

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED: 05.04.2016

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE M.JAICHANDREN
AND
THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE S.NAGAMUTHU

HCP.No.3005/2015

Sathish Kumar

... Petitioner

Vs.

1.The Secretary to the Government,
Government of Tamil Nadu,
(Home), Prohibition and Excise Dept.,
Secretariat,
Fort St.George,
Chennai-600 009.

2.The Commissioner of Police,
Greater Chennai Police,
Chennai.

... Respondents

Prayer:- This Habeas Corpus Petition is filed, under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying to issue a WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS to call for the entire records connected with the order of the 2nd respondent herein Memo No.954/BCDFGISSSV/2015, dated 18.09.2015, against the detenu, namely, Sathish Kumar, son of Muniyandi, aged about 26 years, who is confined at Central Prison, Puzhal, Chennai, and set aside the same, consequently, direct the respondents herein to produce the body and person of the detenu before this Court and set him at liberty forthwith.

For Petitioner : Mr.D.Magesh

For Respondents : Mr.M.Maharaja, Addl.P.P.

ORDER

(Order of the Court was made by M.JAICHANDREN,J.)

This Habeas Corpus Petition is filed, by the mother of the detenu, namely, Sathish Kumar, aged 26 years, son of Muniyandi, to issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus, to call for the records, in BCDFGISSSV/No.954/2015, dated 18.09.2015, passed by the 2nd Respondent, detaining the detenu, under Section 3 (1) of the Tamil Nadu Prevention of Dangerous Activities of

Bootleggers, Drug Offenders, Forest Offenders, Goondas, Immoral Traffic Offenders, Sand Offenders, Slum Grabbers and Video Pirates Act, 1982 (Tamil Nadu Act 14/1982) the Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982, branding him as a "Goonda", in the Central Prison, Puzhal II, Chennai and to quash the same and to direct the Respondents to produce the body of the detenu and set him at liberty forthwith.

2. Though several grounds have been raised in this Habeas Corpus Petition, Mr.D.Magesh, the learned counsel for the petitioner has assailed the impugned detention order only on the ground of non-supply of copy of the bail order granted in similar case, referred to in the grounds of detention, for arriving at the subjective satisfaction that there is likelihood of the detenu coming out on bail, which has affected the constitutional right of making an effective and purposeful representation to the authorities concerned, thereby vitiating the detention.

3. Per contra, Mr.M.Maharaja, the learned Additional Public Prosecutor would submit that the impugned detention order has been passed on cogent and sufficient materials and there is no illegality or infirmity in the impugned order of detention. However, he submitted that the copy of the bail application was not supplied to the detenu.

4. We have given our careful and anxious consideration to the rival submissions put forward by the learned counsel on either side and thoroughly scanned through the impugned detention order and the entire materials available on record.

5. It is seen from paragraph 4 of the Grounds of Detention that in similar case, the accused was released on bail in CrI.M.P.No.6051 of 2014, on the file of the learned Principal Sessions Judge, Chennai, in Cr.No.288/2014, under Sections 341, 294(b), 324, 323, 307, 336 and 506(ii) of the Indian Penal Code. On a perusal of the Book-let furnished by the Prosecution, it is seen that it does not contain the copy of the said bail order granted in similar case. The said bail order granted in similar case was a document relied upon by the Detaining Authority to come to a subjective satisfaction that the detenu was likely to be released on bail. Admittedly, such a document has not been supplied to the detenu, as it did not form part of the Paper Book furnished by the Prosecution. Therefore, non supply of the copy of the bail application in similar case to the detenu would vitiate the impugned detention order.

6. The Honourable Supreme Court in M.Ahamed Kutty Vs. Union of India and another (1990-2-SCC-1) has observed thus:-

"7. Considering the facts in the instant case, the bail application and the bail order were vital

materials for consideration. If those were not considered the satisfaction of the detaining authority itself would have been impaired and if those had been considered, they would be documents relied on by the detaining authority though not specifically mentioned in the annexure to the order of detention and those ought to have formed part of the documents supplied to the detenu with the grounds of detention and without them the grounds themselves could not be said to have been complete. We have, therefore, no alternative but to hold that it amounted to denial of the detenu's right to make an effective representation and that it resulted in violation of Article 22(5) of the Constitution of India rendering the continued detention of the detenu illegal and entitling the detenu to be set at liberty in this case." (Emphasis added)."

