



BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED: 16.12.2020

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE KRISHNAN RAMASAMY

W.P. (MD)No.15695 of 2020

W.P. COPY
Saseema Banu

... Petitioner

Vs.

1.The Secretary to the Government,
Department of School Education,
St.George Fort, Chennai.

2.The Director of School Education,
DPI Compound,
College Road, Chennai.

3.The Chief Educational Officer,
Tirunelveli,
Tirunelveli District.

4.The District Educational Officer,
Tenkasi,
Tenkasi District.

5.The Correspondent,
Hidhayathul Islam Higher Secondary School,
Kadayanallur,
Tenkasi District.

... Respondents

PRAYER : This Writ Petition filed under Article 226 of Constitution of India for issuance of Writ of Certiorarified Mandamus, calling for the records relating to the impugned order passed by the fourth respondent dated 10.12.2019 and quash the same as illegal and consequently direct the respondents 3 and 4 to approve the petitioner's appointment with effect from 30.06.2014 and confer all other service benefits such as yearly increments, incentives, earned leave and arrears of salary from the date of appointment.

For Petitioner	: Mr.S.Chellapandian
For R-1 to R-4	: Mr.A.Thiyagarajan
	Government Advocate

ORDER

This writ petition has been filed to quash the impugned order passed by the fourth respondent dated 10.12.2019 and consequently, to direct the respondents 3 and 4 to approve the petitioner's appointment with effect from 30.06.2014 and confer all other service benefits such as yearly increments, incentives, earn leave and arrears of salary from the date of appointment.



2.The learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would submit that the fifth respondent school is a private aided minority school controlled and administered under Tamilnadu Private Schools Regulation Act. The petitioner was appointed as BT Assistant by the fifth respondent School on 01.06.2016. The fifth respondent School sent a proposal for approval of the appointment of the petitioner to the third respondent on 20.02.2017 and the same was rejected by the third respondent stating that the petitioner has not possessed TET qualification. Thereafter, as per the order passed by this Court in W.A(MD) No.551 of 2016, the third respondent granted grand in aid to the petitioner's post, irrespective of pendency of her appointment proposal by proceeding in Mu.Mu.No.0862/z1/2017 dated 20.02.2017 without approving her appointment. In view of the same, the petitioner received salary from 16.12.2014.

3.The learned counsel for the petitioner would further submit that apart from the salary, the petitioner was not conferred with any service benefits such as yearly increment, earned leave, incentive etc. In this regard, the fifth respondent school sent a proposal for receiving earned leave by submitting the service book of the petitioner. However, the fourth respondent returned the same by endorsing that there is no rules for granting earned leave to the petitioner on 10.12.2020. Though the issue in this writ petition has already been settled by this Court in a number of judgments that the Teachers working in the minority institution were exempted from TET qualification, the respondents failed to confer all service benefits to the petitioner. In this regard, he relied on the judgment of this Court in W.A(MD) No.859 of 2019 dated 26.09.2019, wherein the Hon'ble Division Bench of this Court has held as follows:-

5.This issue came up for consideration before several Division Benches of this Court and it has been held that the department cannot mandatorily insists the teachers working in minority institution to have TET qualification. One of the recent decision of the Division Bench is in *P.Savarimuthu Maria George v. The District Elementary Educational Officer, Virudhunagar District & Others* [2018 0 Supreme (Mad) 4017] (W.A. (MD) No.948 of 2018), wherein the Division Bench noted all the decisions on this issue and allowed the appeal filed by the Teacher. It will be beneficial to refer to the following portions of the order.

"4.Shortly after the disposal of the Writ Petition which is the subject matter of this appeal, a Division Bench of this Court in *Secretary to Government, Government of Tamil Nadu, Chennai -vs- S. Jeyalakshmi* [(2016) 5 CTC 639], held in paragraph nos. 39 and 40, as follows:-

"39.In the decision relied upon by the Learned Senior Counsel for the Petitioners in



Ashwini Thanappan -vs- Director of Education [(2014) 8 SCC 272], the issue that arose for consideration related to the interpretation of Article 27. The matter was referred to the Bench of appropriate strength for further examination. Since the Learned Counsel submitted that the Judgment in Pramati Educational and Cultural Trust is inconsistent with the Judgment of the Constitution Bench in P.A. Inamdar -vs- State of Maharashtra [(2005) 6 SCC 537]. The matter is pending consideration.

40. In view of the above, the contention of the Learned Additional Advocate General that the order of the Learned Single Judge directing the release of salary is not sustainable, in view of the reference of Ashwini Thanappan case to the Bench of appropriate strength, cannot be accepted, since the issue in P.A. Inamdar is with respect quota of admission of students in the unaided professional institutions, entrance test and fee structure. Therefore, the outcome of Ashwini Thanappan has nothing to do with the case on hand."

