

CRL.O.P.No.14035 of 2016

S.VAIDYANATHAN,J.

Apprehending arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the alleged offences punishable under Sections 341, 294(b), 323, 324 and 506(i) IPC in Crime No.1040 of 2016 on the file of the respondent police, the petitioners have come forward with this petition seeking anticipatory bail.

2. Heard both sides.

3. The case of the prosecution is that on account of previous enmity between both sides in respect of playing cricket, the petitioners are alleged to have waylaid the defacto complainant and assaulted him. Hence, this complainant.

4. The learned counsel for the petitioners submitted that the petitioners are innocent persons and they are in no way connected with the alleged offence.

5. Learned Government Advocate (Crl. Side) would submit that the injured has been discharged from the hospital.

6. Considering the facts and circumstances of the case and taking note of the fact that the injured has been discharged from the hospital, I am inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioners.

7. Accordingly, the petitioners are ordered to be released on bail in the event of their arrest or appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date of receipt of a copy of this order, **before the V**

**S.VAIDYANATHAN,J.**

msr

**Metropolitan Magistrate, Egmore** on each of them executing a bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand Only) each with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the Magistrate concerned and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioners shall report before the respondent police daily at 10.30 a.m. for a period of two weeks and thereafter as and when required for interrogation.

[b] the petitioners shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[c] the petitioners shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[d] on breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioners in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioners released on bail by the Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

05.07.2016

msr

**CRL.O.P.No.14035 of 2016**