

IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA AT CHANDIGARH

CWP No. 20121 of 2014

Date of Decision: 21.7.2015

Chander Kalan and others

....Petitioners.

Versus

State of Haryana and others

...Respondents.

**CORAM:- HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE AJAY KUMAR MITTAL.
HON'BLE MRS. JUSTICE REKHA MITTAL.**

PRESENT: Mr. Sanjay Mittal, Advocate for the petitioners.

Ms. Palika Monga, Deputy Advocate General, Haryana.

AJAY KUMAR MITTAL, J.

1. In this petition filed under Articles 226/227 of the Constitution of India, the petitioners have prayed for issuance of a writ in the nature of certiorari for quashing the notifications dated 27.1.2003 (Annexure P-7) issued under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (in short "the Act"), dated 23.1.2004 (Annexure P-8) under Section 6 of the Act, the award dated 20.1.2006 (Annexure P-10) vide which their land was acquired, letter dated 19.1.2006 (Annexure P-9) passed by respondent No.5 vide which 4.08 acres of land has been released in favour of the private persons and for quashing the notification dated 27.3.2006 (Annexure P-15) under Section 48 of the Act.

2. The petitioners are owners in possession of the land situated on Rewari-Delhi-Jaipur road and have constructed their

residential houses thereon. Government of Haryana issued a notification dated 27.1.2003 (Annexure P-7) under Section 4 of the Act followed by notification dated 23.1.2004 (Annexure P-8) under Section 6 of the Act for acquisition of land including the land of the petitioners for the development and utilization of land as residential and commercial, Sectors 18, 19 and 29 Part, commercial Sector 17, Part at Rewari. The petitioners filed objections under Section 5-A of the Act. Respondent No.5 vide letter dated 19.1.2006 (Annexure P-9) released 4.08 acres of land in favour of private persons. The award was passed on 20.1.2006 (Annexure P-10). State of Haryana also released some other land measuring 70 acres relating to villages Rewari and Dhaliawas vide notification dated 27.3.2006 (Annexure P-15) issued under Section 48 of the Act. They are still in physical possession of the land in question. No compensation has been paid to them. According to the petitioners, the acquisition proceedings have lapsed in view of Section 24(2) of the Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "2013 Act"). Hence, the present writ petition.

3. Learned counsel for the petitioners submitted that the petitioners are in physical possession of the land in dispute and compensation has not been paid to them. It was claimed that in such circumstances, in view of Section 24(2) of the 2013 Act, the notifications under Sections 4 and 6 of the Act had lapsed. It was further submitted that since no demand notice claiming the relief as claimed in respect of lapse of notifications has been filed with the respondents, liberty be granted to the petitioners to file a detailed and comprehensive representation before the appropriate authority by incorporating the

grievance as raised in the present writ petition, however, direction be issued to the authority concerned to decide the representation expeditiously in a time bound manner in accordance with law.

4. After hearing learned counsel for the parties, perusing the present petition and without expressing any opinion on the merits of the case, we dispose of the present petition by granting liberty to the petitioners to file a detailed and comprehensive representation raising all the pleas as raised in the present writ petition before the appropriate authority. It is directed that in the event of a representation being filed by the petitioners within a period of two months from today, the same shall be decided in accordance with law by passing a speaking order and after affording an opportunity of hearing to them within a period of four months from the date of receipt of representation. The petitioners shall be entitled to lead any evidence to substantiate their claim before the concerned authority. Till the matter is decided by the said authority, status quo shall be maintained by the parties. It is, however, made clear that in case no such representation is filed within the stipulated period as noticed above, the interim order shall cease to operate, thereafter.

(AJAY KUMAR MITTAL)
JUDGE

July 21, 2015
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(REKHA MITTAL)
JUDGE