



BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

RESERVED ON : 28.01.2020

PRONOUNCED ON : **28.02.2020**

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CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE **MR. JUSTICE M.S.RAMESH**

W.P.(MD) No.1186 of 2020

R.Nagaraj

... Petitioner

/vs./

- 1.The Director General,
Highways Department,
Guindy, Chennai - 25.
- 2.The Superintending Engineer,
Highways Department,
Madurai Circle, Madurai District.
- 3.The Divisional Engineer,
Highways Department,
Ramanathapuram,
Ramanathapuram District.
- 4.The Assistant Divisional Engineer,
Highways Department,
Ramanathapuram,
Ramanathapuram District.

... Respondents

PRAYER: Writ Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India for issuance of Writ of Mandamus, directing the 1st respondent to consider the representations of the petitioner's representation dated 19-07-2019 in the light of the earlier representation of the petitioner's mother dated 28-08-2009 for appointment of the petitioner on compassionate ground either as Officer Watchman or as Sweeper, within the period that may be stipulated by this Court.

For Petitioner : Mr.K.Ponnaiah for
M/S.Ajmal Associates

For Respondents : Mr.V.Anand
Government Advocate



ORDER

The grievance of the petitioner is that his/her claim for appointment on compassionate ground has not been considered by the respondents. It is not in dispute that the petitioner herein is the legal heir of the deceased employee and as such, is entitled to seek for compassionate appointment, after the death of the said employee.

2. In the case in hand, the Government employee (petitioner's father) had died on 18.01.2008, while he was in service. The widow of the deceased employee claims to have made an application seeking for compassionate appointment on compassionate ground on 28.08.2009. Since the widow's application was not acted upon, her son, who was a minor at the time of his father's death had made an application on 09.02.2018, which is within three years from the day he/she attained majority. The claim came to be rejected through the order stating that the application seeking compassionate appointment was not made within a period of three years as per the Government Orders in vogue.

3. The reasoning of the respondent in rejecting the application cannot be sustained, in view of various judicial pronouncements of this Court, to the effect that an application made by the legal heir of the deceased employee, within three years from the date of his majority, is deemed to be made well within time. One such order passed by this Court in **W.P.No.26343 of 2012** dated **23.11.2016** in the case of **M.Sathish Kumar vs. the Director of School Education and others**, had placed reliance on two orders of the Hon'ble Division Benches of this Court and ultimately held that, when an application is made within three years from the date of attaining majority, the claimant would be entitled for appointment on compassionate grounds. The relevant portion of the order reads as follows:

'4. In this context, a Division Bench of this Court in a judgment reported in The Chief Engineer/Personnel, T.N.E.B., & another Vs. S.Suder reported in MANU/TN/0635/2009 was held as follows:

"4. In the judgment reported in 2001 Writ L.R.601 in the case of "Ramadoss.D. Vs. The Chief Engineer, T.N.E.B.", this Court (D.Murugesan,J) directed the consideration of the application made within a period of three years after attaining the majority by placing reliance on the very same Circular in B.P.No.46, dated 13.10.1995.

5. Subsequently, in the judgment reported in 2002(4) L.L.N.1132,



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(D.Murugesan,J.), in the case of "P.Ravi V.Chief Engineer (P), T.N.E.B.", also, the very same Circular was relied upon and the application for appointment on compassionate grounds was directed to be considered.

6.Justice P.D.Dinakaran, has also taken the very same view by following the very same Circular dated 13.10.1995, in W.P.No.19673 of 2003, in the order dated 23.09.2003, in the case of "J.Jayakaran Vs. The Superintending Engineer, Theni Electricity Distribution Circle, Theni" and the application for appointment on compassionate grounds was directed to be considered.

7.Justice K.Govindarajan has also taken the same view in Writ Petition No.13099 of 2003, order dated 30.10.2003, in the case of "G.Muthamilselvan V. The Chief Engineer (Personnel) and Anr."

8.Justice F.M.Ibrahim Kalifulla has also taken the same view in the decision reported in 2004(3) CTC 120, (2004) MLJ 238 in the case of "Meer Ismail Ali.T. V. The Tamil Nadu Electricity Board". We are told that the order in the said case of "Meer Ismail Ali" was confirmed in the Writ Appeal by the Division Bench in W.A.No.4008 of 2004, by judgment dated 1.12.2004 and as against the said judgment dated 1.12.2004, the Special Leave Petition in Civil Appeal No.6387 of 2005, was also dismissed by the Supreme Court, by judgment dated 4.4.2005."

