

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS
DATED: 11.04.2019
CORAM:
THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN
Crl.O.P.No.9545 of 2019

K.Raja

...Petitioner

Vs.

State Rep by its
Inspector of Police,
W-14, All Women Police Station,
Thiruvottiyur,
Chennai-600 019.

...Respondent

PRAYER: Criminal Original Petition filed under Section 482 Cr.P.C. praying to direct the respondent Police not to harass the petitioner.

For Petitioner : Mr.M.Baskaran
For Respondent : Mr.C.Raghavan
Government Advocate (Crl.side)

ORDER

This petition has been filed seeking direction to the respondent police not to harass the petitioner under the guise of enquiry.

2. The learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would submit that the respondent police harass the petitioner under the guise of enquiry based on the complaint given by the petitioner's wife.

3. The learned Government Advocate (Crl.side) appearing for the respondent police submits that on the complaint given by the defacto complainant one Chitra, petition enquiry is pending in C.S.R. on the file of the respondent police.

4. Heard the learned Counsel for the petitioner and learned Government Advocate (Crl.side) for the respondent police.

5. It is the grievance of the petitioner that the respondent police have been harassing him under the guise of an enquiry/investigation and hence, has invoked the inherent powers of this Court under Section 482 of Cr.P.C.

6. An enquiry into a non cognizable offence or a cognizable offence is the unfettered powers of the Investigation Officers so long as the power to investigate/enquire into these offences are legitimately exercised within the frame work of

Chapter XII of the Code of Criminal Procedure. Though the Code of Criminal Procedure empowers the Magistrate to be a guardian in all the stages of the police investigation, there is no power envisaging him to interfere with the actual investigation or the mode of investigation. It is in this background that numerous petitions complaining of harassment are being reported and filed before this Court seeking for directions to refrain the police officials from harassing the persons named in a complaint.

7. This Court, exercising its power under Section 482 of the Criminal Procedure Code normally would not interfere with the investigation conducted by a police officer. Nevertheless, it would also not turn a blind eye to instances of harassment by the police under the guise of investigation is brought to its notice.

8. In the present case in hand, the petitioners have complained of harassment by the police based on a complaint and seek for this Court's intervention by way of a direction. The term 'harassment' by itself has a very wide meaning and hence, what could be harassment to the petitioners may not be the same to the police officer.

9. In order to circumvent such situations, the following guidelines are issued:

a) While summoning any person named in the complaint or any witness to the incident complained of, the police officer shall summon such person through a written summon under Section 160 Cr.P.C., specifying a particular date and time for appearing before them for such an enquiry/investigation.

b) The minutes of the enquiry shall be recorded in the general diary/station diary/daily diary of the police station.

c) The police officer shall refrain himself or herself from harassing persons called upon for enquiry/investigation.

d) The guidelines stipulated for preliminary enquiry or registration of FIR by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Lalita Kumari Vs. Government of Uttar Pradesh and others [2014 (2) SCC (1)] shall be strictly adhered to.

10. With the above observations and direction, the Criminal Original Petition stands disposed of.

Sd/-
Assistant Registrar

//True Copy//

Sub Assistant Registrar

rm

To

1. Inspector of Police,
W-14, All Women Police Station,
Thiruvottiyur,
Chennai-600 019.

2.The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Madras.

+1cc to Mr.M.Baskaran, Advocate sr.35576

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