

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

**CRM-M-49453-2017
Decided on: 19.07.2018**

Simranjit Singh and others

.... Petitioners

Versus

State of Punjab and another

..... Respondents

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE H.S. MADAN

Present: Mr. Rahul Rampal, Advocate,
for the petitioners.

Ms. Samina Dhir, DAG, Punjab,
for respondents No.1 and 2.

Mr. Ankush Thakral, Advocate, for
Mr. B.S. Jaswal, Advocate,
for the complainant.

H.S. MADAN, J (ORAL)

Petitioners – Simranjit Singh and others have brought the instant petition under Section 482 Cr.P.C. for quashing of FIR No. 20 dated 26.05.2017, for offences under Sections 498-A and 406 of IPC, registered at Police Station Women Cell, District Amritsar, against them alongwith consequential proceedings arising therefrom, on the basis of compromise, stated to have been effected between them and complainant Navpreet Kaur - arrayed as respondent No.2.

When the petition came up for hearing on 22.12.2017, notice of motion was ordered to be issued. Then in light of the contention that parties have since effected compromise, they were directed to put in appearance before the trial Court to get their statements recorded with regard to compromise and the trial Court was directed to send a report to this Court.

Report has been received from Chief Judicial Magistrate, Amritsar, through District and Sessions Judge, Amritsar, in terms of which complainant Navpreet Kaur and accused, namely, Simranjit Singh, Mohan Singh and Kuldip Kaur had appeared there and their statements were recorded, in terms of which they have admitted to have entered into a voluntary compromise, with free will, without any pressure, coercion or undue influence. Further complainant has stated that she has no objection if the FIR in question is quashed by this Court. There is nothing on record to doubt the genuineness of the compromise so arrived at between the parties. It has been reported that no accused has been declared proclaimed offender in the FIR in question. Alongwith the report statement of the complainant and both the accused, in original, have been annexed.

I have heard learned counsel for the petitioners, learned State counsel, besides going through the record.

The dispute between the parties has been resolved amicably, which appears to have been arrived at between them voluntarily without any threat or coercion and in terms of ratio of the authority reported as **Kulwinder Singh and others vs. State of Punjab and others** 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052, where in para 28, it has been held as under :-

“The compromise, in a modern society, is the sine qua non of harmony and orderly behaviour. It is the soul of justice and if the power under Section 482 of the Cr.P.C. is used to enhance such a compromise which, in turn, enhances the social amity and reduces friction, then it truly is “*finest hour of justice*”.”

It has been observed that High Court has power to quash prosecution in order to achieve ends of justice and to prevent abuse of process of law. Though such powers are unlimited but those are to be exercised sparingly and with utmost care and caution. Though there is no statutory bar which can effect the inherent power of High Court under Section 482 Cr.P.C.

It is stated that FIR is at stage of investigation.

Learned counsel for the petitioners submits that matter has been settled through mediation in the High Court, a petitioner under Section 13-B of Hindu Marriage Act has been filed and statement on first motion recorded.

The compromise is in interest of peace and tranquility in the society and for such like reasons this Court can quash the FIR and ancillary proceedings exercising power under Section 482 Cr.P.C., it appears to be a fit case to exercise such powers.

Accordingly, the petition is allowed and the abovesaid FIR alongwith ancillary proceedings are hereby quashed.

(H.S. MADAAN)
JUDGE

19.07.2018

Dinesh

Whether speaking/reasoned : Yes/No

Whether Reportable : Yes/No