

IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA AT  
CHANDIGARH

TA No.933 of 2015

Date of decision: 25.04.2016

Sakshi @ Shakshi

... Applicant

Vs.

Jatinder Singh

... Respondent

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE RAMESHWAR SINGH MALIK

Present: Mr. R.D. Sharma, Advocate  
for the applicant.

None for the respondent.

1. Whether reporters of local papers may be allowed to see the judgment? YES/NO
2. To be referred to the reporters or not? YES/NO
3. Whether the judgment should be reported in the digest? YES/NO

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**RAMESHWAR SINGH MALIK, J. (ORAL)**

Through instant application under Section 24 of the Code of Civil Procedure, applicant-wife seeks transfer of a divorce petition filed by the respondent-husband from Gurdaspur to Pathankot.

Notice of motion was issued and in the meantime, further proceedings before the learned trial Court were stayed.

As per office report, service is complete. Called twice, but none has come present on behalf of the respondent-husband to contest the instant transfer application.

Heard learned counsel for the applicant.

It has gone undisputed before this Court that the applicant-wife is living with her widowed mother at her ancestral village in District

Pathankot. Neither the applicant-wife is having any regular source of income nor she is getting any amount of maintenance from the respondent-husband. Distance between Gurdaspur and Pathankot is about 50 kilometers.

In view of the abovesaid undisputed fact situation obtaining in the present case, this Court feels no hesitation to conclude that the present transfer application deserves to be allowed. It is so said because financial status of the wife, her source of income and distance between two places, besides the convenience of the wife, are some of the relevant considerations for deciding the transfer applications, like the present one.

The abovesaid view taken by this Court also finds support from the order dated 16.03.2016 passed by this Court in TA No.945 of 2015 (Sushma and others Vs. Kapil @ Sahil Bansal), which, in turn, was based on the judgments of the Hon'ble Supreme Court, as well as different High Courts, including this Court.

No other argument was raised.

Considering the peculiar facts and circumstances of the case noted above, coupled with the reasons aforementioned, this Court is of the considered view that instant transfer application deserves to be accepted and the same is hereby allowed. Divorce petition titled as Jatinder Singh Vs. Shakshi filed by the respondent-husband, is ordered to be transferred from Gurdaspur to Pathankot.

Accordingly, learned District Judge, Gurdaspur is directed to send the complete record of the abovesaid divorce petition, to the learned District Judge, Pathankot at an early date and in any case within a period of one month from the date of receipt of certified copy of this order.

Learned District Judge, Pathankot is also directed either to decide the case himself or assign it to the learned Court of competent jurisdiction for its early decision, in accordance with law.

With the abovesaid observations made and directions issued, instant transfer application stands disposed of, however, with no order as to costs.

**[ RAMESHWAR SINGH MALIK ]**  
**JUDGE**

25.04.2016  
*vishnu*