

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

Reserved on : 02.02.2018

Delivered on : 27.02.2018

CORAM:

THE HON'BLE MR.JUSTICE K.K.SASIDHARAN
AND
THE HON'BLE MR.JUSTICE P.VELMURUGAN

W.A No.1713 of 2017 and
CMP No.21937 of 2017

- 1.The State of Tamil Nadu,
Rep. By its Secretary to Government,
Industries Department, Secretari
Chennai - 600 009.
- 2.The District Collector,
Kancheepuram District,
Kancheepuram.Appellants/ Respondent 1 and 2
in WP.7886 of 2012
- Vs
- 1.A.Lenin 1st Respondent/Petitioner in
WP.7886 of 2012
- 2.The Managing Director,
SIPCOT,
19-A, Rukmani Lakshmipathy Salai,
Egmore, Chennai - 600 008.
...2nd Respondent/3rd Respondent in
WP.7886 of 2012

Prayer:- Writ Appeal filed under clause 15 of the Letter Patent
to set aside the order dated 23.01.2013 in W.P.No.7886 of 2012.

WP.7886 of 2012: Writ petition filed under Article 226 of the
Constitution of India, to issue a Writ of certiorarified
mandamus Calling for the records of the 2nd Respondent in his
proceedings No. Na.Ka.O.V.Thee 2/2009/6 dated 29.7.2011 quash
the same and further direct the 2nd Respondent to conduct
personal hearing to the petitioner based upon the representation
dated 20.09.2010 after furnishing the reports of the 3rd
respondent.

For Appellants : Mr.P.H.Aravind Pandian

Additional Advocate General
Assisted by Mrs.A.Sri Jayanthi,
Spl.Govt.Pleader

For Respondents: No appearance for R1
Mrs.Sudarsana Sundar
Standing Counsel for R2

J U D G M E N T

K.K. SASIDHARAN, J.

Introductory

The writ petition filed by the first respondent challenging the land acquisition was quashed by the learned single Judge by placing reliance on the earlier decision of a learned single Judge in V.G.P.Housing (P) Ltd., v. The Secretary to Government [W.P.Nos.2055 and 2056 of 2010 dated 10.07.2012]. In the said decision, the learned single Judge opined that enquiry must be conducted only by the Government notwithstanding Section 23-A of the Tamil Nadu Acquisition of Land for Industrial Purposes Act, 1997 (hereinafter referred to as "Industrial Purposes Act), delegating the power to the District Collector concerned and the related Government Order in G.O.Ms.No.513 dated 2 September 2005. The order is under challenge at the instance of the State.

The Facts

2. The land owned by the first respondent in Sriperumbudur Taluk, was acquired by the State along with larger extent for expansion of existing industrial complex at Sriperumbudur. The total land acquired was 173.25.5 hectares. The District Collector issued notice under Section 3(2) of the Industrial Purposes Act to show cause as to why the land should not be acquired. The District Collector on receipt of objection conducted enquiry after issuing notice. The District Collector after conclusion of the enquiry submitted his report to the Government for acquisition of land. The Government after consideration of the report and the recommendation made by the District Collector issued a notification under Sub-Section (1) of Section 3 of the Industrial Purposes Act acquiring the land.

3. The first respondent challenged the notification on the ground that enquiry was not conducted in accordance with the Industrial Purposes Act and the Rules made thereunder.

4. The learned single Judge quashed the land acquisition by following the earlier decision in V.G.P. Housing (P) Ltd. In the earlier decision, the learned single Judge held that notwithstanding the power of delegation under Section 23-A of the Industrial Purposes Act, enquiry must be conducted only by

the Government.

Submissions

5. The learned Additional Advocate General by placing reliance on the material documents available on record submitted that the District Collector after issuing notice under Section 3 (2) of the Industrial Purposes Act conducted enquiry. The objection given by the first respondent was considered and thereafter, it was overruled. The learned Additional Advocate General contended that the District Collector is empowered to conduct enquiry as a delegatee of the Government, in view of Section 23-A of the Industrial purposes Act and the order in G.O.Ms.No.513 dated 2 September 2005. The learned Additional Advocate General further contended that the learned single Judge was not justified in quashing the land acquisition.

6. None appeared on behalf of the first respondent.

Discussion

7. The land owned by the first respondent was part of larger extent acquired by the State by invoking the provisions of Tamil Nadu Act 10 of 1999. The acquisition was initiated for expansion of existing industrial complex at Sriperumbudur.

8. The notification issued by the Government was challenged by the first respondent on the ground that enquiry was not conducted by the District Collector after furnishing the relevant materials to the land owner.

9. Before the Writ Court, the District Collector filed a counter affidavit justifying the acquisition. The District Collector explained the steps taken by him for issuing notice under Section 3(1) of the Industrial Purposes Act and consideration of objection received from the land owners and the disposal of such objection and recommendation made to the Government for acquisition.

10. There are two questions involved in this intra court appeal. The first question relates to the validity of the order passed by the learned single Judge in VGP Housing case (cited supra), which was taken as the binding precedent by the learned single Judge to quash the acquisition in question. The second issue relates to the legality and correctness of the enquiry conducted by the District Collector under Section 3(2) of the Industrial Purposes Act.

