

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED : 14.10.2020

CORAM

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE M.NIRMAL KUMAR

CrI.M.P.No.5353 of 2020 in

CrI.R.C.No.754 of 2020

Sreepan @ Sreepa

... Petitioner

Vs.

State by Inspector of Police, (L&O),
J.10, Semmanjerry Police Station,
Chennai-600 119.

... Respondents

PRAYER: Criminal Miscellaneous Petition filed under Sections 397(1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to suspension of sentence passed in M.P.No.2 of 2020 in Na.Ka.No.77 on the file of the learned Executive Magistrate-cum-Deputy Commissioner of Police, Adayar District in J.10.Semmanjerry Police Station Crime No.21 of 2019 under Section 110 of Cr.P.C by an order dated 06.03.2020, till the disposal of the accompanying revision petition and on such terms and conditions.

For Petitioner : Mr.A.Arivazhagan

For Respondents : Mr.C.Raghavan,
Government Advocate [CrI. Side]

ORDER

This Criminal Miscellaneous Petition has been filed to suspend the sentence imposed on the petitioner by the Executive Magistrate-cum-Deputy Commissioner of Police, Adayar District, Chennai in M.P.No.02 of 2020 in Na.Ka.No.77/Nir.Se.Nadu/Kaa.Thu/Adyar District-2020 in J-10, Semmanjerry Police Station Crime No.21 of 2019, dated 06.03.2020.

2.The petitioner has been detained for violation bond under Section Section 110 Cr.P.C., for which the Executive Magistrate-cum-Deputy Commissioner of Police, Adayar District, Chennai passed a detention order under Section 122(1)(b) Cr.P.C., in Na.Ka.No.77/Nir.Se.Nadu/Kaa.Thu/Adyar District-2020, in J-10, Semmanjerry Police Station Crime No.21 of 2019, dated 06.03.2020.

3.The learned counsel for the petitioner submitted that the petitioner executed a bond under Section 110 Cr.P.C on 12.02.2020. Thereafter, the PT warrant was issued on 04.03.2020 and the Executive Magistrate-cum-Deputy Commissioner of Police, Adayar District, Chennai passed an order under Section 122(1)(b) of Cr.P.C., against the petitioner for violation of Section 110 Cr.P.C., and detained the petitioner on 06.03.2020. The learned counsel for the petitioner further submitted that the Executive Magistrate-cum-Deputy Commissioner of Police, Adayar District, Chennai did not give opportunity to the petitioner to defend his case, make submission and produce any materials. Added to it, even the impugned order was not furnished to the petitioner and he was denied any legal aid. The petitioner was the petitioner filed a dispense with petition to number the Criminal Revision Petition will stand testimony for non-furnishing of detention order. The learned counsel submitted that the Hon'ble Supreme Court had held that the Magistrate to give a legal assistance and also inform the concern about the reason of the proceedings and the rights available to him. In this Case, no such exercise have been done. Further, the Executive Magistrate-cum-Deputy Commissioner of Police, Adayar District, Chennai had merely acted on the report of the respondent, without verifying its truthfulness or otherwise. The Executive Magistrate-cum-Deputy Commissioner of Police, Adayar District, Chennai, merely, acted as post office in accepting the report of the respondent and mechanically passed an order, thereby detaining the petitioner. The detention of the petitioner cannot be done as a matter of routine, since it affects the fundamental right of the petitioner.

4.The learned Government Advocate [Crl. Side] submitted that as per Section 122(1)(b) of Cr.P.C., the order was passed by the Executive Magistrate-cum-Deputy Commissioner of Police, Adayar District, Chennai. He further submitted that as per Section 122(3) Cr.P.C., the Executive Magistrate-cum-Deputy Commissioner of Police, Adayar District, Chennai after examining such proceedings that is the report received from the respondent and on further information or evidence if he thinks necessary and after giving concerned person a reasonable opportunity of being heard and thereafter, only the order has to be passed. He further submitted that in this case, all procedures were followed. Added to it, from the records, it is seen a show cause notice issued to the petitioner under Section 111 Cr.P.C. Therefore, the other points raised by the petitioner are to be decided in the revision. The petitioner being a notorious person and he is a habitual offender.

5.This Court considered the submissions made on either side and perused the materials available on record.

6.The consistent view of this Court is that for violation of bond executed under Section 110 Cr.P.C., for good behaviour, Section 122(1)(b) cannot be invoked, which has been clearly dealt by this Court in several cases viz., "Malar @ Malarkodi Versus the Sub-Divisional Magistrate cum Revenue Divisional Officer, Udayarpalayam Taluk, Perambalur District in Crl.R.C.No.1791 of 2002", "Karthigayan

@ Pallukarthik Versus The Sub-Divisional Magistrate cum Revenue Divisional Officer, Thanjavur reported in 2015 SCC OnLine Mad 2417" and "Balamurugan Versus State and Ors. reported in MANU/TN/2058/2016."

