

NAFR

HIGH COURT OF CHHATTISGARH, BILASPUR

WPS No.422 of 2017

1. Lakhuram Kashyap S/o Mandhar Kashyap, Aged About 39 Years
R/o Village Ichhapur, Post Retawand, P.S. Bhanpuri, District Bastar,
(Chhattisgarh)
2. Chumman Singh Thakur, S/o Jai Singh Thakur, Aged About 39
Years R/o Village Mawaliguda, Post Khorkhosa, P.S. Bhanpuri,
District Bastar, (Chhattisgarh)
3. Mukund Singh Thakur, S/o Jai Singh Thakur, Aged About 41 Years
R/o Village Mawaliguda, Post Khorkhosa, P.S. Bhanpuri, District
Bastar, (Chhattisgarh)

---- Petitioners

Versus

1. State Of Chhattisgarh Through: The Secretary, Department Of
Panchayat And Rural Development Mahanadi Bhawan Mantralaya,
Naya Raipur, P.S. Rakhi, District Raipur, (Chhattisgarh)
2. The Secretary, Department Of Education Mahanadi Bhawan,
Mantralaya, Naya Raipur, P.S. Rakhi, District Raipur, (Chhattisgarh)
3. The Chief Executive Officer, District Panchayat Jagdalpur, District
Bastar (Chhattisgarh)
4. The Chief Executive Officer, Block Development Bastar, District
Bastar, (Chhattisgarh)

---- Respondents

For Petitioners	:	Mr. Pravin Kumar Tulsyan, Advocate
For State	:	Mr. Avinash Singh, Panel Lawyer

S.B.:Hon'ble Shri Justice Sanjay K. Agrawal

Order On Board

25/01/2017

1. Learned counsel for the petitioners submits that the petitioners are
entitled to be considered for promotion even though the petitioners have

been transferred from one Janpad Panchayat to other Janpad Panchayat. According to learned counsel for the petitioner, upon transfer from one Panchayat to other, in case where transfer has been affected on own request, it might result in loss of seniority, but for the purpose of considering eligibility for promotion, the total length of services rendered in earlier Panchayat has to be counted. He submits that this aspect has been decided by the Division Bench of this Court in Writ Appeal No.475 of 2015 (*Smt. Reeta Singh Vs. State of Chhattisgarh & Ors.*) and analogues appeal vide order dated 29.10.2015.

2. The order passed by the Division Bench in the aforesaid case, holds thus:-

“5. We have considered the submissions on behalf of the parties. Rule 27 of the Chhattisgarh Teacher (Panchayat) Cadre (Recruitment and Conditions of Service) Rules 2012 provides for request transfer in which event, loss of seniority only would follow at the transferred place of posting. The Learned Single Judge has correctly observed that loss of seniority due to request transfer and the eligibility to be considered for promotion by taking into account the earlier period of service before transfer were two separate issues and the latter had to be taken into consideration for determining eligibility to be considered for promotion as distinct from seniority.

6. Considering a similar issue with regard to calculation of the time period for grant of time bound promotion in a case relating to transfer upon request, it was observed in (1999) 2 Supreme Court Cases 119 (*Dwijen Chandra Sarkar v. Union of India*) as follows:

“17. On the facts of the present case and especially in view of the aforesaid decisions, we are of the view that when the transfer is in public interest and not on request, the two employees transferred cannot be in a worse position than those in the above rulings who have been transferred on request and who in those cases accepted that their names could

appear at the bottom of the seniority list. Even in cases relating to request transfers, this Court has held, as seen above, that the past service will count for eligibility for certain purposes though it may not count for seniority.

18. Hence the transfer order and circular concerned of 1983 which required that the past service should not count for seniority, cannot have any bearing on eligibility for time-bound promotion. Seniority and time bound promotions are different concepts, as stated above.

19. For the above reasons, we hold that the past service of the appellants is to be counted for the limited purpose of eligibility – for computing the number of years of qualifying service, to enable them to claim the higher grade under the Scheme of Time bound Promotions.”

3. The legal issue stands adjudicated by the Division Bench. It only requires application in the case of petitioner on its own facts. Therefore, in these circumstances, instead of keeping the matter pending, it would be appropriate to direct respondent No.3 to consider petitioners' representation with regard to his eligibility for being considered for promotion keeping in view the legal position adumbrated by the Division Bench in case of **Smt. Reeta Singh** (supra) and take decision on its own merit in accordance with law.
4. It is made clear that this Court has not expressed any opinion on the merits of the case and the respondent authorities may decide the representation on its own merits.
5. With the aforesaid observation, the petition stands finally disposed off.

Sd/-
(**Sanjay K. Agrawal**)
Judge