



WEB COPY

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BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED: 06.01.2016

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE P.R.SHIVAKUMAR
and
THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE V.S.RAVI

H.C.P(MD)No.1237 of 2015

Vijay

.. Petitioner

Vs.

1.The Secretary to Government,
State of Tamil Nadu
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Fort St.George, Chennai - 600 009.

2.The Commissioner of Police,
Office of the Commissioner of Police,
Madurai City, Madurai.

3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Madurai Central Prison,
Madurai District.

.. Respondents

PRAYER: Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying to call for the entire records connected with the detention order of the respondent No.2 in No.105/BCDFGISSSV/2015 dated 13.08.2015 and quash the same and direct the respondents to produce the detenu by name Vijay S/o. Kannan aged 23 years now detained at Madurai Central Prison before this Court and set him at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.R.Alagumani

For Respondents : Mr.A.Ramar,
Additional Public Prosecutor.

ORDER

[Order of the Court was made by **V.S.RAVI,J**]

The petitioner is the detenu, namely Vijay. He has been detained as per the order of the second respondent under Section 2(f) of the Tamilnadu Act 14 of 1982, branding him as "**Goonda**".

2.We have heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor for the respondents. We have also perused the records carefully.

<https://hcservices.ecourts.gov.in/hcservices> With several grounds have been raised in the Habeas Corpus Petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner would mainly focus his argument on the ground that there is violation of procedural



safeguards, which are guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India. The learned counsel would submit that the representations made by the petitioner were not considered on time and there was an inordinate and unexplained delay. The learned counsel has relied on few Judgments of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Based on the same, the learned counsel would plead for setting aside the detention order.

4. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor would, however, oppose this Habeas Corpus Petition. He would submit that though there was delay in considering the representations, on that score, the impugned detention order need not be interfered with, as on account of the said delay, no prejudice has been caused to the detenu and thus, there is no violation of the fundamental rights guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India.

5. We have considered the above submissions.

6. In this case, the Detention Order was passed on 13.08.2015. As against the same, the petitioner made two representations. In the first representation, the remarks were called for by the Government from the Detaining Authority on 24.08.2015. The remarks were received on 31.08.2015. Thereafter, the Government considered the issue and passed the order rejecting representation on 15.09.2015. It is the contention of the petitioner that there was delay of five days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority and there was delay of eight days on the part of the Government in considering the same.

7. Also, for the second representation, the remarks were called for by the Government from the Detaining Authority on 29.09.2015. The remarks were received on 05.10.2015. Thereafter, the Government considered the issue and passed the order rejecting representation on 16.10.2015. It is the contention of the petitioner that there was delay of three days in submitting the remarks by the Detaining Authority and there was delay of six days on the part of the Government in considering the same.

8. Now, the question is as to whether on that score, the impugned order can be quashed.

9. In **Rekha Vs. State of Tamil Nadu**, [2011 (5) SCC 244], the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that the right to life and liberty of a person is protected, under Article 21 of the Constitution of India. The Hon'ble Supreme Court has further held that the procedural safeguards are required to be zealously watched and enforced by the Courts of law and their rigour cannot be allowed to be diluted on the basis of the nature of the alleged activities of the detenu.

10. In **Sumaiya Vs. The Secretary to Government**, [2007 (2) MWN (Cr.) 145], a Division Bench of this Court has held that the unexplained delay of three days in disposal of the representation made on behalf of the detenu/detenu would be sufficient to set aside the detention order.



11. In **Tara Chand Vs. State of Rajasthan and others**, [1980 (2) SCC 321], the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that any inordinate and unexplained delay on the part of the Government in considering the representation renders the detention illegal. This dictum has been followed in several Judgments consistently by the Hon'ble Supreme Court as well as this Court.

12. Applying the said dictum laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court, if we look into the facts of the present case, undoubtedly, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of thirteen working days with regard to the first representation and nine working days with regard to the second representation and therefore, the impugned detention order is liable to be quashed.

13. In the result, this Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and the impugned Detention Order passed by the second respondent, in his proceedings in No.105/BCDFGISSSV/2015, dated 13.08.2015, is quashed. The petitioner/detenu, by name Vijay S/o.Kannan aged 23 years, is ordered to be set at liberty forthwith, if he is not required for detention in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(RTI)

/True Copy/

Sub Assistant Registrar

To

- 1.The Secretary to Government,
State of Tamil Nadu, Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Fort St.George, Chennai - 600 009.
- 2.The Commissioner of Police,
Office of the Commissioner of Police, Madurai City, Madurai.
- 3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Madurai Central Prison, Madurai District.
(In Duplicate to communicate the detenu)
- 4.The Joint Secretary to Government,
Public (Law and Order), Fort St.George, Chennai -9.
- 5.The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court, Madurai.

+1cc to Mr.R.Alagumani, Advocate, SR.No.1244

akm/11.01.2016/3p-8c/MP/PM/SAR-II

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