

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

Dated : 27.11.2017

Coram

THE HON'BLE MR.JUSTICE RAJIV SHAKDHER
&
THE HON'BLE MR.JUSTICE N.SATHISH KUMAR

H.C.P.No.1493 of 2017

Nithya

... Petitioner

Vs.

1.State of Tamil Nadu
Rep. by its Secretary to the Government
Home Prohibition and Excise Dept.
Secretariat
Chennai 600 009.

2.The Commissioner of Police
Greater Chennai Police
Vepery, Chennai 600 007

...Respondents

PRAYER: Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India, to issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus, calling for the entire records, relating to Petitioner's husband detention under Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982 vide detention order, dated 13.07.2017 on the file of the second respondent herein made in proceedings BCDFGISSSV No.418/2017 and quash the same as illegal and consequently direct the respondents herein to produce the said Petitioner's husband namely Delli @ Michael, son of Chinnapaiyan, aged 29 years before this Court and set the Petitioner's husband at liberty from detention, now petitioner's husband detained at Central Prison-II, Puzhal, Chennai 600 066.

For Petitioner : * **Mr.E.C.Ramesh**

For Respondents : Mr.V.M.R.Rajentran,
Addl. Public Prosecutor.

O R D E R

(Order of the Court was made by N.SATHISH KUMAR, J.)

The petitioner is the wife of the detenu, namely, Delli @ Michael, S/o.Chinnapaiyan, male, aged about 29 years. The detenu has been detained by the second respondent by his order in BCDFGISSSV No.418/2017 dated 13.07.2017, holding him to be a

"Goonda", as contemplated under Section 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982. The said order is under challenge in this Habeas Corpus Petition.

2. We have heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents. We have also perused the records produced by the Detaining Authority.

3. Though several grounds have been raised in the Habeas Corpus Petition, the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would mainly focus his argument on the ground that there is gross violation of procedural safeguards, which would vitiate the detention. The learned counsel, by placing authorities, submitted that the representation made by the petitioner was not considered on time and there was an inordinate and unexplained delay with regard to the same.

4. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor opposed the Habeas Corpus Petition. He would submit that though there was delay in considering the representation, on that score alone, the impugned detention order cannot be quashed. According to the learned Additional Public Prosecutor, no prejudice has been caused to the detenu and thus, there is no violation of the fundamental rights guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India.

5. The Detention Order in question was passed on 13.07.2017. The petitioner made a representation dated 03.08.2017 and the same was received on 04.08.2017. Thereafter, remarks were called for by the Government from the Detaining Authority on 04.08.2017. The remarks were duly received on 16.08.2017. Thereafter, the Government considered the matter and passed the order rejecting the petitioner's representation 11.09.2017.

6. It is the contention of the petitioner that there was a delay of 12 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority, of which 6 days were Government Holidays and hence there was an inordinate delay of 6 days in submitting the remarks. Thereafter, another delay of 26 days in considering the representation, of which 7 days were Government Holidays and hence there was an inordinate delay of 19 days in considering the representation.

7. In *Rekha vs. State of Tamil Nadu*, reported in 2011 (5) SCC 244, the Honourable Supreme Court has held that the procedural safeguards are required to be zealously watched and enforced by the Courts of law and their rigour cannot be allowed to be diluted on the basis of the nature of the alleged activities undertaken by the detenu.

8. In Sumaiya vs. The Secretary to Government, reported in 2007 (2) MWN (Cr.) 145, a Division Bench of this Court has held that the unexplained delay of three days in disposal of the representation made on behalf of the detenu would be sufficient to set aside the order of detention.

9. In Tara Chand vs. State of Rajasthan and others, reported in 1980 (2) SCC 321, the Honourable Supreme Court has held that any inordinate and unexplained delay on the part of the Government in considering the representation renders the very detention illegal.

10. In the subject case, admittedly, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of 6 days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority and 19 days in considering the representation. The impugned detention order is, therefore, liable to be quashed.

11. In the result, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and the order of detention in BCDFGISSSV No.418/2017 dated 13.07.2017, passed by the second respondent is set aside. The detenu, namely, Thiru.Delli @ Michael, S/o.Chinnapaiyan, male, aged about 29 years, is directed to be released forthwith unless his detention is required in connection with any other case. Given the nature of the case, this order will be communicated to the concerned Jail Superintendent by the Registrar General of this Court via Fax.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(CCC)

Dated: 27/11/2017

Corrected as per letter
dated 29/11/2017

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(CCC)

Dated: 29/11/2017

//True Copy//

Sub Assistant Registrar

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To

1.State of Tamil Nadu
Rep. by its Secretary
to the Government
Home Prohibition and Excise Dept.
Secretariat
Chennai 600 009.

Corrected to be
Substituted for the
Order already
despatched on 28.11.17

2.The Commissioner of Police
Greater Chennai Police
Vepery, Chennai 600 007

3.The Joint Secretary to Government
Public Law and Order Department
Government of Tamil Nadu
Fort St. George, Chennai-9.

4.The Superintendent,
Central Prison-II
Puzhal, Chennai
(In duplicate for communication to the detenu)

5.The Public Prosecutor,
Madras High Court,
Chennai.

+1cc to Mr.S.Karthiyayini Senthilvel, Advocate SR.No.84159

H.C.P.No.1493 of 2017

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