

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS
DATED 28.09.2016

CORAM

THE HONOURABLE Mr.JUSTICE P.N.PRAKASH

CRL.O.P.No.20853 of 2016

V.Sabarimani

.. Petitioner

Vs

1. The Commissioner of Police,
Greater Chennai,
Vepery, Chennai - 600 007.
2. The Asst. Commissioner of Police,
Greater Chennai,
Vepery, Chennai - 600 007.
3. The Inspector of Police,
Central Crime Branch,
Vepery, Chennai- 600 007. .. Respondents

Criminal Original Petition filed under Section 482 of Cr.P.C.,
praying to direct the respondents to register a case and investigate
the same according to law on the complaint dated 11.06.2016 given by
the petitioner on 16.06.2016 to the first respondent herein.

For Petitioner : Mr.M.Vijayakumaran

For Respondents : Mr.C.Emalias, APP

O R D E R

This petition has been filed to direct the 3rd respondent to
register the case on the complaint dated 11.06.2016 given by the
petitioner and investigate the same according to law.

2. In State of Punjab vs. Davinder Pal Singh Bhullar and
others [(2011) 14 SCC 770], the Supreme Court has held as under:

"63 Application under Section 482 Cr.P.C. lies before
the High Court against an order passed by the court subordinate
to it in a pending case/proceedings. Generally, such powers are
used for quashing criminal proceedings in appropriate cases. Such
an application does not lie to initiate criminal proceedings or
set the criminal law in motion. Inherent jurisdiction can be
exercised if the order of the Subordinate Court results in the
abuse of the "process" of the court and/or calls for interference
to secure the ends of justice. The use of word "process" implies
that the proceedings are pending before the Subordinate Court.

When reference is made to the phrase "to secure the ends of

justice", it is in fact in relation to the order passed by the Subordinate Court and it cannot be understood in a general connotation of the phrase. More so, while entertaining such application the proceedings should be pending in the Subordinate Court. In case it attained finality, the inherent powers cannot be exercised. The party aggrieved may approach the appellate/revisional forum. Inherent jurisdiction can be exercised if injustice is done to a party, e.g., a clear mandatory provision of law is overlooked or where different accused in the same case are being treated differently by the Subordinate Court. (emphasis supplied).

64 An inherent power is not an omnibus for opening a Pandora's box, that too for issues that are foreign to the main context. The invoking of the power has to be for a purpose that is connected to a proceeding and not for sprouting an altogether new issue. A power cannot exceed its own authority beyond its own creation."

3. Following the said judgment, this Court dismissed CrI.O.P. Nos.19197, 19198, 19343 and 19359 to 19363 of 2016 by a detailed order dated 27.09.2016.

4. In view of the above, this Criminal Original Petition is disposed of with liberty to the petitioner to follow the procedure laid down in the order dated 27.09.2016 passed by this Court in CrI.O.P. Nos. 19197, 19198, 19343 and 19359 to 19363 of 2016 and file a fresh petition, if necessary.

mrp

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar (CS-II)

/TRUE COPY/

Sub-Assistant Registrar

To

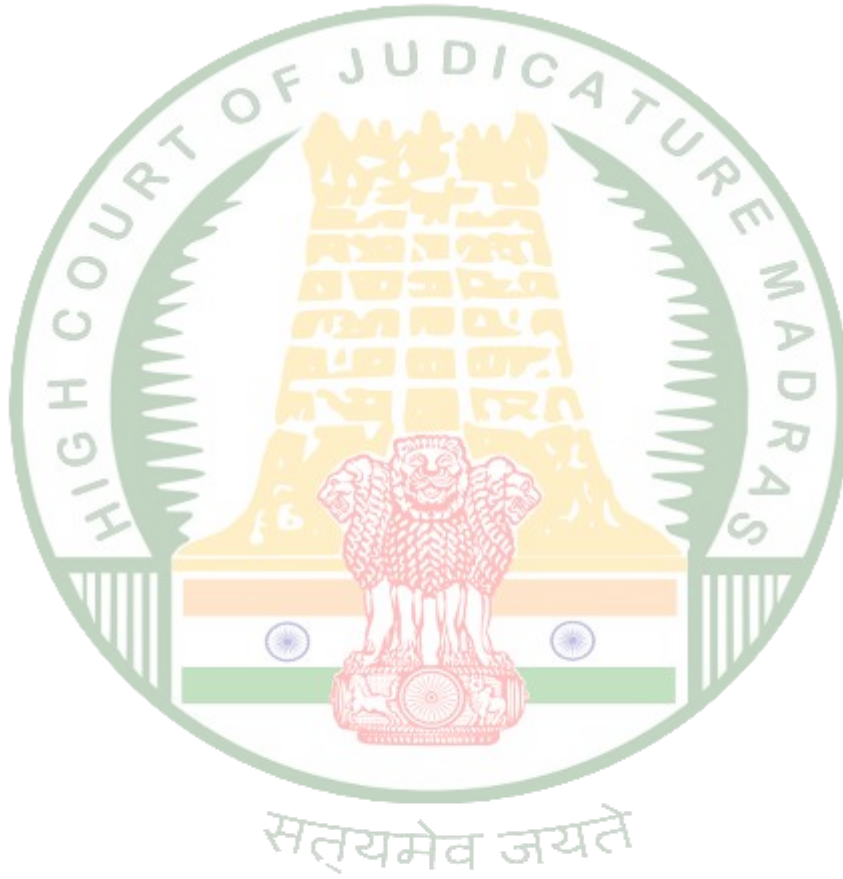
1. The Commissioner of Police,
Greater Chennai,
Vepery, Chennai - 600 007.
2. The Asst. Commissioner of Police,
Greater Chennai,
Vepery, Chennai - 600 007.
3. The Inspector of Police,
Central Crime Branch,
Vepery, Chennai- 600 007.

4.The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Madras.

+1CC to M/S.M.VIJAYA KUMARAN Advocate SR.NO.56324

CRL.OP.No.20853 of 2016

CRK[CO]
MK:20/10/2016



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