No.59/2019 dated 05.08.2019 on the file of the 2nd respondent herein and quash the same and direct the respondents to produce the detenu or body of the detenu namely Ganesan, aged about 33 years, S/o.Karuppasamy @ Kattapomman, now detained at Central Prison, Palayamkottai before this Court and set him at liberty forthwith.

For Petitioner : Mr.N.Pragalathan

For Respondents : Mr.R.Anandharaj

Additional Public Prosecutor

ORDER

(Order of the Court was made by P.N.PRAKASH, J)

The petitioner is the detenu viz., Ganesan, S/o.Karuppasamy @ Kattapomman, aged about 33 years. The detenu has been detained, as per the order of the second respondent, dated 05.08.2019, under Section 2(f) of the Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982, branding him as "Goonda". Challenging the same, the petitioner is before this Court in this Habeas Corpus Petition.



2. We have heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor for the respondents. We have also perused the records carefully.

3. As per the grounds of detention, dated 30.01.2019, the detenu came under adverse notice in one adverse case and the ground case was registered in Crime No.105/2019 on the file of the Seethaparpanallur Police Station, who is the sponsoring authority, for offence under Sections 294(b), 387 and 506(ii) IPC.

4. Though several grounds have been raised in the Habeas Corpus Petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner would mainly focus his argument on the ground that there is violation of procedural safeguards, which are guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India. The learned counsel would submit that the representation made by the petitioner was not considered on time and there was an inordinate and unexplained delay. The learned counsel has relied on few Judgments of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Based on the same, the learned counsel would plead for setting aside the detention order.

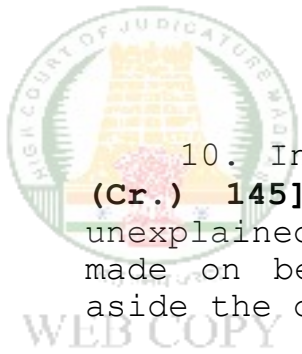
5. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor would, however, oppose this Habeas Corpus Petition. He would submit that though there was delay in considering the representation, on that score, the impugned detention order need not be interfered with, as on account of the said delay, no prejudice has been caused to the detenu and thus, there is no violation of the fundamental rights guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India.

6. We have considered the above submissions.

7. In this case, the Detention Order was passed on 05.08.2019. As against the same, the petitioner made a representation on 19.08.2019. The remarks were received on 05.09.2019. Thereafter, the Government considered the issue and passed the order rejecting the representation on 19.09.2019. It is the contention of the petitioner that there was delay of 7 days in considering the representation.

8. Now, the question is as to whether on that score, the impugned order can be quashed.

9. In **Rekha Vs. State of Tamil Nadu**, [2011 (5) SCC 244], the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that the right to life and liberty of a person is protected, under Article 21 of the Constitution of India. The Hon'ble Supreme Court has further held that the procedural safeguards are required to be zealously watched and enforced by the Courts of law and their rigour cannot be allowed to be diluted on the basis of the nature of the alleged activities of



10. In **Sumaiya Vs. The Secretary to Government, [2007 (2) MWN (Cr.) 145]**, a Division Bench of this Court has held that the unexplained delay of three days in disposal of the representation made on behalf of the detenu/detenu would be sufficient to set aside the detention order.

11. In **Tara Chand Vs. State of Rajasthan and others, [1980 (2) SCC 321]**, the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that any inordinate and unexplained delay on the part of the Government in considering the representation renders the detention illegal. This dictum has been followed in several Judgments consistently by the Hon'ble Supreme Court as well as this Court.

12. Applying the said dictum laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court, if we look into the facts of the present case, undoubtedly, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of 7 working days. Under normal circumstances, the delay of seven days has never been considered by this Court. However on account of "Covid -19" and in order to decongest the prison, the delay of seven days has been considered by this Court and therefore, the impugned detention order is liable to be quashed.

13. In the result, this Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and the impugned Detention Order, passed by the second respondent, in his proceedings in Detention Order in M.H.S.Confdl. No.59/2019 dated 05.08.2019 is quashed. The detenu, namely Ganesan, S/o.Karuppasamy @ Kattapomman, aged about 33 years, is ordered to be set at liberty forthwith, if he is not required for detention in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar ()

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/ /2020

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

To

1.The Principal Secretary to the Government
State of Tamil Nadu,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department
Secretariat,
Chennai-9.



- 2.The District Collector and District Magistrate
O/o. the District Collector and District Magistrate
Thirunelveli District.
- 3.The Joint Secretary to Government Public (Law and Order),
Fort St.George, Chennai -9.
- 4.The Superintendent of Prison
Central Prison,
Palayamkottai, Tirunelveli District.
- 5.The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.

AKM/19.05.2020 /4P-6C/

Order made in
H.C.P. (MD) No.844 of 2019
Dated: 11.05.2020