

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

Dated : 31.10.2017

Coram

THE HON'BLE MR.JUSTICE RAJIV SHAKDHER
&
THE HON'BLE MR.JUSTICE N.SATHISH KUMAR

H.C.P.No.1836 of 2017

R. Girija

... Petitioner

Vs.

1.The Secretary to the Government
Home Prohibition and Excise Department
Secretariat
Chennai - 600 009.

2.The District revenue Officer/
District Magistrate and District Collector,
(full Additional charge),
Thiruvallur District,
Thiruvallur

...Respondents

PRAYER: Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India, to issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus, calling for the records in connection with the order of Detention passed by the second respondent dated 8.07.2017 in BCDFGISSSV No.22/2017 against the petitioner's son Tamilarasan @ Vellai S/o late Raji, Male, 20 years who is confined at Borstal School, Pudukottai and set aside the same and direct the respondents to produce the detenu before this Court and set him at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.J. Prakash

For Respondents : Mr.V.M.R.Rajentran,
Addl. Public Prosecutor.

ORDER

(Order of the Court was made by **N.SATHISH KUMAR, J**)

The petitioner is the mother of the detenu, namely, Tamilarasan @ Vellai, son of Raji, male, aged about 20 years. The detenu has been detained by the second respondent by his order in No.BCDFGISSSV No.22/2017 dated 08.07.2017, holding him to be a "Goonda", as contemplated under 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982. The said order is under challenge in this Habeas Corpus Petition.

2. We have heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents. We have also perused the records produced by the Detaining Authority.

3. Though several grounds have been raised in the Habeas Corpus Petition, the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would mainly focus his argument on the ground that there is gross violation of procedural safeguards, which would vitiate the detention. The learned counsel, by placing

authorities, submitted that the representation made by the petitioner was not considered on time and there was an inordinate and unexplained delay with regard to the same.

4. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor opposed the Habeas Corpus Petition. He would submit that though there was delay in considering the representation, on that score alone, the impugned detention order cannot be quashed. According to the learned Additional Public Prosecutor, no prejudice has been caused to the detenu and thus, there is no violation of the fundamental rights guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India.

5. The Detention Order in question was passed on 08.07.2017. The petitioner made a representation dated 28.07.2017 and the same was received on 10.08.2017 and thereafter, made another representation dated 28.07.2017 and the same was received on 17.08.2017 and subsequently made another representation dated 28.07.2017 and the same was received on 10.08.2017. Thereafter, remarks were called for by the Government from the Detaining Authority on 10.08.2017 in respect of the first representation. Insofar as the

second representation is concerned, remarks were called on 17.08.2017 and the third representation is concerned, remarks were called on 17.08.2017. The remarks were duly received on 29.08.2017 in respect of the first representation. Insofar as the second representation, remarks were duly received on 05.10.2017 and for the third representation, remarks were received on 05.10.2017. Thereafter, the Government considered the matter and passed the order rejecting the petitioner's representations on 11.09.2017, 11.10.2017 and 11.10.2017.

6. It is the contention of the petitioner that in respect of the first representation there was a delay of 18 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority, of which 9 days were Government Holidays and hence there was an inordinate delay of 9 days in submitting the remarks. Insofar as the second representation and third representation are concerned there was a delay of 48 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority, of which 17 days were Government Holidays and hence there was an inordinate delay of 31 days in submitting the remarks.

7. In **Rekha vs. State of Tamil Nadu**, reported in 2011 (5) SCC 244, the Honourable Supreme Court has held that the procedural safeguards are required to be zealously watched and enforced by the Courts of law and their rigour cannot be allowed to be diluted on the basis of the nature of the alleged activities undertaken by the detenu.

8. In **Sumaiya vs. The Secretary to Government**, reported in 2007 (2) MWN (Cr.) 145, a Division Bench of this Court has held that the unexplained delay of three days in disposal of the representation made on behalf of the detenu would be sufficient to set aside the order of detention.

9. In **Tara Chand vs. State of Rajasthan and others**, reported in 1980 (2) SCC 321, the Honourable Supreme Court has held that any inordinate and unexplained delay on the part of the Government in considering the representation renders the very detention illegal.

10. In the subject case, admittedly, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of 9 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority in respect of the first representation. Insofar as the second and third

representations are concerned, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of 31 days (each) in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority. The impugned detention order is, therefore, liable to be quashed.

11. In the result, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and the order of detention in No.BCDFGISSSV No.22/2017 dated 08.07.2017, passed by the second respondent is set aside. The detenu, namely, Tamilarasan @ Vellai, son of Raji, male, aged about 20 years, is directed to be released forthwith unless his detention is required in connection with any other case. Given the nature of the case, this order will be communicated to the concerned Jail Superintendent by the Registrar General of this Court via Fax.

(R.S.A., J.)

(N.S.K., J.)

31.10.2017

Index : yes/no

sr

Note: Issue copy by today itself

order will be communicated to the concerned Jail Superintendent by the Registrar General of this Court via Fax.

RAJIV SHAKDHER, J.
and
N.SATHISH KUMAR, J.

sr

To

- 1.The Secretary to the Government
Home Prohibition and Excise Department
Secretariat
Chennai - 600 009.
- 2.The District revenue Officer/
District Magistrate and District Collector,
(full Additional charge),
Thiruvallur District,
Thiruvallur
3. The Superintendent of Prison,
Borstal School, Pudukottai
- 4.The Public Prosecutor,
Madras High Court,
Chennai.

H.C.P.No.1836 of 2017

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