

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS**DATED: 11.08.2017****CORAM:****THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE M.S.RAMESH****Crl.O.P.No.4390 of 2017**

T.V.Narayanan

..

Petitioner

Vs.

The Inspector of Police,
CCB, Coimbatore.

..

Respondent

PRAYER: Criminal Original Petition filed under Section 482 Cr.P.C. praying to direct the respondent viz., Inspector of Police, CCB, Coimbatore to register the complaint dated 03.02.2015 of the petitioner in ref. No.C.No.51/INSP/CCB/2015 on the file of the respondent Police and investigate the same and file a final report within a time frame.

For Petitioner : M/s. A.A.V.Arun

For Respondent : Mr.P.Govindarajan
Additional Public Prosecutor.**ORDER**

This petition is filed seeking for a direction to the respondent Police, CCB, Coimbatore to register an FIR based on the

petitioner's complaint dated 03.02.2015 in Ref. No.C.No.51/INSP/CCB/2015 investigate the same and file a final report within a time frame.

2.Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner as well as the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing on behalf of the respondent.

3.The grievance of the petitioner is that inspite of a complaint given by him on 03.02.2015 to the respondent seeking for registering an FIR, the same has been kept in abeyance without any action. It is well settled in the judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in ***Lalita Kumari Vs. Government of Uttar Pradesh and others [2013 (6) CTC 353]***, that registration of an FIR is mandatory under Section 154 of the Code of Criminal Procedure if an information furnished to the police officer disclose commission of a cognizable offence and in cases where the information does not disclose a cognizable offence, a preliminary enquiry has to be conducted.

4.The respondent is not justified in having received the

complaint and keeping it unattended without any further action. In view of the same, the petitioner has made out a case for this Court to invoke its inherent powers under Section 482 of the Criminal Procedure Code. Hence, the respondent is directed as follows:

1) If the information received by the respondent discloses commission of a cognizable offence, then, the same shall be forthwith registered.

2) If an information received does not disclose a cognizable offence, the respondent shall conduct a preliminary inquiry to ascertain whether cognizable offence is disclosed therein or not and such inquiry shall be completed within a period of seven days from the date of information.

3) If the inquiry discloses the commission of a cognizable offence, the FIR must be registered.

4) If the preliminary inquiry ends in closing the complaint, the disclosure report must be recorded along with the reasonings and a copy of the same shall be furnished to the complainant within one week.

M.S.RAMESH.J,

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5)All information relating to cognizable offences whether resulting in registration of FIR or leading an inquiry must be reflected in the general diary/station diary/daily diary of the respondent's police station.

5.In the result, the Criminal Original Petition is allowed with the above directions.

11.08.2017

Index:Yes/No

dn/nl

To

1.The Inspector of Police,
CCB, Coimbatore.

2.The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Madras.

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