



BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED: 17.06.2020

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MRS.JUSTICE V.BHAVANI SUBBAROYAN

W.P. (MD)No.6789 of 2020

and

W.M.P (MD)Nos.6185 & 6186 of 2020

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S.Elangovan

... Petitioner

Vs.

- 1.The State of Tamil Nadu,
Rep. by its Chief Secretary to Government,
Personnel and Administrative Reforms (S) Department,
Fort St. George, Secretariat,
Chennai-600 009.
- 2.The State of Tamil Nadu,
Rep. by its Chief Secretary to Government,
School Education Department,
Secretariat,
Chennai-9.
- 3.The Commissioner of School Education,
O/o.The Commissioner of School Education Department,
College Road,
Chennai-6.
- 4.The Director of School Education,
O/o.The School Education Department,
College Road,
Chennai.
- 5.The Chief Educational Officer,
O/o.The Chief Educational office,
Thanjavur,
Thanjavur District.

... Respondents

PRAYER:- Writ Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India, praying for the issuance of a Writ of Certiorarified Mandamus, calling for the records relating to the impugned order passed by the first respondent in his proceedings in G.O.Ms.No.51, Personnel and Administrative Reforms (S) Department, dated 07.05.2020 in so far as it restricts to those who are in regular service as on date and due to retire on superannuation from 31.05.2020 and consequential impugned order passed by the first respondent in his proceedings in Letter No.11308/S/2020-1 dated 14.05.2020 and quash the same as illegal and consequently to direct the respondents to extend the retirement age of the petitioner from 58 years to 59 years in terms of the G.O.Ms.No.51 Personnel and



Administrative Reforms (S) Department dated 07.05.2020.

For Petitioner : Mr.K.Balasundaram

For Respondents : Mrs.S.Srimathy,
Special Government Pleader

ORDER

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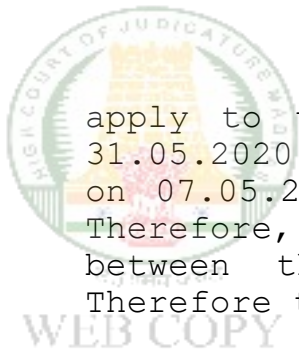
By consent of both parties, the writ petition is taken up for final disposal at the stage of admission itself.

2. The petitioner was working as Headmaster in Government Higher Secondary School, Cholapuram, Kumbakonam Taluk, Thanjavur District and he retired from service on attaining the age of superannuation on 31.12.2019.

3. In the affidavit filed in support of the Writ Petition, it had been stated that the first respondent had issued **G.O.Ms.No.51, Personnel and Administrative Reforms (S) Department, dated 07.05.2020**, which has increased the age of Government servants from 58 years to 59 years. It was stated in the said Government Order that this was applicable to the employees, who are in regular service as on 07.05.2020 and due to retire on superannuation from 31.05.2020. The petitioner had already retired on 31.12.2019. However, by way of this Writ Petition, he seeks the benefit extended under G.O.Ms.No.51 referred supra to the petitioner also.

4. Heard Mr.K.Balasundaram, learned counsel appearing for the petitioner and Mrs.S.Srimathy, learned Special Government Pleader appearing for the respondents.

5. The petitioner had retired from service on attaining the age of 58 on 31.12.2019. On that date, he ceased to be a regular employee under the said Government order. There is no employer and employee relationship subsisting between the petitioner and the first respondent from 01.05.2020. The first respondent had issued **G.O.Ms.No.51, Personnel and Administrative Reforms (S) Department, dated 07.05.2020** and had taken a policy decision to increase the **age of superannuation** of the Government servants from **58 to 59 years**. It had been stated in the Government Order that the said Government Order is applicable only to regular Government servants. It would only be applicable to those Government Servants, who are in regular service. It will not be applicable to those, who had retired earlier to the date from which the order comes into effect. The Government order can come into effect only prospectively and not retrospectively. If it is to be so applied, then an anomalous situation will arise and the Government servants, who had retired either on superannuation or on voluntary retirement or on compulsory retirement would seek the benefit under **G.O.Ms.No.51**, even though they had retired two, three, four months prior to the issuance of the Government order. There has got to be a definiteness and a date has been fixed by the Government to decide from which date it would apply. The Government had taken a conscious decision that it would



apply to those Government servants who retired from service on 31.05.2020. It would apply to those who were in regular service as on 07.05.2020. The petitioner had already retired on 31.12.2019. Therefore, there is no jural relationship of employer, employee between the petitioner and the respondents after 31.12.2019. Therefore the above said Government order is not applicable to her.

