

IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB & HARYANA AT CHANDIGARH

CRM-M No.10268 of 2018 (O&M)

Date of decision : 6.8.2018

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Manpreet Singh

.....Petitioner

vs.

The State of Punjab and another

.....Respondents

Coram: Hon'ble Mr. Justice H. S. Madaan

Present: Mr. Vidit Bansal, Advocate for the petitioner.

Mr. Rakeshinder Singh Sidhu, AAG, Punjab.

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H. S. Madaan, J. (Oral)

Petitioner Manpreet Singh has brought the instant petition under Section 482 Cr.P.C. for quashing of FIR No. 157 dated 31.12.2106, for offences under Sections 406, 498-A IPC, registered at Police Station Women, District Ludhiana City, against him, alongwith consequential proceedings arising therefrom, on the basis of compromise, stated to have been effected between him and complainant Amandeep Kaur - arrayed as respondent No.2.

When the petition came up for hearing on 12.3.2018, notice of motion was ordered to be issued. The respondent No. 1 - State of

Punjab through State counsel, whereas respondent No.2 through Mr. Mohd. Salim, Advocate, had put in appearance. Then in light of the contention that parties have since effected compromise, they were directed to put in appearance before the trial Court to get their statements recorded with regard to compromise and the trial Court was directed to send a report to this Court.

Report has been received from Judicial Magistrate Ist Class, Ludhiana, in terms of which complainant Amandeep Kaur and accused, namely, Manpreet Singh had appeared there and their statements were recorded, in terms of which they have admitted to have entered into a voluntary compromise, with free will, without any pressure, coercion or undue influence. Further complainant has stated that she has no objection if the FIR in question is quashed by this Court. There is nothing on record to doubt the genuineness of the compromise so arrived at between the parties. It has been reported that no accused has been declared proclaimed offender in the FIR in question. Alongwith the report statements of the complainant and the accused, in original, have been annexed.

I have heard learned counsel for the petitioner, learned State counsel, besides going through the record.

It is stated that the FIR is at the stage of investigation and challan has not been filed. It is further stated that a petition under Section 13-B of the Hindu Marriage Act, for dissolution of marriage between the parties by way of decree of divorce by mutual consent has been filed, which is fixed for recording of the statements of the

petitioners on second motion.

The dispute between the parties has been resolved amicably, which appears to have been arrived at between them voluntarily without any threat or coercion and in terms of ratio of the authority reported as **Kulwinder Singh and others vs. State of Punjab and others** 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052, where in para 28, it has been held as under :-

“The compromise, in a modern society, is the sine qua non of harmony and orderly behaviour. It is the soul of justice and if the power under Section 482 of the Cr.P.C. is used to enhance such a compromise which, in turn, enhances the social amity and reduces friction, then it truly is “*finest hour of justice*”.”

It has been observed that High Court has power to quash prosecution in order to achieve ends of justice and to prevent abuse of process of law. Though such powers are unlimited but those are to be exercised sparingly and with utmost care and caution. Though there is no statutory bar which can effect the inherent power of High Court under Section 482 Cr.P.C.

The compromise is in interest of peace and tranquility in the society and for such like reasons this Court can quash the FIR and ancillary proceedings exercising power under Section 482 Cr.P.C., it appears to be a fit case to exercise such powers.

Accordingly, the petition is allowed and the abovesaid FIR
alongwith ancillary proceedings are hereby quashed.

6.8.2018
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(H.S. Madaan)
Judge

Whether speaking / reasoned	Yes / No
Whether reportable	Yes / No