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H.C.P.(MD) No.354 of 2020

BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED : 15.09.2020

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE K.KALYANASUNDARAM

and

THE HONOURABLE MRS.JUSTICE T.KRISHNAVALLI

H.C.P. (MD) No.354 of 2020

Geetha Ramani

... Petitioner

-vs-

1.State of Tamil Nadu, rep.by its
the Secretary to Government
Home, Prohibition & Excise Department
Fort St.George, Chennai-600 009

2.The District Collector / Executive Magistrate
Kanyakumari District, Kanyakumari

3.The Superintendent of Prison
Central Prison
Palayamkottai, Tirunelveli

... Respondents

PRAYER : Petition is filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying for the issue of a Writ of Habeas Corpus calling for the records relating to the Detention Order passed by the second respondent in P.D.No.10/2020, dated 20.03.2020 and quash the same and direct the respondents to produce the body or person of the detenu, namely, A.Aravindan, son of Anbu, aged about 22 years (now detained at Central Prison, Palayamkottai), before this Court and set him at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.G.Anto Prince

For Respondents : Mr.V.Neelakandan

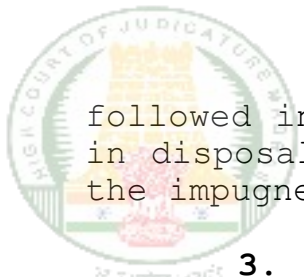
Additional Public Prosecutor

O R D E R

(Order of the Court was made by K.KALYANASUNDARAM, J.)

This habeas corpus petition has been filed by the mother of the detenu, namely, A.Aravindan, son of Anbu, aged about 22 years, challenging the detention order in P.D.No.10/2020, dated 20.03.2020, passed by the second respondent, branding him as "Goonda" as contemplated under Section 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982.

2. Mr.G.Anto Prince, learned counsel for the petitioner, would argue that even though the petitioner has raised several grounds, he has confined his arguments only to the delay in disposal of the petitioner's representation. It is submitted by the learned counsel for the petitioner that the procedural safeguards guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India have not been



followed in this case and there is unexplained and inordinate delay in disposal of the petitioner's representation, which would vitiate the impugned order of detention.

3. Mr.V.Neelakandan, learned Additional Public Prosecutor, while reiterating the counter affidavit filed by the second respondent, submitted that after satisfying with the materials placed by the Sponsoring Authority, the Detaining Authority has passed the detention order and there is no illegality or infirmity in the detention order. It is also stated that even if there is any delay in disposal of the representation, it has not caused any prejudice to the rights of the detenu and hence, prayed for dismissal of the habeas corpus petition.

4. Heard both sides and perused the materials available on record.

5. In the instant case, the proforma furnished by the learned Additional Public Prosecutor would indicate that as against the impugned detention order, the petitioner made a representation to the first respondent on 23.03.2020 and it was received on 14.05.2020. Remarks were called for on the same day i.e.14.05.2020 and it was received on 08.06.2020. The Deputy Secretary dealt with the matter on the same day i.e.08.06.2020. The concerned Minister dealt with the matter on 30.06.2020 and the representation came to be rejected on the same day i.e.30.06.2020. It is seen that in between 08.06.2020 and 30.06.2020, there was a delay of sixteen days, after excluding the Government Holidays of six days, in considering the petitioner's representation.

6. At this juncture, it is useful to refer the decision of the Honourable Apex Court in the case of ***Rajammal vs. State of Tamil Nadu and another***, reported in ***1999 (1) SCC 417***, wherein the Apex Court has observed and held that it is for the Authority concerned to explain the delay, if any, in disposal of the representation and if any delay was caused on account of nay indifference or lapse in considering the representation, such delay will adversely affect further detention of the prisoner.

7. In the case on hand, as stated supra, the delay of sixteen days in considering the representation of the petitioner has not been properly explained by the respondents. Hence, in our considered view, the detention order is liable to be set aside solely on the ground of delay by following the decision of the Honourable Apex Court referred supra.

8. In fine, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The detention order in P.D.No.10/2020, dated 20.03.2020, passed by the second respondent, is set aside. Consequently, the detenu, namely, A.Aravindan, son of Anbu, aged about 22 years, who is now detained



at Central Prison, Palayamkottai, is directed to be released forthwith unless his presence or custody or detention is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar ()

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/ /2020

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

Note :In view of the present lock down owing to COVID-19 pandemic, a web copy of the order may be utilized for official purposes, but, ensuring that the copy of the order that is presented is the correct copy, shall be the responsibility of the advocate / litigant concerned.

Krk

To:

- 1.The Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition & Excise Department,
State of Tamil Nadu,
Fort St.George, Chennai-600 009.
- 2.The District Collector / Executive Magistrate,
Kanyakumari District,
Kanyakumari.
- 3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Central Prison,
Palayamkottai,
Tirunelveli.
4. The Joint Secretay to Government,
Public (Law & Order)
Fort St. George, Chennai-9
- 5.The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.

+1 CC to M/s.G.ANTO PRINCE, Advocate (SR-17067[F] dated 16/09/2020)

H.C.P. (MD) No.354 of 2020

15.09.2020

VB (28.09.2020) 3P 7C

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