6. In a batch of Writ Petitions in **W.P.(MD).No.6442 of 2020 (S. Germani Isabella Vs. The Chief Secretary to the Government, State of Tamilnadu, Personnel & Administrative Reforms (S) Department, Secretariat, Chennai - 600 009)**, this Court had passed an order, with respect to Teachers, who were given extension of service and questioned G.O.Ms.No.51 and had sought for applicability of the said benefit to them. The Writ Petitions were dismissed vide an elaborate order. During the course of the said order, reliance had been placed on the order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court reported in **Chandra Mohan Varma Vs. State of Uttar Pradesh & Others, 2020(2) Scale 251**. That judgment refers to a Professor, who was given extension of service, but who retired on superannuation prior to the date of notification. The Hon'ble Supreme Court very categorically had held that after retirement on attaining the age of superannuation, there is no jural relationship between the employer and the employee and the employee cannot seek any further benefit from the employer except his pensionary and retirement benefits. The following is the observations of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and it had been held as follows:-

"18. The date on which the employee attains the age of superannuation is prescribed by the Fundamental Rules. The decision which was communicated by the State Government on 19 November 2012 does not alter the date of superannuation or retirement. However, what the decision effectuates is to allow the continuance of the employee, after retirement, upon the attainment of the age of superannuation with the salient purpose of preventing a disruption in education instruction prior to the end of the academic session. This view is fortified by the fact that the continuance of the employee until the end of the session is subject to the fulfillment of conditions stipulated, as noticed above.

19. The determination of the age of retirement is a matter of executive policy. The appellant attained the age of superannuation prior to the notification dated



6 February 2015 and was not entitled to the benefit of the enhancement of the age of retirement.

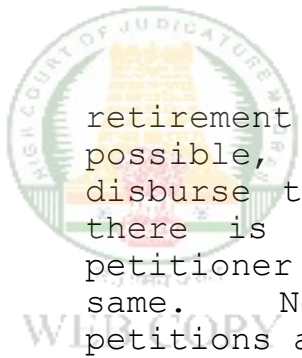
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23. The issue in Civil Appeal Nos.6667-6668 of 2019 (Dr.Profesor Rajendra Chaudhary Vs. State of Uttar Pradesh) was distinct from the central point in this case. In the present case the issue is whether the appellant who had already attained the age of superannuation under the prevailing rules and was continuing until the end of the session would be entitled to the benefit of the enhancement of the age of retirement under the notification dated 6 February 2015. The decision in Dr Rajendra Chaudhary (referred supra) is hence distinguishable.

24. For the reasons that we have indicated, we hold that the appellant who attained the age of 60 years - the age of retirement which prevailed at the relevant time was not entitled to the benefit of the notification dated 6 February 2015. The appellant was continuing until the end of the session (30 June 2015) after retirement, in terms of the decision dated 19 November 2012. He was not entitled to the enhanced age of retirement of 65 years. The terminal benefits which are due to the appellant shall be accordingly computed and released within a period of two months from the date of receipt of a certified copy of this order. For the reasons which we have indicated, we have come to the conclusion that there is no merit in the appeals. The appeals shall stand dismissed. There shall be no order as to costs."

7. The said Judgment is also applicable to the Government servants in every Department, who retired prior to the date of notification. Therefore, I am unable to grant any relief to the petitioner and as such, the Writ Petition fails.

8. In view of the above facts and circumstances, this Court is of the view that the Writ Petition has to be dismissed. Accordingly, the Writ Petition is dismissed. However, a direction is issued to the respondents to process the pension and other



retirement benefits papers of the petitioner, as expeditiously as possible, as per the Rules and the time prescribed therein and disburse them to the petitioner. It is also made clear that if there is any unexplained and inordinate delay in payment, the petitioner would be entitled to get interest as per rules on the same. No costs. Consequently, the connected miscellaneous petitions are closed.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar ()

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Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

To

- 1.The Chief Secretary to Government,
Personnel and Administrative Reforms (S) Department,
Fort St. George, Secretariat,
Chennai-600 009.
- 2.The Chief Secretary to Government,
School Education Department,
Secretariat,
Chennai-9.
- 3.The Commissioner of School Education,
O/o.The Commissioner of School Education Department,
College Road,
Chennai-6.
- 4.The Director of School Education,
O/o.The School Education Department,
College Road,
Chennai.
- 5.The Chief Educational Officer,
O/o.The Chief Educational office,
Thanjavur,
Thanjavur District.

Order made in
W.P. (MD) No.6789 of 2020
Dated:
17.06.2020

SPU (23.06.2020) 5P-6C

<https://hcservices.ecourts.gov.in/hcservices/>