First Issue

11. The first issue is covered by our decision in Secretary to Government v. M/s. V.G.P.Housing (P) Ltd [W.A.No.1710 of 2017 dated 1 February 2018]. This Court by placing reliance on Section 23-A of the Industrial Purposes Act made the legal

position clear that on account of the statutory delegation, the District Collector is empowered to conduct enquiry under Section 3(2) of the Industrial Purposes Act. Therefore, the first issue does not require adjudication once again in this appeal.

Second Issue

12. The second issue relates to the validity of the enquiry conducted by the District Collector. The Notification under Section 3(2) of the Industrial Purposes Act dated 24 December 2009 was published in newspapers. The counter affidavit filed by the District Collector indicates that statement of objection given by the first respondent was considered and it was rejected.

13. We have perused the file produced by the appellants. We are convinced that the enquiry was conducted in accordance with the legislative mandate. The objection was mainly on account of the construction of multi storeyed building in and around the locality. The objection was overruled by the Collector by giving reasons.

14. The Collector is expected to conduct a summary enquiry. The Collector after giving reasonable opportunity to the land owners conducted enquiry. The individual objections were considered on merits. It was only thereafter a report was submitted to the Government recommending further proceedings for acquisition. The Government thereafter issued notification under Section 3(1) of the Industrial Purposes Act. The first respondent miserably failed to prove that there was non-compliance of the procedural provisions while conducting enquiry by the District Collector.

15. The learned single Judge quashed the acquisition not on the ground that enquiry was not conducted properly. The learned single Judge followed the earlier decision relating to delegation and allowed the writ petition. We are of the considered view that the learned single Judge was not justified in quashing the acquisition initiated by the Government in larger public interest.

16. The order dated 23 January 2013 is set aside. The writ petition in W.P.No.7886 of 2012 is dismissed.

17. The intra court appeal filed by the State is allowed. No costs. Consequently, connected miscellaneous petition is closed.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(Audit)

//True copy//

Sub Assistant Registrar

svki

To

1.The State of Tamil Nadu,
Rep. By its Secretary to Government,
Industries Department, Secretari
Chennai - 600 009.

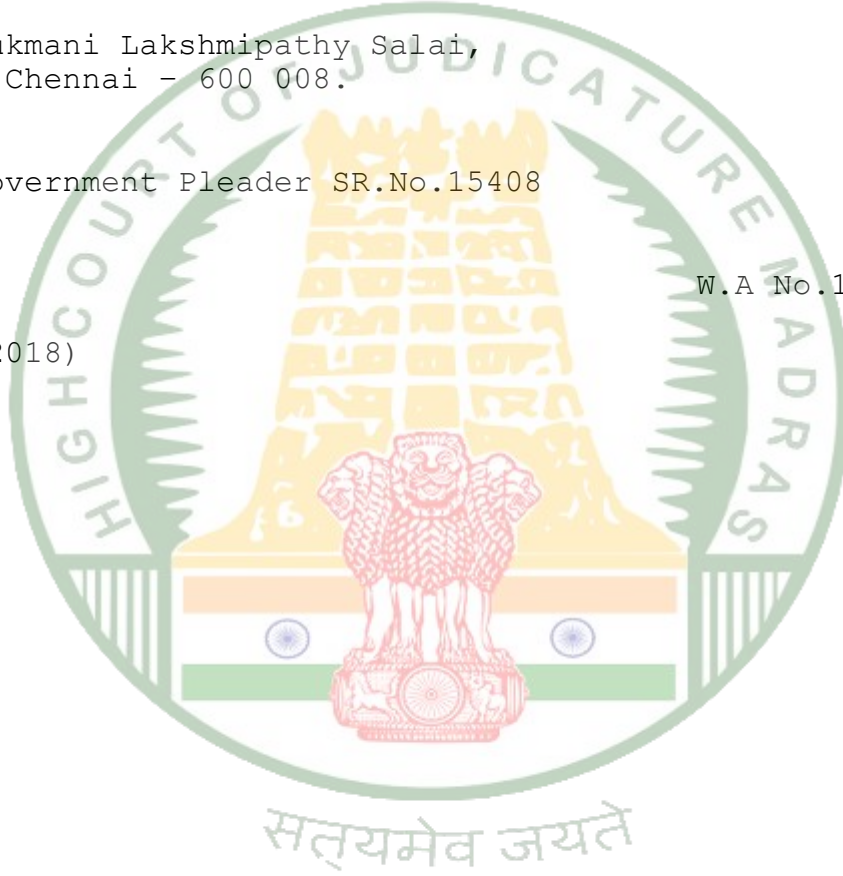
2.The District Collector,
Kancheepuram District,
Kancheepuram.

3.The Managing Director,
SIPCOT,
19-A, Rukmani Lakshmipathy Salai,
Egmore, Chennai - 600 008.

+1cc to Government Pleader SR.No.15408

W.A No.1713 of 2017

KAN(CO)
GN(15/03/2018)



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