

IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA AT CHANDIGARH

203

CRM-M No.43227 of 2014

Date of Decision:29.01.2015

Karanvir Singh

.....Petitioner

Versus

State of Punjab

.....Respondent

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE MEHINDER SINGH SULLAR.

**Present: Mr.Manbir Singh Basra, Advocate,
for the petitioner.**

**Mr.Jaspreet Singh Sekhon, Assistant Advocate General,
Punjab, for the respondent-State.**

MEHINDER SINGH SULLAR, J.(oral)

The petitioner has preferred the instant petition for the grant of concession of anticipatory bail in a case registered against him along with his other co-accused, vide FIR No.40 dated 28.06.2014, on accusation of having committed the offences punishable under Sections 323, 324, 427, 201, 34 IPC and Sections 25 & 27 of The Arms Act, by the police of Police Station Sanaur, District Patiala.

2. Notice of the petition was issued to the State.

3. After hearing the learned counsel for the parties, going through the record with their valuable help and considering the entire matter deeply, to my mind, the present petition for anticipatory bail deserves to be accepted in this context.

4. During the course of preliminary hearing, the following order was passed on January 13, 2015 by this Court:-

“Learned counsel, inter alia, contended that all the injuries attributed to the petitioner are simple in nature as during the course of investigation, the police has already deleted the offence punishable under Section 326, IPC.

Adjourned to 29.01.2015 for arguments, at the request of learned counsel for the petitioner.

Meanwhile, the petitioner is directed to join the investigation before the next date of hearing. In the event of his arrest, the Arresting Officer would admit him to bail on his furnishing adequate bail and surety bonds in the sum of Rs.25,000/- to his satisfaction.”

5. At the very outset, on instructions from ASI Kamaljeet Singh, learned State Counsel has acknowledged the factual matrix and submitted that the petitioner has already joined the investigation. He is no longer required for further interrogation, at this stage. There is no history of his previous involvement in any other criminal case. Moreover, all the offences alleged against the accused are triable by the Court of Magistrate. Even, since the prosecution has not yet submitted the final police report(challan) against the accused, so, the conclusion of trial will naturally take a long time.

6. In the light of aforesaid reasons, taking into consideration the peculiar facts & the special circumstances, emanating from the record, as discussed here-in-above and without commenting further anything on merits, lest it may prejudice the case of either side during the course of trial of the main case, the instant petition for anticipatory bail is accepted. The interim bail already granted to the petitioner, by means of indicated order of this Court, is hereby made absolute, subject to the compliance of the conditions, as contemplated under Section 438(2) Cr.P.C.

Needless to mention that, nothing observed here-in-above,

would reflect, on merits in the trial of the case, in any manner, as the same has been so recorded for a limited purpose of deciding the present petition for pre-arrest bail. At the same time, in case, the petitioner does not cooperate or join the investigation, the prosecution would be at liberty to move a petition for cancellation of his bail in this Court.

January 29, 2015
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(**MEHINDER SINGH SULLAR**)
JUDGE