7.This Court in the case of "Vadivel @ Mettai Vadivel Versus The State in Crl.R.C.982 of 2012, dated 24.11.2018" disposed a batch of revision cases, wherein referred to the said earlier judgments and took a contra view and observed that Section 122(1)(b) Cr.P.C., would attract Section 110 Cr.P.C and requested the Registry of this Court, to place the matter before the Hon'ble The Chief Justice, to constitute a larger bench, to decide the issue as framed in paragraph No.19 and the same is extracted hereunder:-

"As regards the execution of bond for good behaviour under Section 108 and 109 Cr.P.C., the framers of law could not have intended the Sections, to loosely hang in the statutory hanger, as execution of bond entails enforcement of the same. May be it was an accidental omission, which can be supplemented by purposive interpretation of the statutory scheme as a whole. From the scheme of the Chapter under consideration, this Court could safely infer that there was no intentional omission by the Parliament to render the said provision impotent or ineffective and in such situation, the Courts can play a supplementary role in giving effect to otherwise the intention of the framers so as to give force and life to the intention of the legislature, as expressed by Lord Denning, J.

8.Though the learned Single Judge deferred, he held that the notice has to be given to the detainee as well, to be heard before order is passed against him under Section 122(1)(b) Cr.P.C. These exercises to be done by after reasonable application of mind.

9.The other learned Single Judge of this Court in "Devi Versus The Executive Magistrate-cum-Deputy Commissioner of Police, St.Thomas Mount District" in Crl.R.C.No.78 of 2020, by order dated 25.09.2020, had deferred with the findings given in Crl.R.C.No.982 of 2018, dated 24.11.2018 and held in paragraph No.20 as follows:-

"42 Since this Court respectfully differs from V. Parthiban, J. on the issue of applicability of Section 122 (1)(b) Cr.P.C. to a good behaviour bond under Section 110 (e), the Registry is directed to place this matter before the Hon'ble Chief Justice for appropriate orders.

43 Further, as this Court is not in agreement with the view propounded by another learned single judge of this Court in Balamurugan (supra), the following question is framed with a direction to the Registry to place the same before the Hon'ble Chief Justice with a request to constitute a Bench of appropriate strength for an authoritative pronouncement:

Whether G.O.Ms.No.659, Home (Cts. VIA) Department dated 12.09.2013 and G.O. Ms.No.181, Home (Cts.VIA) Department dated 20.02.2014 violate the scheme of separation of powers and are ultra vires the proviso to Section 6 of the Tamil Nadu District Police Act, 1859 (Central Act XXIV of 1859)?"

10.Now, both the learned Single Judges have referred the issues to be placed before the Hon'ble The Chief Justice for constituting a larger bench with regard to applicability of Section 122(1)(b) Cr.P.C., with Section 110 Cr.P.C., for other connected issues.

11.In view of the above issues to be decided would take sometime, this Court is inclined to suspend the sentence imposed on the petitioner with the following conditions:-

- The petitioner shall execute own bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand Only) before the Superintendent, Central Prison, Puzhal, Chennai.
- The petitioner shall appear before the respondent Police every Monday i.e., from 19.10.2020 at 10.00 a.m., until further orders.

12.Hence, the Criminal Miscellaneous Petition is ordered. The Superintendent Central Prison, Puzhal, Chennai, is directed to set at liberty the petitioner, if his further detention is no longer required in connection with any other case or proceedings.

-sd/-
14/10/2020

This order, on being produced, be punctually observed and carried into execution by all concerned

TRUE COPY

Sub-Assistant Registrar (Statistics/C.S.)
High Court, Madras - 600 104.

TO

1 THE EXECUTIVE MAGISTRATE-CUM-
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
ADAYAR DISTRICT, CHENNAI.

2 THE INSPECTOR OF POLICE (L AND O),
J.10, SEMMANJERRY POLICE STATION,
CHENNAI-119.

3 THE PUBLIC PROSECUTOR
HIGH COURT, MADRAS.

4 THE SUPERINTENDENT,
CENTRAL PRISON,
PUZHAL, CHENNAI.

5 THE SECTION OFFICER
CRIMINAL SECTION,
HIGH COURT, MADRAS.

+1 C.C. to M/S. S.ARIVAZHAGAN Advocate on payment of necessary
charges SR.No.6966

Order

in
CRL MP.5353/2020

in
CRL.RC.754/2020

Date :14/10/2020

From 7.2.2001 the Registry is issuing certified
copies of the BAIL/Anti.BAIL Orders in this format
cs 16/10/2020