7. This court in *Jarinabegam Vs. State of Tamil Nadu* by Secretary to Government, Prohibition and Exercise Department, Chennai and another (2007-1-MLJ-Crl-18) relying upon the decision of the Honourable Supreme Court cited supra has held that non supply of a copy of the bail order to the detenu has the effect of vitiating the order or detention.

8. As already analysed by us, in the facts and circumstances of the present case, non-supply of the copy of the bail order granted in similar case to the detenu has the effect of vitiating the impugned detention order. Further, due to non supply of such a vital document, the detenu has lost valuable right to make an effective representation to the authorities concerned.

9. In the light of the above said principles laid down by the Honourable Supreme Court and for the reasons stated above, the impugned order of detention is vitiated and the same is liable to be quashed.

10. In the result, this Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The impugned detention order is set aside. The detenu is directed to be released forthwith, unless his presence is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(CS-IV)

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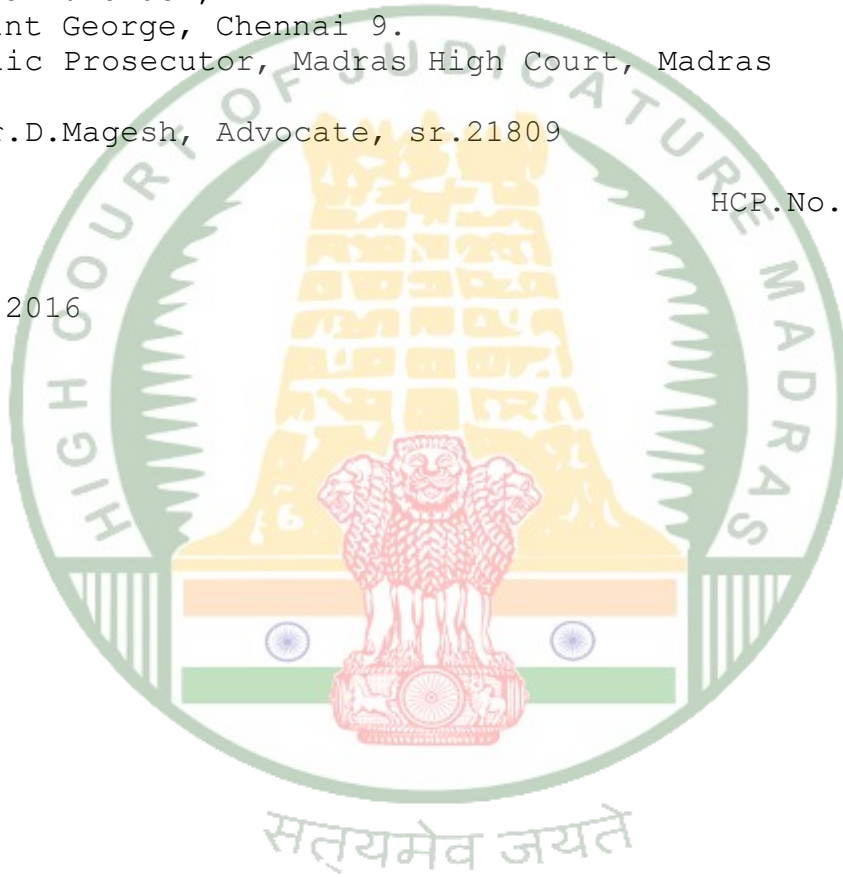
Sub Assistant Registrar

To:

- 1.The State of Tamil Nadu by its Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition & Excise Department, Fort St.George,
Chennai 600009
 2. The Commissioner of Police,
Greater Chennai Police,
Chennai.
 - 3.The Superintendent of Prison,
Central Prison, Puzhal.
 - 4.The Joint Secretary to Government
Public Law & Order,
Fort Saint George, Chennai 9.
 - 5.The Public Prosecutor, Madras High Court, Madras
- 1 cc to Mr.D.Magesh, Advocate, sr.21809

HCP.No.3005/2015

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