



BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED: 12.10.2020

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE **ABDUL QUDDHOSE**

W.P. (MD)No.14186 of 2020

N.Rajendran

... Petitioner

Vs

1.The Assistant Director
Department of Mines and Minerals,
Collector Office Campus, Dindigul District.

2.The Revenue Divisional Officer,
Office of Revenue Divisional Officer
Palani, Dindigul District.

3.The Inspector of Police
Vedasanthur Police Station, Vedasanthur
Dindigul District.

... Respondents

PRAYER: Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India to issue a Writ of Mandamus directing the respondents to release the petitioner's Tractor and Trailer bearing registration No.TN 57 AV 6995.

For Petitioner : Mr.K.Anandan

For Respondents : Mr.M.Rajarajan
Additional Government Pleader

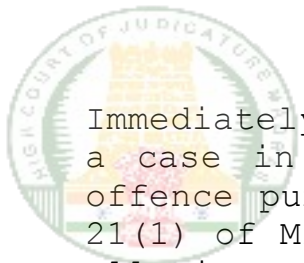
ORDER

This writ petition has been filed to direct the respondents to release the petitioner's Tractor and Trailer bearing Registration No.TN 57 AV 6995.

2. Heard Mr.K.Anandan learned counsel appearing for the petitioner and Mr.M.Rajarajan, learned Additional Government Pleader, accepts notice on behalf of the respondents.

3. By consent of both parties, the Writ Petition is taken up for final disposal at the admission stage itself.

4. It is the case of the petitioner that he is the owner of the tractor bearing Registration No.TN 57 AV 6995. According to the petitioner, on 03.10.2020, the first respondent seized the vehicle and handed over the same to the third respondent Police.



Immediately on 03.10.2020, the third respondent Police registered a case in Crime No.1604 of 2020 against the petitioner for the offence punishable under Section 379 of I.P.C., read with Section 21(1) of Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation Act), 1957 alleging that the petitioner has transported one unit of gravel sand in his vehicle without proper invoices. According to the petitioner, ever since the seizure, the said vehicle is still in the custody of the Police.

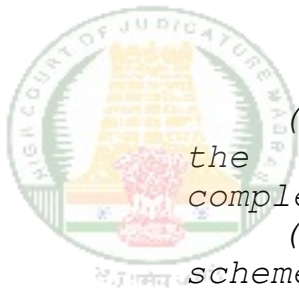
5. It is the contention of the petitioner that the vehicle has also not been produced by the third respondent Police before the concerned Jurisdictional Court. According to him, the seized vehicle is kept idle in the Police Station premises in the open place and exposed to the vagaries of nature, resulting in the vehicle depreciating in value.

6. According to the petitioner, he gave a representation to the respondents on 06.10.2020 for releasing of the seized vehicle back to him. According to him, the respondents have failed to respond to the said representation. In such circumstances, he has filed this Writ Petition seeking for release of the seized vehicle.

7. Admittedly, the vehicle was seized by the first respondent on 03.10.2020 and immediately on that day itself, the third respondent registered a case against the petitioner in Crime No.1604 of 2020 for the offence punishable under Section 379 of I.P.C., read with Section 21(1) of Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation Act), 1957 alleging that the petitioner has transported one unit of gravel sand in his vehicle without proper invoices. Admittedly, the vehicle is now in the Police Station premises and kept in the open place and exposed to the vagaries of nature and has also not been produced before the Jurisdictional Court.

8. As rightly contended by the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner, the vehicle will certainly depreciate in value, if it is allowed to remain in the open place and kept idle for a long period of time. No useful purpose will be served if the vehicle is allowed to be kept idle. In similar matters, this Court has granted release of seized vehicles to the respective petitioners subject to fulfillment of certain conditions. Therefore, this Court is inclined to grant similar relief to the petitioner subject to fulfillment of the following conditions:-

(i) the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of Rs.25,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Thousand only) in favour of the second respondent within a period of two weeks from the date of receipt of a copy of this order.



(ii)the petitioner shall not alienate or encumber the vehicle in question till the proceedings are completed.

(iii)the petitioner shall not change the colour and scheme of the vehicle.

(iv)the petitioner shall not use the vehicle for any illegal activities.

(v)before releasing the vehicle, the police authority shall take photographs of the vehicle at the cost of the petitioner.

(vi)The petitioner shall produce all xerox copies of the documents pertaining to the ownership of the seized vehicle to the second respondent.

(vii)As and when the respondents call for the vehicle for enquiry, the petitioner has to produce the vehicle in question and he shall cooperate with the enquiry to be conducted by the respondents.

9. Upon completion of the above mentioned formalities, the respondents shall release the Tractor and Trailer bearing registration No.TN 57 AV 6995 to the petitioner forthwith and without any delay. If this undertaking given by the petitioner is breached, the petitioner will not be entitled for interim release of the vehicle in the future.

10. The Writ Petition is disposed of accordingly. There shall be no order as to costs.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(CS-I)

// True Copy //

/ /2020

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

tsg

Note:In view of the present lock down owing to COVID-19 pandemic, a web copy of the order may be utilized for official purposes, but, ensuring that the copy of the order that is presented is the correct copy, shall be the responsibility of the Advocate/litigant concerned.



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+1 CC to M/s.K. ANANDAN, Advocate (SR-19845[F] dated 13/10/2020)

+1 CC to M/s.GP (SR-20063[F] dated 14/10/2020)

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