



WEB COPY

BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT
DATED: 24.03.2017

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE T.S.SIVAGNANAM
AND

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE P.VELMURUGAN
H.C.P(MD)No.1335 of 2016

Asokan

: Petitioner

Vs.

1.The State of Tamil Nadu,
Represented by its
Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Fort.St.George, Secretariat,
Chennai - 600 009.

2.The Commissioner of Police,
Madurai City, Madurai.

3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Central Prison, Madurai.

: Respondents

PRAYER: Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying to issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus, to call for the records, pertaining to the detention order passed by the second respondent in No.65/BCDFGISSSV/2016, dated 27.09.2016 and quash the same and consequently, direct the respondents to produce the body or person of Mr.Senthilarasan @ Senthil, S/o.Late Asaithambi, aged 32 years, now confined at Central Prison, Madurai, before this Court and set him at liberty.

For Petitioner
For Respondents

: Mr.T.A.Ebenezer
: Mr.C.Ramesh
Additional Public Prosecutor.

O R D E R

[Order of the Court was made by T.S.SIVAGNANAM, J.]

The petitioner is the uncle of the detenu - Mr.Senthilarasan @ Senthil, S/o.Late Asaithambi, aged 32 years. The detenu has been detained by the second respondent by his order in 65/BCDFGISSSV/2016, dated 27.09.2016, holding him to be a "Goonda", as contemplated under Section 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982. The said order is under challenge in this Habeas Corpus Petition.

have also perused the records produced by the Detaining Authority.

3. Though several grounds have been raised in the Habeas Corpus Petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner would mainly focus his argument on the ground that there is gross violation of procedural safeguards, which would vitiate the detention. The learned counsel, by placing authorities, submitted that the representation made by the petitioner was not considered on time and there was an inordinate and unexplained delay.

4. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor opposed the Habeas Corpus Petition. He would submit that though there was delay in considering the representation, on that score alone, the impugned detention order cannot be quashed. According to the learned Additional Public Prosecutor, no prejudice has been caused to the detenu and thus, there is no violation of the fundamental rights guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India.

5. The Detention Order in question was passed on 27.09.2016. The petitioner made a representation dated 04.10.2016. Thereafter, remarks were called for by the Government from the Detaining Authority on 07.10.2016. The remarks were duly received on 17.10.2016. Thereafter, the Government considered the matter and passed the order rejecting the representation on 21.10.2016.

6. It is the contention of the petitioner that there was a delay of 4 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority.

7. In **Rekha Vs. State of Tamil Nadu**, [2011 (5) SCC 244], the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that the procedural safeguards are required to be zealously watched and enforced by the Courts of law and their rigour cannot be allowed to be diluted on the basis of the nature of the alleged activities undertaken by the detenu.

8. In **Sumaiya Vs. The Secretary to Government**, [2007 (2) MWN (Cr.) 145], a Division Bench of this Court has held that the unexplained delay of three days in disposal of the representation made on behalf of the detenu would be sufficient to set aside the order of detention.

9. In **Tara Chand Vs. State of Rajasthan and others**, [1980 (2) SCC 321], the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that any inordinate and unexplained delay on the part of the Government in considering the representation renders the very detention illegal.

10. In the subject case, admittedly, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of 4 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority. The impugned detention order is, therefore,



liable to be quashed.

11. In the result, the Detention Order, passed by the second respondent, in his proceedings in 65/BCDFGISSSV/2016, dated 27.09.2016, is quashed. The detenu, namely, Mr.Senthilarasan @ Senthil, S/o.Late Asaithambi, aged 32 years, is ordered to be set at liberty forthwith, if he is not required for detention in connection with any other case.

12. In the upshot, we allow the Habeas Corpus Petition.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(CS-III)

/True Copy/

Sub Assistant Registrar

To

- 1.The Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Fort.St.George, Secretariat,
Chennai - 600 009.
- 2.The Commissioner of Police,
Madurai City, Madurai.
- 3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Central Prison, Madurai.
- 4.The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.
- 5.The Joint Secretary to Government Public(Law and Order)
Fort. St.George,
Chennai-600 009.

+1cc to M/s.T.A.EBENEZAR Advocate in SR.No.17650

NB

JS/SKN/RSK/4/04/2017/3P-7C

ORDER MADE IN
H.C.P (MD) No.1335 of 2016
Dated:24.03.2017