5. In a very similar issue, a Division Bench of this Court in W.P.No.3050 of 2003 observed as follows:

"9.Similar question came up for consideration before a Division Bench of this Court in Writ Appeal No.3050 of 2003 in the case of "Indiraniammal V. The Chief Engineer (Personnel) and Anr." and by judgment dated 08.03.2005, the Division Bench set aside the impugned order therein in

rejecting the request of the petitioner



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12.As we have already referred that the application for compassionate appointment is maintainable by a person within a period of three years after he/she attains the majority, irrespective of the fact that the breadwinner died while such person was a minor in terms of the proceedings of the Board in B.P.No.46 dated 13.10.1995. This position is not in dispute. We may also once again refer to the fact that following the very same Board proceedings in B.P.No.46, dated 13.10.1995, consistently, this Court had taken the view that the application seeking for appointment on compassionate grounds, has to be considered in the event when such applications are made within a period of three years after he/she attains the majority."

6. If the above proposition is applied to the present facts of the petitioner, then the petitioner would be entitled for an appointment on compassionate ground, since the application has been made within a period of three years from the date of attaining majority. Since this application for compassionate appointment was rejected on the sole ground that the same was time barred and by applying the ratio in the decision of the Division Bench, the impugned order cannot be sustained and is liable to set aside. Accordingly, the impugned order dated 31.01.2012 passed by the third respondent is quashed.'

4. The aforesaid order is self explanatory. As such, the issue as to whether the widow or any other legal heir, who was major at the time when the employee had expired, had or had not made an application within three years from the date of death becomes immaterial. What would suffice is as to whether the minor legal heir had made an application seeking for compassionate appointment within three years from the date he/she had attained his/her majority.

5. In the instant case, the petitioner herein, had attained his majority on 21.05.2015 and he/she had made his/her application



seeking for compassionate appointment on 09.02.2018, which is within a period of three years. By applying the ratio laid down in the aforesaid decision, the petitioner would be entitled for appointment on compassionate grounds.

6. It would be pertinent to point out herein that in all cases where claim is made for compassionate appointment, the concerned authorities are required to act efficaciously and speedily, since the very purpose of providing appointment on compassionate ground is to mitigate the hardship due to the death of the bread-earner in the family and that there should not be any delay in such appointments. This proposition was held by the Hon'ble Apex Court in the case of **Sushma Gosain vs. Union of India** reported in **1989 (4) SCC 468** in the following manner:-

'It must be stated unequivocally that in all claims for appointment on compassionate grounds, there should not be any delay in appointment. The purpose of providing appointment on compassionate ground is to mitigate the hardship due to death of the bread earner in the family. Such appointment should, therefore, be provided immediately to redeem the family in distress. It is improper to keep such case pending for years. If there is no suitable post for appointment supernumerary post should be created to accommodate the applicant.'

7. The same ratio was reiterated by the Hon'ble Apex Court in the case of **Canara Bank vs. M.Mahesh Kumar** reported in **2015 (7) SCC 412**.

8. In the light of the above observations and findings, there shall be a direction to the respondents to issue an appointment order to the petitioner herein, on compassionate grounds, to such post that may be proportionate to the petitioner's qualification. The concerned respondent shall ensure that the appointment order is issued atleast within a period of four (4) weeks from the date of receipt of a copy of this order. The Writ Petition stands allowed accordingly. No costs.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar ()

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/ /2020

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)



To

- 1.The Director General,
Highways Department,
Guindy, Chennai - 25.
- 2.The Superintending Engineer,
Highways Department,
Madurai Circle, Madurai District.
- 3.The Divisional Engineer,
Highways Department,
Ramanathapuram,
Ramanathapuram District.
- 4.The Assistant Divisional Engineer,
Highways Department,
Ramanathapuram,
Ramanathapuram District.

+1 CC to M/s.AJMAL ASSOCIATES, Advocate (SR-9432[F] dated 02/03/2020)

+1 CC to M/s.Special Govt.Pleader (SR-9622[F] dated 02/03/2020)

Order made in
W.P. (MD)No.1186 of 2020

28.02.2020

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SDS (16.03.2020) 7P-7C