

**IN THE HIGH COURT FOR THE STATES OF PUNJAB AND
HARYANA AT CHANDIGARH**

Crl. Misc. M-21159-2018 (O&M)

Date of Decision: 26.09.2018

Mann Kaur and others

...Petitioners

Versus

State of Punjab and another

...Respondents

CORAM:- HON'BLE MS. JUSTICE JAISHREE THAKUR

Present:- Mr. AS Khinda, Advocate
for the petitioners.

Mr. R.S. Khaira, AAG, Punjab.

Mr. Harjinder Singh, Advocate
for Ms. Juhi, Advocate
for the respondent No.2.

JAISHREE THAKUR, J. (Oral)

This petition has been filed under Section 482 of the Code of Criminal Procedure seeking quashing of FIR No.66 dated 31.07.2015 registered under Sections 406 and 498-A of Indian Penal Code at Police Station Begowal, District Kapurthala (Annexure P/1) and all subsequent proceedings arising therefrom in view of the compromise dated 01.05.2018 (Annexure P/2).

The FIR has been registered on the statement of complainant-respondent No.2 on the allegations that the accused-petitioners had harassed and tortured her in spite of giving enough dowry during marriage but they were demanding XUV car in dowry and giving threats to kill her

and her parents. Now with the intervention of respectable persons, the matter has been amicably compromised between the parties and they have resolved their disputes and differences by parting their ways and in this regard divorce also have been granted to them vide petition filed under Section 13(B) of Hindu Marriage Act.

Keeping in view the fact that the parties have entered into a compromise, they were directed to appear before the trial court/Illaq Magistrate for getting their statements recorded in support of the compromise. In pursuance of the direction, a report dated 12.09.2018 has been received from Judicial Magistrate Ist Class at Kapurthala forwarded by the District and Sessions Judge, Kapaurthala on 14.09.2018, stating that the compromise arrived at between the parties is without any pressure or coercion from any one and the same is genuine one.

Learned Assistant Advocate General, Punjab, on instructions from the Investigating Officer and learned counsel for the complainant-respondent No.2 admit the factum of compromise and submit that in case the parties have indeed settled their dispute, the State would have no objection to the quashing of the FIR, in view of the law laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

I have heard learned counsel for the parties and have gone through the record.

In a decision, based on compromise, none of the parties is a loser. Rather, a compromise not only brings peace and harmony between the parties to a dispute, but also restores tranquility in the society. After considering the nature of offences allegedly committed and the fact that

both the parties have amicably settled their dispute, continuance of criminal prosecution would be an exercise in futility, as the chances of ultimate conviction are bleak.

Consequently, keeping in view the fact that the dispute has been amicably settled and in view of the law laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **Narinder Singh and others vs. State of Punjab and another, (2014) 6 SCC 466** and in view of the fact that the divorce had been granted, this petition is allowed and FIR No.66 dated 31.07.2015 registered under Sections 406 and 498-A of Indian Penal Code at Police Station Begowal, District Kapurthala and all subsequent proceedings arising out of the same are quashed.

The petition stands disposed of.

September 26, 2018

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**(JAISHREE THAKUR)
JUDGE**

Whether speaking/reasoned
Whether reportable

Yes
Yes/No