It would also be relevant to refer the following paragraphs in that Judgment of the Division Bench of this Court:-

"52. However, the Government, before issuing G.O. Ms.No. 181 dated 15.11.2011, lost sight of one important fact, namely imposition of a condition on the Teachers, who were appointed prior to the issue of G.O., in non minority Schools, both aided and unaided, to qualify themselves with TET within a period of five years, in order to continue in service, would cause great hardship to them. Moreover, if the Teachers who have put in more number of years of service, could not pass TET within five years, their contribution in service would be in jeopardy. Further, it is seen that the percentage of pass in the TET examination conducted in 2012 and 2013 was very minimal.

56. We are, therefore, of the considered view that the Government may seek a clarification from the NCTE, in the light of what is stated in the preceding paragraph, whether the prescription of minimum qualification of TET can be made applicable prospectively for the Teachers who were appointed subsequent to the date of issue of G.O., in both



non minority and minority institutions and not retrospectively as the same would cause undue hardship to the Teachers who have been serving for a quite a long time.

58. In our opinion, non qualifying in TET by the Teachers already in service should not defeat the object of the Government to provide quality and standard education and therefore, the Government may, in the alternative, conduct a refresher course and also some interactive sessions during annual vacation, in order to ensure and enhance the quality of education.

60. In the light of the above, we are of the view that the Government cannot insist upon the minority institution, both aided or unaided, to abide by any Regulation framed under the provisions of the RTE Act. Therefore, we hold that G.O. Ms. No. 181, School Education (C2) Department dated 15.11.2011 issued by the Government of Tamil Nadu, is not applicable to the minority institutions.

62. However, keeping in mind the larger interest in which the Government has issued the above G.O.s, this Court feels that the minority institutions may also consider conducting a refresher course and also some interactive sessions to all the Teachers during annual vacation, in order to ensure and improve the quality of Teachers."

The resultant effect of that decision is that it is not necessary for teachers in schools run by aided minority institutions to secure a pass in Teacher Eligibility Test for approving their appointment. The said view has been reiterated by the subsequent decisions of the Division Benches of this Court in K. Solomon Jeyaraj -vs- Secretary, Department of School Education (Judgment dated 25.11.2016 in W.A. (MD) No. 1437 of 2016), Y. Kanagaraj -vs- State of Tamil Nadu (Judgment dated 16.06.2017 in W.A. (MD) No. 724 of 2017) and K. Anita -vs- State of Tamil Nadu (Judgment dated 26.02.2018 in W.A. (MD) No. 1090 of 2017)"

6. The learned Special Government Pleader appearing for the respondents 1 and 2 placing reliance on the decision of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in TMA Pai Foundation v. State of Karnataka [2005 (5) CTC 201 (SC)] would submit that the respondent State being the controlling authority sanctioning aid for the minority institutions can always prescribe qualifications, salaries as well as experience and other conditions bearing on the merits of an individual

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Court does not find any ground to take a different view.

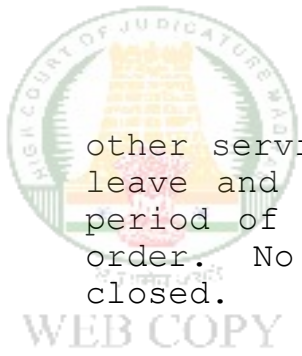
on record.

Civil Miscellaneous Petition is closed. No costs."

Court in a number of judgments.

4s.

is quashed. The respondents 3 and 4 are directed to approve the



other service benefits such as yearly increments, incentives, earned leave and arrears of salary from the date of appointment within a period of eight weeks from the date of receipt of a copy of this order. No costs. Consequently, connected miscellaneous petition is closed.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar (CS-III)

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/ /2021

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

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Note : In view of the present lock down owing to COVID-19 pandemic, a web copy of the order may be utilized for official purposes, but, ensuring that the copy of the order that is presented is the correct copy, shall be the responsibility of the advocate/litigant concerned.

To:-

- 1.The Secretary to the Government,
Department of School Education,
St.George Fort, Chennai.
- 2.The Director of School Education,
DPI Compound,
College Road, Chennai.
- 3.The Chief Educational Officer,
Tirunelveli,
Tirunelveli District.
- 4.The District Educational Officer,
Tenkasi, Tenkasi District.

+1CC to Mr.S.Chella pandian SR.No.26155 dated18/12/2020

W.P. (MD)No.15695 of 2020
16.12.2020

SR(CO)
KB(07.01.2021) 6P 6C