

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA AT
CHANDIGARH**

CRM-M-17129 of 2016

Date of Decision: September 08, 2017

Om Parkash

.....Petitioner

Versus

State of Punjab and another

.....Respondents

CORAM:HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE ARVIND SINGH SANGWAN

Present: Mr. A.K.Khunger, Advocate
for the petitioner.
Mr. K.S.Sidhu, Deputy Advocate
General, Punjab.

ARVIND SINGH SANGWAN, J.

Petitioner has filed the present petition under Section 482 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 for quashing of FIR No. 170 dated 7.6.2009, under Sections 326,452,324,434,148,149 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 ('IPC' for short), registered at Police Station City Abohar, District Fazilka (Annexure P1) and all consequential proceedings arising therefrom, on the basis of compromise dated 31.3.2016 (Annexure P3) .

Vide order dated 1.5.2017, a direction was given to the trial Court to record the statements of the parties and submit a report regarding the genuineness of the compromise effected between the parties.

In pursuance thereof, the trial Court has submitted a report dated 16.9.2016/17.5.2017(forwarded by the District and Sessions

Judge, Rupnagar on 22.9.2016/18.5.2017), after recording the statements of the parties, that the complainant-Devi and accused- Om Parkash and the newly added respondents No.3 and 4 i.e. Anita and Chanani have appeared along with their respective counsel, who had identified them and got their statements recorded acknowledging that the compromise had been effected voluntarily, without any coercion or any undue influence.

Perusal of allegations in the FIR reveals that the present case squarely falls in the category of cases that can be quashed by the High Court, in exercise of its inherent power under Section 482 of the Code. Keeping in view authoritative enunciation of law laid down by Hon'ble the Supreme Court of India in “**Gian Singh vs State of Punjab and another**”, 2012(4) R.C.R. (Criminal) 543 and in the light of facts and circumstances of the present case, this Court is of the considered opinion that continuation of criminal proceedings would amount to abuse of process of law and it is expedient in the interest of justice that criminal proceedings are put to an end.

As per the Full Bench judgement of this Court in **Kulwinder Singh and others vs. State of Punjab, 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052**, High Court has power under Section 482 Cr.P.C. to allow the compounding of non-compoundable offence and quash the prosecution where the High Court felt that the same was required to prevent the abuse of the process of any Court or to otherwise secure the ends of justice. This power of quashing is not confined to matrimonial disputes alone.

Since the parties have arrived at a compromise and have decided to live in peace, no useful purpose would be served in

allowing the criminal proceedings to continue.

Accordingly, this petition is allowed. FIR No. 170 dated 7.6.2009, under Sections 326, 452, 324, 434, 148, 149 IPC, registered at Police Station City Abohar, District Fazilka (Annexure P1) and all the consequential proceedings, arising therefrom, are ordered to be quashed qua the petitioner.

(ARVIND SINGH SANGWAN)
JUDGE

September 08, 2017
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Whether speaking/reasoned: Yes

Whether Reportable: Yes