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H.C.P.(MD) No.290 of 2020

BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT  
DATED : 22.09.2020  
CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE K.KALYANASUNDARAM  
and  
THE HONOURABLE MRS.JUSTICE T.KRISHNAVALLI

H.C.P. (MD) No.290 of 2020

Bharathi

... Petitioner

-vs-

1.The State of Tamil Nadu  
rep.by Secretary to Government  
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department  
Fort St.George, Chennai-9

2.The District Collector and District Magistrate  
Theni District, Theni

3.The Inspector of Police  
Uthamapalayam Police Station  
Theni District

4.The Superintendent  
Central Prison, Madurai

... Respondents

**PRAYER** : Petition is filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying for the issue of a Writ of Habeas Corpus calling for the records relating to the detention order passed by the second respondent in detention order dated 16.05.2020 in detention order No.15/2020 and to quash the same and direct the respondents to produce the person or body of the detenu, Rajesh, son of Pandi, aged about 26 years, before this Court and set him at liberty, now detained at Central Prison, Madurai.

For Petitioner : Mr.S.Muthukumar

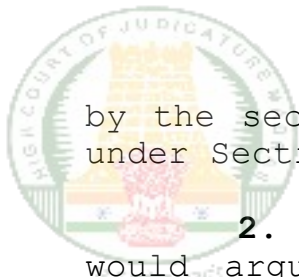
For Respondents : Mr.V.Neelakandan  
Additional Public Prosecutor

**O R D E R**

**(Order of the Court was made by K.KALYANASUNDARAM, J.)**

This habeas corpus petition has been filed by the wife of the detenu, namely, Rajesh, son of Pandi, aged about 26 years, challenging the detention order No.15/2020, dated 16.05.2020, passed

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by the second respondent, branding him as "Goonda" as contemplated under Section 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982.

2. Mr.S.Muthukumar, learned counsel for the petitioner, would argue that even though the petitioner has raised several grounds, he has confined his arguments only to the delay in disposal of the petitioner's representation. It is submitted by the learned counsel for the petitioner that the procedural safeguards guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India have not been followed in this case and there is unexplained and inordinate delay in disposal of the petitioner's representation, which would vitiate the impugned order of detention.

3. Mr.V.Neelakandan, learned Additional Public Prosecutor, while reiterating the counter affidavit filed by the second respondent, submitted that after satisfying with the materials placed by the Sponsoring Authority, the Detaining Authority has passed the detention order and there is no illegality or infirmity in the detention order. It is also stated that even if there is any delay in disposal of the representation, it has not caused any prejudice to the rights of the detenu and hence, prayed for dismissal of the habeas corpus petition.

4. Heard both sides and perused the materials available on record.

5. In the instant case, the proforma furnished by the learned Additional Public Prosecutor would indicate that as against the impugned detention order, the petitioner made a representation to the first respondent on 26.05.2020 and it was received on 04.06.2020. Remarks were called for on the same day i.e.04.06.2020 and it was received on 21.07.2020. The Deputy Secretary dealt with the matter on 22.07.2020. The concerned Minister dealt with the matter on 24.07.2020 and the representation came to be rejected on 27.07.2020. It is seen that in between 04.06.2020 and 21.07.2020, there was a delay of 33 days, after excluding the Government Holidays of 14 days, in considering the petitioner's representation.

6. At this juncture, it is useful to refer the decision of the Honourable Apex Court in the case of **Rajammal vs. State of Tamil Nadu and another**, reported in **1999 (1) SCC 417**, wherein the Apex Court has observed and held that it is for the Authority concerned to explain the delay, if any, in disposal of the representation and if any delay was caused on account of nay indifference or lapse in considering the representation, such delay will adversely affect further detention of the prisoner.

7. In the case on hand, as stated supra, the delay of 33 days in considering the representation of the petitioner has not been properly explained by the respondents. Hence, in our considered view, the detention order is liable to be set aside



solely on the ground of delay by following the decision of the Honourable Apex Court referred supra.

8. In fine, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The detention order No.15/2020, dated 16.05.2020, passed by the second respondent, is set aside. Consequently, the detenu, namely, Rajesh, son of Pandi, aged about 26 years, who is now detained at Central Prison, Madurai, is directed to be released forthwith unless his presence or custody or detention is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar (CO)

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/ /2020

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

**Note :**

In view of the present lock down owing to COVID-19 pandemic, a web copy of the order may be utilized for official purposes, but, ensuring that the copy of the order that is presented is the correct copy, shall be the responsibility of the advocate / litigant concerned.

To:

- 1.The Secretary to Government,  
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,  
State of Tamil Nadu,  
Fort St.George, Chennai-9.
- 2.The District Collector and District Magistrate,  
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- 3.The Inspector of Police,  
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Central Prison, Madurai.
- 5.The Additional Public Prosecutor,  
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court, Madurai.

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**22.09.2020**

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