

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED 23.07.2020

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THE HONOURABLE Mr.JUSTICE G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN

Crl.O.P.No.4198 of 2020

and

Crl.M.P.Nos.2403 & 2404 of 2020

M.Abdul Rahman,
S/o.Mohammed Sathick,
No.20/46, Guruvappa Maistry Street,
Ayanavaram,
Chennai - 600 023. Petitioner/Accused 2

Vs

1. The State represented by its
Inspector of Police,
T-6, Avadi Police Station,
Chennai District.1st Respondent/Complainant
(Crime No.21 of 2019)

2. M.Sasikumar,
S/o.Murugan,
No.92, Pallavan Nagar,
4th Main Road, Avadi,
Chennai - 600 071. 2nd Respondent/Defacto Complainant

PRAYER: Criminal Original Petitions filed under Section 482 of Cr.P.C, praying to call for the records pertaining to SC.No.129 of 2019 (on the file of the II Additional District and Sessions Court, Tiruvallur at Poonamallee) in Crime No.21 Of 2019 on the file of the Inspector of Police, T-6 Avadi Police Station, Chennai District and quash the same.

For Petitioner : Mr.M.Ravikumar

For Respondents

For R1 : Mr.S.Karthikeyan

Additional Public Prosecutor

For R2 : No appearance

ORDER

This petition has been filed to quash the proceedings in S.C.No.129 of 2019 on the file of the II Additional District and Sessions Court, Tiruvallur at Poonamallee, thereby taken cognizance for the offences under Section 302 of IPC read with Section 34 of IPC in Crime No.21 of 2019, as against this petitioner.

2. The learned Counsel appearing for the petitioner would submit that the petitioner is innocent and he has not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution. Without any base, the first respondent police registered a case in Crime No.21 of 2019 for the offences under Section 302 of IPC read with Section 34 of IPC, as against the petitioner and the same has been taken cognizance in S.C.No.129 of 2019 on the file of the II Additional District and Sessions Court, Tiruvallur at Poonamallee. Hence he prayed to quash the same.

3. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor would submit that the trial has been commenced and some of the witnesses have been examined in this case.

4. Heard Mr.M.Ravikumar, learned counsel appearing for the petitioner and Mr.S.Karthikeyan, learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the first respondent.

5. It is relevant to rely upon the judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India passed in Crl.A.No.579 of 2019 dated 02.04.2019 in the case of Devendra Prasad Singh Vs. State of Bihar & Anr., as follows:-

" 12. So far as the second ground is concerned, we are of the view that the High Court while hearing the application under Section 482 of the Cr.P.C. had no jurisdiction to appreciate the statement of the witnesses and record a finding that there were inconsistencies in their statements and, therefore, there was no prima facie case made out against respondent No.2. In our view, this could be done only in the trial while deciding the issues on the merits or/and by the Appellate Court while deciding the appeal arising out of the final order passed by the Trial Court but not in Section 482 Cr.P.C. proceedings.

13. In view of the foregoing discussion, we allow the appeal, set aside

the impugned order and restore the aforementioned complaint case to its original file for being proceeded with on merits in accordance with law.

6. Recently, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India dealing in respect of the very same issue in Crl.A.No.1572 of 2019 dated 17.10.2019 in the case of Central Bureau of Investigation Vs. Arvind Khanna, wherein, it has been held as follows:-

"19. After perusing the impugned order and on hearing the submissions made by the learned senior counsels on both sides, we are of the view that the impugned order passed by the High Court is not sustainable. In a petition filed under Section 482 of Cr.P.C., the High Court has recorded findings on several disputed facts and allowed the petition. Defence of the accused is to be tested after appreciating the evidence during trial. The very fact that the High Court, in this case, went into the most minute details, on the allegations made by the appellant-C.B.I., and the defence put-forth by the respondent, led us to a conclusion that the High Court has exceeded its power, while exercising its inherent jurisdiction under Section 482 Cr.P.C.

20. In our view, the assessment made by the High Court at this stage, when the matter has been taken cognizance by the Competent Court, is completely incorrect and uncalled for."

