

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED: 19.08.2020

CORAM:

THE HON'BLE MR.JUSTICE G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN

CRL.O.P.No.8244 of 2020

and Crl.M.P.No.4077 of 2020

M.Murugesan (M/76 yrs)

S/o. Muthu,

Door No.11,Kaliamman Koil Street,
Virugambakkam, Chennai-92

... Petitioner

Vs.

1. The State
Rep., by the Inspector of Police,
Kundrathur Police Station,
Kundrathur,

2. S.Amutha,
W/o. Late Saravanan,
No.538, 13th East Street,
Metha Nagar, Kundrathur,
Chennai-69.

... Respondents

PRAYER: Criminal Original Petition filed under Section 482 of Cr.P.C, to call for the records pertaining to First Information Report Vide Crime No.197 of 2020 dated 08.03.2020 on the file of the Kundrathur Police Station and quash the same.

For Petitioner : Mr.S.B.Viswanathan

For R1 : Mr.S.Karthikeyan

Additional Public Prosecutor

For R2 : No Appearance

ORDER

This Criminal Original Petition has been filed to quash the proceedings in Crime No.197 of 2020 dated 08.03.2020 on the file of the Kundrathur Police Station and thereby taken cognizance for the offence under Section 304(A) I.P.C.

2. The learned Counsel appearing for the petitioner would submit that the petitioner is an innocent person and he has not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution. Without any base, the third respondent police registered a case in Crime No. 197 of 2020 for the offences under Sections 304(A)

of IPC, as against the petitioner. Hence he prayed to quash the same.

3. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor would submit that the investigation is almost completed and the respondent police have only to file final report.

4. Heard Mr.S.B.Viswanathan, learned counsel appearing for the petitioner and Mr.S.Karthikeyan, learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the first respondent.

5. It is seen from the First Information Report that there are specific allegations as against the petitioner to attract the offences, which has to be investigated in depth. Further the FIR is not an encyclopedia and it need not contain all facts and it cannot be quashed in the threshold. This Court finds that the FIR discloses prima facie commission of cognizable offence and as such this Court cannot interfere with the investigation. The investigating machinery has to step in to investigate, grab and unearth the crime in accordance with the procedures prescribed in the Code.

6. It is relevant to rely upon the judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India passed in Crl.A.No.255 of 2019 dated 12.02.2019 in the case of Sau. Kamal Shivaji Pokarnekar vs. the State of Maharashtra & ors., as follows:-

"4. The only point that arises for our consideration in this case is whether the High Court was right in setting aside the order by which process was issued. It is settled law that the Magistrate, at the stage of taking cognizance and summoning, is required to apply his judicial mind only with a view to taking cognizance of the offence, or in other words, to find out whether a prima facie case has been made out for summoning the accused persons. The learned Magistrate is not required to evaluate the merits of the material or evidence in support of the complaint, because the Magistrate must not undertake the exercise to find out whether the materials would lead to a conviction or not.

5. Quashing the criminal proceedings is called for only in a case where the complaint does not disclose any offence, or is frivolous, vexatious, or oppressive. If the allegations set out in the complaint do not constitute the offence of which cognizance has been taken by the Magistrate, it is open to the High Court to quash the same. It is not necessary that a meticulous analysis of the case

should be done before the Trial to find out whether the case would end in conviction or acquittal. If it appears on a reading of the complaint and consideration of the allegations therein, in the light of the statement made on oath that the ingredients of the offence are disclosed, there would be no justification for the High Court to interfere.

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9. Having heard the learned Senior Counsel and examined the material on record, we are of the considered view that the High Court ought not to have set aside the order passed by the Trial Court issuing summons to the Respondents. A perusal of the complaint discloses that prima facie, offences that are alleged against the Respondents. The correctness or otherwise of the said allegations has to be decided only in the Trial. At the initial stage of issuance of process it is not open to the Courts to stifle the proceedings by entering into the merits of the contentions made on behalf of the accused. Criminal complaints cannot be quashed only on the ground that the allegations made therein appear to be of a civil nature. If the ingredients of the offence alleged against the accused are prima facie made out in the complaint, the criminal proceeding shall not be interdicted."

7. In view of the above discussion, this Court is not inclined to quash the First Information Report. Accordingly, this Criminal Original Petition stands dismissed. However, considering the crime is of the year 2018, the fourth respondent is directed to complete the investigation in Crime No.197 of 2020 and file a final report within a period of twelve weeks from the date of receipt of copy of this Order, before the jurisdiction Magistrate, if not already filed. Consequently, connected miscellaneous petition is closed.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar

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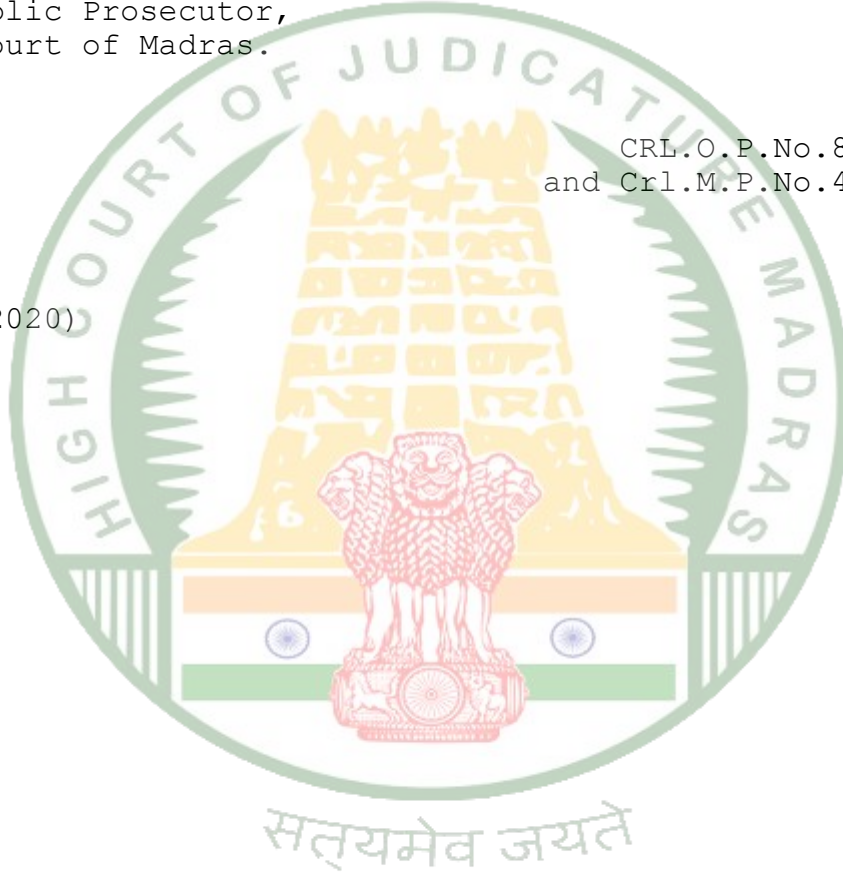
Sub Assistant Registrar

To

1. The Inspector of Police,
Kundrathur Police Station,
Kundrathur.
2. The Judicial Magistrate,
Kancheepuram.
3. The Chief Judicial Magistrate,
Chengalpattu.
4. The Public Prosecutor,
High Court of Madras.

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SPD(CO)
RV(08/10/2020)



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