

CRL.O.P.No.15501 of 2016

S.VAIDYANATHAN, J.

Apprehending arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the alleged offences punishable under Sections 294(b), 323, 363, 506(i) of IPC in Crime No.189 of 2016 on the file of the respondent police, the petitioners, who are arrayed as A1 and A2 have come forward with this petition seeking anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution is that due to wordy quarrel, the petitioners abused the defacto complainant and hence, this complaint.

3. The learned counsel for the petitioners submitted the petitioners are innocent and they have been falsely implicated in this case.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl. Side) on instructions submitted that the injured has been discharged from the hospital.

5. Considering the facts and circumstances of the case and taking note of the fact that the injured has been discharged from the hospital, I am inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioners with the following conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioners are ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on their appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date of receipt of a copy of this order, before the **learned Judicial Magistrate No.2, Chidambaram**, on each of them executing a bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand Only) with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned and on further conditions that:

S.VAIDYANATHAN, J.

gv

[a] the 1st petitioner shall report before the respondent police daily at 10.30 a.m. for a period of two weeks and thereafter as and when required for interrogation. The 2nd petitioner being a lady shall report before the respondent police as and when required for interrogation.

[b] the petitioners shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[c] the petitioners shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[d] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioners in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioners released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

27.07.2016

gv

CRL.O.P.No.15501 of 2016