

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED: 12.07.2017

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE M.S.RAMESH

CrI.O.P.No.7702 of 2017

K.M.Venkatakrishana

...Petitioner

Vs.

1. The State rep. by its  
Inspector of Police,  
M-7, Manali New Town Police, Station  
Manali,  
Chennai-600 103.  
(Crime No. Not Know 2017)

2. The Commissioner of Police,  
No. 132, Commission rate of Police,  
EVK Sampath Salai,  
Chennai-600 007.

...Respondents

PRAYER: Criminal Original Petition filed under Section 482 Cr.P.C. praying direction, directing the 1st respondent not to harass the petitioner in the name of enquiry in regard this above said complaint preferred by the above said Karunakaran.

For Petitioner : Mr.M.VijayaKumar

For Respondent : Mr.P.Govindarajan, for R1 & R2  
Additional Public Prosecutor.

ORDER

It is the grievance of the petitioner that the respondents police have been harassing him under the guise of an enquiry/investigation and hence, has invoked the inherent powers of this Court under Section 482 of Cr.P.C.

2.An enquiry into a non cognizable offence or a cognizable offence is the unfettered powers of the Investigation Officers so long as the power to investigate/enquire into these offences are legitimately exercised within the frame work of Chapter XII of the Code of Criminal Procedure. Though the Code of Criminal Procedure empowers the Magistrate to be a guardian in all the stages of the police investigation, there is no power envisaging him to interfere with the actual investigation or the

mode of investigation. It is in this background that numerous petitions complaining of harassment are being reported and filed before this Court seeking for directions to refrain the police officials from harassing the persons named in a complaint.

3.This Court, exercising its power under Section 482 of the Criminal Procedure Code normally would not interfere with the investigation conducted by a police officer. Nevertheless, it would also not turn a blind eye to instances of harassment by the police under the guise of investigation is brought to its notice.

4.In the present case in hand, the petitioner has complained of harassment by the police based on a complaint and seeks for this Court's intervention by way of a direction. The term 'harassment' by itself has a very wide meaning and hence, what could be harassment to the petitioner may not be the same to the police officer.

5.In order to circumvent such situations, the following guidelines are issued:

a)While summoning any persons named in the complaint or any witness to the incident complained of, the police officer shall summon such persons through a written summon under Section 160 Cr.P.C., specifying a particular date and time for appearing before them for such an enquiry/investigation.

b)The minutes of the enquiry shall be recorded in the general diary/station diary/daily diary of the police station.

c)The police officer shall refrain himself or herself from harassing persons called upon for enquiry/investigation.

d)The guidelines stipulated for preliminary enquiry or registration of FIR by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Lalita Kumari Vs. Government of Uttar Pradesh and others [2014 (2) SCC (1)] shall be strictly adhered to.

6.With the above observations and direction, the Criminal Original Petition stands allowed.

Sd/-  
Assistant Registrar(CS IV)

//True Copy//

Sub Assistant Registrar

bsm

To

1. Inspector of Police,  
M-7, Manali New Town Police, Station  
Manali,  
Chennai-600 103.

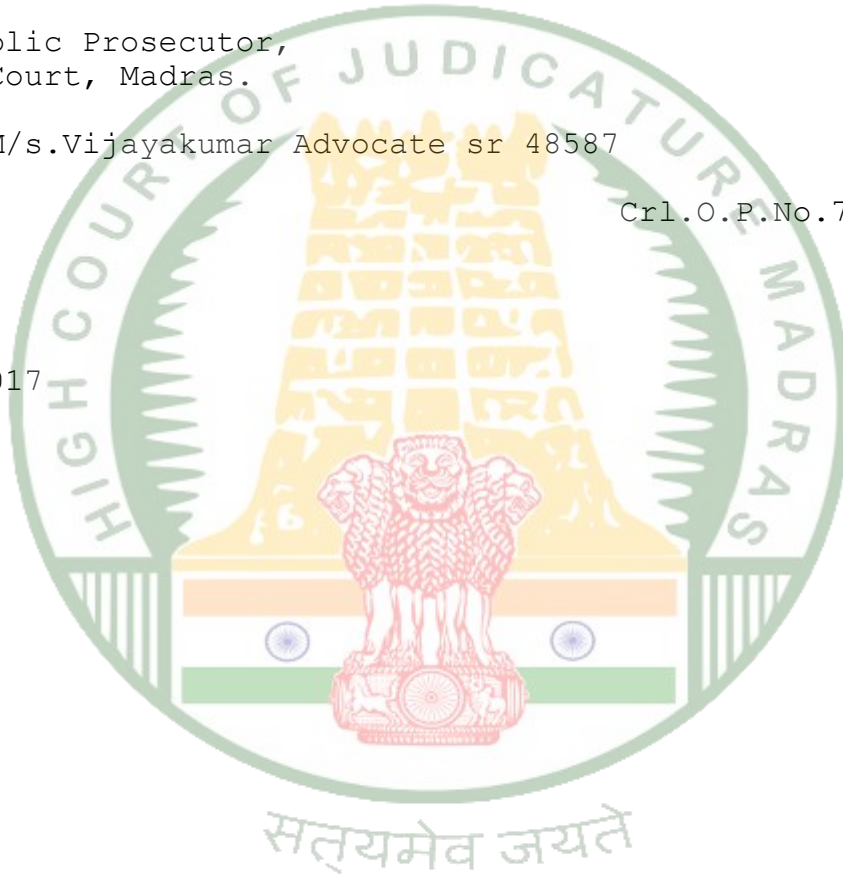
2. The Commissioner of Police,  
No. 132, Commission rate of Police,  
EVK Sampath Salai,  
Chennai-600 007.

3. The Public Prosecutor,  
High Court, Madras.

+1 cc to M/s.Vijayakumar Advocate sr 48587

Cr1.O.P.No.7702 of 2017

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