7. Further the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India also held in the order dated 02.12.2019 in Crl.A.No.1817 of 2019 in the case of M.Jayanthi Vs. K.R.Meenakshi & anr, as follows:-

"9. It is too late in the day to seek reference to any authority for the proposition that while invoking the power under Section 482 Cr.P.C for quashing a complaint or a charge, the Court should not embark upon an enquiry into the validity of the evidence available. All that the Court should see is as to whether there are allegations in the complaint which form the basis for the ingredients that constitute certain offences complained of. The Court may also be entitled to see (i) whether the

preconditions requisite for taking cognizance have been complied with or not; and (ii) whether the allegations contained in the complaint, even if accepted in entirety, would not constitute the offence alleged.

.....

13. A look at the complaint filed by the appellant would show that the appellant had incorporated the ingredients necessary for prosecuting the respondents for the offences alleged. The question whether the appellant will be able to prove the allegations in a manner known to law would arise only at a later stage....."

The above judgments are squarely applicable to this case and as such, the points raised by the petitioner cannot be considered by this Court under Section 482 Cr.P.C.

8. In view of the above discussion, this Court is not inclined to quash the proceedings in S.C.No.129 of 2019 in Crime No.21 of 2019 on the file of the II Additional District and Sessions Court, Tiruvallur at Poonamallee. The petitioners are at liberty to raise all the grounds before the trial Court.

9. Accordingly, this Criminal Original Petition stands dismissed. However, the first respondent is directed to complete the trial proceedings in S.C.No.129 of 2019 in Crime No.21 of 2019, within a period of nine months from the date of receipt of copy of this Order, before the jurisdiction Magistrate, if not already filed. Consequently, connected miscellaneous petitions are closed.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(CS)

//True copy//

Sub Assistant Registrar

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To

1. The Inspector of Police,
T-6, Avadi Police Station,
Chennai District.

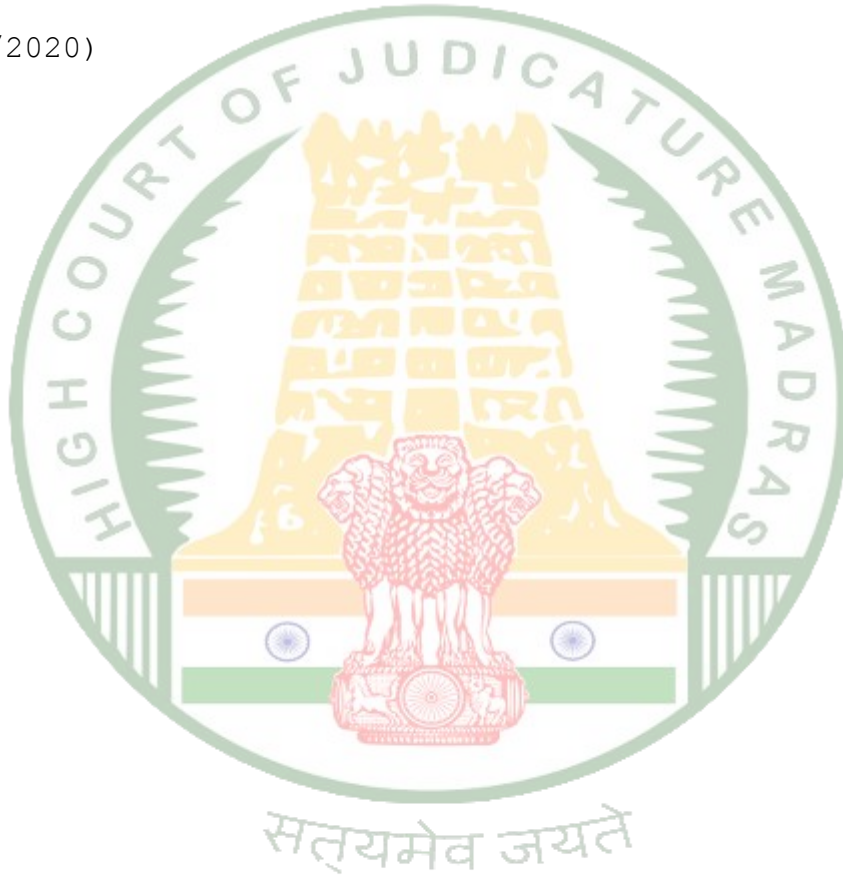
2. The II Additional District and Sessions Court,
Tiruvallur at Poonamallee.

3. The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Madras.

Crl.O.P.No.4198 of 2020
and

Crl.M.P.Nos.2403 & 2404 of 2020

SKS (CO)
GMY (24/09/2020)



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